WARNING
This appliance is equipped for natural or propane gas. Field conversion is not permitted.

CAUTION—FOR YOUR SAFETY

WARNING: If the information in this manual is not followed exactly, a fire or explosion may result causing property damage, personal injury, or loss of life.

- Do not store or use gasoline or other flammable vapors and liquids in the vicinity of this or any other appliance.
- WHAT TO DO IF YOU SMELL GAS:
  - Do not try to light any appliance.
  - Do not touch any electrical switch; do not use any phone in your building.
  - Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor’s phone. Follow the gas supplier’s instructions.
  - If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.
- Installation and service must be performed by a qualified installer, service agency, or the gas supplier.

This is an unvented gas-fired heater. It uses air (oxygen) from the room in which it is installed. Provisions for adequate combustion and ventilation air must be provided. Refer to the AIR FOR COMBUSTION AND VENTILATION section on page 8 of this manual.

This appliance may be installed in an aftermarket, permanently located, manufactured (mobile) home, where not prohibited by local codes. This appliance is only for use with the type gas indicated on the rating plate. This appliance is not convertible for use with other gases.

INSTALLER: Leave this manual with the appliance.
CONSUMER: Retain this manual for future reference.
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Specifications

⚠️ WARNING Read this entire manual and all operating instructions before operating this heater.

IMPORTANT: Read all instructions and warnings carefully before starting installation. Failure to follow these instructions may result in possible injury to persons or a fire hazard and will void the warranty.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model #</th>
<th>REM-B100LT-F</th>
<th>REM-B100NT-F</th>
<th>REM-B200LT-F</th>
<th>REM-B200NT-F</th>
<th>REM-B300LT-F</th>
<th>REM-B300NT-F</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Max. Input Rating (BTU/Hr)</td>
<td>10,000</td>
<td>20,000</td>
<td>30,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Min. Input Rating (BTU/Hr) (Min.)</td>
<td>6,750</td>
<td>13,000</td>
<td>19,750</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gas Type</td>
<td>LP/Propane</td>
<td>Natural</td>
<td>LP/Propane</td>
<td>Natural</td>
<td>LP/Propane</td>
<td>Natural</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ignition Type</td>
<td>Piezo</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Inlet Gas Pressure**

Maximum
- REM-B100LT-F: 14 in. W.C.
- REM-B100NT-F: 7 in. W.C.
- REM-B200LT-F: 14 in. W.C.
- REM-B200NT-F: 7 in. W.C.
- REM-B300LT-F: 14 in. W.C.
- REM-B300NT-F: 7 in. W.C.

Minimum*
- REM-B100LT-F: 11 in. W.C.
- REM-B100NT-F: 5 in. W.C.
- REM-B200LT-F: 11 in. W.C.
- REM-B200NT-F: 5 in. W.C.
- REM-B300LT-F: 11 in. W.C.
- REM-B300NT-F: 5 in. W.C.

*For Purpose of Input Adjustment

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model #</th>
<th>REM-R150LM-F</th>
<th>REM-R180NM-F</th>
<th>REM-R280LT-F</th>
<th>REM-R300NT-F</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Input Rating (BTU/Hr)</td>
<td>15,000</td>
<td>18,000</td>
<td>28,000</td>
<td>29,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gas Type</td>
<td>LP/Propane</td>
<td>Natural</td>
<td>LP/Propane</td>
<td>Natural</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ignition Type</td>
<td>Piezo</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Inlet Gas Pressure**

Maximum
- REM-R150LM-F: 14 in. W.C.
- REM-R180NM-F: 11 in. W.C.
- REM-R280LT-F: 14 in. W.C.
- REM-R300NT-F: 11 in. W.C.

Minimum*
- REM-R150LM-F: 11 in. W.C.
- REM-R180NM-F: 7 in. W.C.
- REM-R280LT-F: 11 in. W.C.
- REM-R300NT-F: 7 in. W.C.

*For Purpose of Input Adjustment

Safety Information

IMPORTANT: Read this owner’s manual carefully and completely before trying to assemble, operate, or service this heater. Improper use of this heater can cause serious injury or death from burns, fire, explosion, electrical shock, and carbon monoxide poisoning.

Only a qualified installer, service agent, or local gas supplier may install and service this product.

