

Before Installation

- Install master valves, pressure regulators and backflow preventers as needed.
- A pressure regulator is required if water pressure exceeds 150 PSI (recommended over 80 PSI).
- Inline valves require a separate backflow preventer in the main line. Check local building codes.
- Flush the system thoroughly until water runs clear.
- Shut off the main water supply. •

Connect Valve to Pipes



Apply PTFE thread-seal tape to the male threads on the adapters, screw into the valve and hand-tighten (do not use PVC glue or pipe dope on adapter threads).



2 Apply primer and then PVC cement to the ends of the pipe and inside the adapters per manufacturer's instructions.

Ensure the valve arrows face in the direction of water flow, and push valve onto inlet and outlet pipes until secure. Follow PVC cement instructions for cure time.



Connect Valve Wires



NOTE: Use watertight connectors and direct burial wire for all connections.

Connect one solenoid wire to a common wire (usually white). All valves can share the same common wire.



2 Connect the second solenoid wire to a power wire (usually colored).



Valve Operation

Manual Operation:



1 Manual on: Turn the solenoid counter-clockwise 1/4 turn. Do not unscrew completely. To close, hand tighten clockwise.



2 Flow control (select models only): Turn clockwise to restrict flow. Turn counter-clockwise to open flow.

3 Flush valve to clear debris: Turn the bleed screw counter-clockwise ONLY 1 turn. Flush one minute and turn clockwise to close.

First Use:



4 Open the main water supply and flush one minute with bleed screw to clear debris.

5 Test wiring by using the Manual Water feature on the irrigation controller.





Pressure Loss Chart



Operating Ranges

	075-CP / 075-CPF	100-CP / 100-CPF
Flow ²	0.2 - 22 GPM	0.2 - 40 GPM
Pressure	15 - 150 PSI	15 - 150 PSI

NOTE: For flows below 3 GPM (0.75 m3/h), or ! any drip application, use a 200 mesh filter upstream and a pressure regulating filter downstream from the valve. 40 psi for 1" and 30 psi for 3/4" drip lines.

Troubleshooting

Symptom	Solution	
Valve Won't Turn On when Solenoid is Turned	Make sure flow control is open (select	
	models)	
	Check that main water supply is on	
	Make sure piping is connected properly and	
	not blocked	
Valve Won't Turn On at the Timer	Verify timer settings are correct	
	Check and repair wiring and connections as	
	needed	
	Check and replace valve solenoid as need-	
	ed	
	Verify timer power output	
Valve Won't Shut-off	Verify timer settings are correct	
	Hand tighten solenoid and bleed screw if	
	needed	
	Incorrect timer settings	
Valve Won't Turn On at the Valve	Check wiring	
	Check solenoid	
	Timer not supplying power to the valve	
	Make sure the Flow Control stem is not	
	turned all the way closed	
Leaks at sprinkler heads	Clear debris by opening the bleed screw	
	and flushing 1 minute	
	Remove and clean the diaphragm. Replace	
	if needed.	
Leaks around the valve	Check pipe fittings connection and glue,	
	repair or replace as needed	
	Hand tighten solenoid and bleed screw if	
	needed	
	If vacuum breaker is leaking (anti-siphon	
	models) remove cap, gasket, and internal	
	piston gasket to clean and reassemble	
	Turn off main water supply, relieve pressure	
	on the valve by opening the bleed screw	
	and tighten the jar top bonnet	

NOTE: During winter, shutdown and drain the ! system to protect valves from freezing. Failure to properly drain the lines can result in damage to the valves, which is not covered under the customer satisfaction policy.



Rain Bird Corporation

Consumer Products Division 6991 East Southpoint Rd. Bldg #1 Tucson, AZ 85756 Tel.: 1-800-RAINBIRD (800-724-6247) www.rainbird.com

Questions?

In the USA or Canada, call Rain Bird toll free Technical Support at **1-800-724-6247** or visit our valves support web site



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