WARNING CARBON MONOXIDE POISONING: Early signs of carbon monoxide poisoning resemble the flu with headaches, dizziness, or nausea. If you have these signs, the heater may not be working properly. Get fresh air immediately, and have the heater serviced. Some people are more affected by carbon monoxide than others: pregnant women, people with heart or lung disease, people who are anemic, those under the influence of alcohol, and those living in high altitudes.

NATURAL AND PROPANE/LP GAS: Natural and propane/LP gases are odorless. An odor-making agent is added to the gas. The odor helps you detect a gas leak. However, the odor added to the gas can fade. Gas may be present even though no odor exists. Make certain you read and understand all warnings. Keep this manual for reference. It is your guide to operating this heater safely.

WARNING:

• Due to high temperatures, the heater should be located out of traffic and away from furniture and draperies.

• The heater becomes very hot when operating. Children and adults should be alerted to the hazard of high surface temperature and should stay away to avoid burns or clothing ignition. The heater will remain hot for a time after shutoff.

• Allow surfaces to cool before touching.

• Young children should be carefully supervised when they are in the same room with the appliance.

• Do not place clothing or other flammable material on or near the heater. Never place any objects in the heater.

• Installation and repair should be done by a qualified service person. The heater should be inspected before use and at least annually by a professional service person. More frequent cleaning may be required due to excessive lint from carpeting, bedding material, etc. It is imperative that control compartments, burners, and circulating air passageways of the heater be kept clean.

• Any safety screen or guard removed for servicing an appliance must be replaced prior to operating the heater.

• Any change to this heater or its controls can be dangerous.

• Do not use any accessories not approved for use with this heater.

• Keep the heater area clear and free from combustible materials, gasoline, and other flammable vapors and liquids.

• This appliance is intended for supplemental heating.

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65: Fuels used in gas or oil fired heaters and the products of combustion of such fuels contain chemicals known to the state of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm. This product contains chemicals, including lead and lead compounds, known to the state of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm. Wash hands after handling.
WARNING:

• This heater must only be used with the type of gas indicated on the rating label. This heater is not convertible for use with other gases.

• Do not place propane/LP supply tank(s) inside any structure. Place propane/LP supply tank(s) outdoors.

• If you smell gas, do the following:
  • Shut off the gas supply;
  • Do not try to light any appliance;
  • Do not touch any electrical switch, and do not use any phone in your building;
  • Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor’s phone. Follow the gas supplier’s instructions. If you cannot reach your gas supplier, contact the fire department.

• Before using furniture polish, wax, carpet cleaner, or similar products, turn the heater off. If heated, the vapors from these products may create a white powder residue within the burner box or on adjacent walls or furniture.

• This heater must never be installed in a bedroom or bathroom.

• This heater needs fresh air ventilation to run properly and safely. This heater has an Oxygen Depletion Sensing (ODS) safety shutoff system. The ODS shuts down the heater if not enough fresh air is available. See AIR FOR COMBUSTION AND VENTILATION, page 8. If the heater keeps shutting off, see the TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE, page 26.

• Do not run the heater:
  • Where flammable liquids or vapors are used or stored;
  • Under dusty conditions.

• Do not use this heater to cook food or burn anything.

• Do not use the heater if any part has been under water. Before use, call a qualified service technician to inspect the heater and replace any part of the control system and/or gas control that has been under water.

• Turn off and let the heater cool before servicing. Only a qualified service person should service and repair the heater.

• Operating the heater above elevations of 4,500 feet may cause pilot outage.

• To prevent performance problems, do not use propane/LP fuel tank of less than 100 lb. capacity.

• Provide adequate clearances around air openings.
**Safety Information (cont.)**

**QUALIFIED INSTALLING AGENCY:** Only a qualified agency should install and replace gas piping, gas utilization equipment, or accessories, and/or repair and service such equipment. “Qualified agency” means any entity that either in person or through a representative is engaged in and is responsible for:

- Installing, testing, or replacing gas piping; or
- Connecting, installing, testing, repairing, or servicing equipment; is experienced in such work; is familiar with all precautions required; and has complied with all the requirements of the authority having jurisdiction.

**WARNING** Failure to position the parts in accordance with these diagrams or failure to use only parts specifically approved with this heater may result in property damage or personal injury.

Before beginning assembly or operation of this heater, ensure all parts are present. Check the parts against the package contents list. If any part is missing or damaged, do not attempt to assemble, install, or operate the heater. Contact customer service for replacement parts.

**Estimated Assembly Time:** 1 to 2 hours

**Tools Required for Assembly (not included, unless otherwise stated):**

Before installing the heater, ensure you have the following:

- Hardware package (included)
- Approved flexible gas hose if allowed by local codes
- Sealant (resistant to natural or propane/LP gas)
- Electric drill with 3/16" drill bit
- Phillips screwdriver
- External regulator (supplied by installer if required)
- Piping (check local codes)
- Equipment shutoff valve
- Test gauge connection
- Sediment trap
- Tee joint
- Pipe wrench
- 3/8" NPT to 3/8" flare fitting

**UNPACKING**

1. Remove heater and base from the carton.
2. Remove all protective packaging used on the heater.
3. Inspect the items for shipping damage. If you notice any damage, contact the dealer where the heater was purchased.
Product Identification

Models:
REM-B300LT-F / REM-B200LT-F / REM-B100LT-F /
REM-B300NT-F / REM-B200NT-F / REM-B100NT-F

Models:
REM-R280LT-F / REM-R300NT-F / REM-R150LM-F / REM-R180NM-F

SAFETY PILOT
This heater has a pilot with an Oxygen Depletion Sensing (ODS) safety shutoff system. The ODS/pilot shuts off the heater if there is not enough fresh air and cuts off the main burner gas in the event of flame out.

THERMOSTAT HEAT CONTROL
The control automatically cycles the burner on and off to maintain a desired room temperature (see page 21). When used as a vented decorative appliance, use of the thermostat function is prohibited. Operate manually only.

LEG KIT (Select models)
Two (2) support legs and four (4) support leg screws are included for floor mounting the heater. See page 14. NOTE: This is an optional accessory and is not required for operation of the heater.

FAN KIT (Select models)
The fan kit helps to distribute the warmed air into the space more rapidly. NOTE: This is an optional accessory and is not required for operation of the heater.
General Preparation

LOCAL CODES
Install and use the heater with care. Follow all local codes. The installation must conform with local codes or, in the absence of local codes, with the latest edition of The National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54*.

*Available from:
1430 Broadway 1 Batterymarch Park
New York, NY 10018 Quincy, MA 02269-9101

This heater is designed for vent-free operation. State and local codes in some areas prohibit the use of vent-free heaters.

State of Massachusetts: The installation must be made by a licensed plumber or gas fitter in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. Sellers of unvented propane or natural gas-fired supplemental room heaters shall provide to each purchaser a copy of 527 CMR 30 upon sale of the unit.

In the State of Massachusetts, unvented propane or natural gas-fired space heaters are prohibited in bedrooms and bathrooms.

The installation of appliances designed for manufactured home (U.S. only) or mobile home installation must conform with the Standard CAN/CSA Z240 MH, Mobile Housing, in Canada, or with the Manufactured Home Construction and Safety Standard, Title 24 CFR, Part 3280, in the United States, or when such a standard is not applicable, ANSI/NCSBCS A225.1/NFPA 501A, Manufactured Home Installations Standard.
Preparing for Installation

**WATER VAPOR IS A BY-PRODUCT OF UNVENTED ROOM HEATERS**

Gas combustion creates water vapor as a by-product. Unvented room heaters create about one (1) ounce (30 ml) of water for every 1,000 BTUs (0.3 kW) of gas input per hour. An unvented room heater is recommended as a supplemental heat source for a single room rather than as a primary heat source for an entire house. The water vapor does not typically create a problem. In most cases, the water vapor enhances the low humidity conditions that are typical of cold weather.

Keep these points in mind so that the water vapor does not create a problem:

- The heater must be the proper size for the application. Provide adequate combustion air and circulation air.
- In humid environments, use a dehumidifier to help lower the amount of water vapor in the air.
- Do not use an unvented room heater as your primary heat source.

**AIR FOR COMBUSTION AND VENTILATION**

This heater shall not be installed in a room or space unless the required volume of indoor combustion air is provided by the method described in the *National Fuel Gas Code*, ANS Z223.1/NFPA 54, the *International Fuel Gas Code*, or applicable local codes.

**PRODUCING ADEQUATE VENTILATION**

Spaces in homes can be divided into these ventilation classifications:

- Unusually Tight Construction
- Unconfined Space
- Confined Space

The information on pages 8–10 will help you classify your space and provide adequate ventilation.

**Confined and Unconfined Space:**

A confined space has a volume less than 50 cu. ft. per 1,000 BTU/hr (4.8 m³ per kW) of the total input rating of all appliances installed in that space. An unconfined space has a volume not less than 50 cu. ft. per 1,000 BTU/hr (4.8 m³ per kW) of the total input rating of all appliances installed in that space. Rooms that are directly connected to the space in which the appliances are installed*, through openings that do not have doors, are considered a part of the unconfined space.

Do not install this heater in a confined space or unusually tight construction unless you provide provisions for adequate combustion and ventilation air.

*Adjoining rooms are directly connected only if there are doorless passageways or ventilation grills between them.

**Unusually Tight Construction:**

Doors and windows may leak air that provides enough fresh air for combustion and ventilation. However, you must provide additional fresh air in buildings of unusually tight construction. Unusually tight construction is defined as construction that meets the following criteria:

A. Walls and ceilings exposed to the outside atmosphere have a continuous water vapor retarder with a rating of one perm (6x10-11kg per pa-sec-m2) or less with openings that are gasketed or sealed.

B. Doors and windows that can be opened have weather stripping.

C. Caulking or sealants are applied to areas such as joints around window and door frames; between sole plates and floors; between wall-ceiling joints; between wall panels; at penetrations for plumbing, electrical, and gas lines; and at other openings.

If your residence meets all the above criteria, additional fresh air must be provided. See VENTILATION AIR FROM OUTDOORS on page 10 for more information. If your residence does not meet those three criteria, continue to DETERMINING FRESH-AIR FLOW FOR THE HEATER LOCATION.
Preparing for Installation (cont.)

DETERMINING FRESH-AIR FLOW FOR THE HEATER LOCATION

Determining if You Have a Confined or Unconfined Space:
Use the below information to determine if you have a confined or unconfined space. Your space includes the room in which you will install the heater plus any other rooms that are directly connected and have doorless passageways or ventilation grills between the rooms.

1. Determine the volume of the space. Length × Width × Height = cu. ft. (volume of space)
   • Example: 20 ft. (length) × 16 ft. (width) × 8 ft. (ceiling height) = 2560 cu. ft. (volume of space)
     If additional ventilation to adjoining room(s) is supplied with grills or openings, add the volume of these rooms to the total volume of your space.

2. Divide the space’s volume by 50 cu. ft. to determine the maximum BTU/hr the space can support.
   _______ (volume of space) ÷ 50 cu. ft. = (maximum BTU/hr the space can support)
   • Example: 2560 cu. ft. (volume of space) ÷ 50 cu. ft. = 51.2 or 51,200 (maximum BTU/hr the space can support)

3. Add the BTU/hr of all fuel burning appliances in the space:
   Example:
   Gas heater _______BTU/hr Gas water heater 40,000 BTU/hr
   Other gas appliances*+ ____BTU/hr Vent-free heater + 30,000 BTU/hr
   Total = ____BTU/hr Total = 70,000 BTU/hr
   *Do not include direct-vent gas appliances. Direct-vent appliances draw combustion air from outdoors and vent to the outdoors.

4. Compare the maximum BTU/hr the space can support with the actual amount of BTU/hr used:
   _______ BTU/hr (maximum the space can support)
   _______ BTU/hr (actual amount of BTU/hr used).
   • Example : 51,200 BTU/hr (maximum the space can support) 70,000 BTU/hr (actual amount of BTU/hr used)
     The space in the above example is a confined space because the actual BTU/hr used is more than the maximum BTU/hr the space can support. You must provide additional fresh air. Your options are as follows:
     A. Add the space of an adjoining room and rework the above information. If the extra space creates an unconfined space, remove the door to the adjoining room or add ventilation grills between rooms. See VENTILATION AIR FROM INSIDE A BUILDING, page 10.
     B. Vent the room directly to the outdoors. See VENTILATION AIR FROM OUTDOORS, page 10.
     C. Install a heater that uses less BTUs/hr if the lower BTUs/hr creates an unconfined space. If the actual BTU/hr used is less than the maximum BTU/hr the space can support, the space is an unconfined space. In this case, no additional fresh air ventilation is needed.
Preparing for Installation (cont.)

**WARNING** If the area in where the heater operates does not meet the required volume for indoor combustion air, you must provide combustion and ventilation air by one of the methods described in the *NATIONAL FUEL GAS CODE, ANS Z223.1/NFPA 54*, the *INTERNATIONAL FUEL GAS CODE*, or applicable local codes.

**VENTILATION AIR FROM INSIDE A BUILDING**

Fresh air comes from a connected unconfined space. You must provide two permanent openings when ventilating to a connected unconfined space, one of which that's within 12" of the wall that connects the two spaces (see options 1 and 2, Fig. 1). You may also remove the door into the adjoining room (see option 3, Fig. 1). Follow the *National Fuel Gas Code NFPA 54/ANS Z223.1* for the required size of ventilation grills or ducts.

**VENTILATION AIR FROM OUTDOORS**

Extra fresh air is provided via ventilation grills or ducts. You must provide two permanent openings: one within 12" of the ceiling and one within 12" of the floor (see Fig. 2). They must connect directly to the outdoors or spaces that open to the outdoors. Such spaces may include attics or crawl spaces. *Follow the National Fuel Gas Code NFPA 54/ANS Z223.1* for the required size of ventilation grills or ducts.

**IMPORTANT:** Do not provide openings for inlet or outlet air into an attic if the attic has a thermostat-controlled power vent. The power vent will be activated by heated air that enters the attic. You must add the space of the connected unconfined space and rework the information on page 9. The combined spaces must have enough fresh air to supply all appliances in both spaces.
Installation

NOTICE: This heater is intended to be used as a supplemental heating source. Use this heater along with your primary heating system. This heater must not be used as a primary heat source. If you have a central heating system, you may run that system's circulating blower while using this heater. This helps to circulate the heat around your house.

⚠️ WARNING A qualified technician must install the heater. Follow all local codes.

⚠️ WARNING Never install the heater in a bedroom or bathroom; in a recreational vehicle; where curtains, furniture, clothing, or other flammable objects are less than 36" from the front, top, or sides of the heater; in high traffic areas; or in windy or drafty areas.

⚠️ CAUTION This heater creates warm air currents. These currents move heat to wall surfaces that are next to the heater. Installing the heater next to vinyl or cloth wall coverings, or operating the appliance where impurities in the air exist (tobacco smoke, aromatic candles, cleaning fluids, oil or kerosene lamps, etc.), may cause walls to discolor.

IMPORTANT: Vent-free heaters add moisture to the air, which is beneficial. However, if this heater is installed in areas without adequate ventilation, mildew may form from too much moisture in the air. See AIR FOR COMBUSTION AND VENTILATION, pages 8 through 10.

CHECK GAS TYPE: Be sure your gas supply is right for your heater. If the supply is not correct, do not install the heater. Contact the place where this heater was purchased for a heater appropriate for your gas supply.

NOTICE: State or local codes may only allow operation of this appliance in a vented configuration. Check your state or local codes.
Installation (cont.)

HEATER CLEARANCES

For convenience and efficiency, install the heater with these points in mind:
- Provide easy access for operation, inspection and service.
- Install the heater in the coldest part of the room.

If this heater is installed directly on carpeting, tile, or other combustible material, other than wood flooring, the heater must be installed on a metal or wood panel that extends the heater’s full width and depth.

**CAUTION** If you install the heater in a home garage, a.) ensure the heater pilot and burner are at least 18” above the floor and, b.) locate the heater where moving vehicles will not hit it.

Clearances to Combustibles:
Carefully follow the instructions below. This heater can be mounted on the wall or on the floor using the support legs (select models).

**WARNING** Maintain the minimum clearances shown in (see Fig. 3). If you can, provide greater clearances from floor, ceiling, and joining wall.

**Fig. 3—Mounting Clearances as Viewed from the Front of the Heater (Inches)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Top</th>
<th>Bottom</th>
<th>Front</th>
<th>Rear</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Left / Right</strong></td>
<td>36 in.</td>
<td>3 in.</td>
<td>36 in.</td>
<td>0 in. to Spacer</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Top clearance is from the top of the heater to the ceiling, wood shelf, or other combustible material.
Bottom clearance is from the bottom of the heater to the surface of carpet, tile, or other combustible material.

*A second side wall must be at least 18 in. away from the other side of the heater. Always maintain a minimum of 36 in. clearance from furniture and draperies.
*For the installation in residential garages, refer to the CAUTION statement above.
**INSTALLING THE FAN (OPTIONAL)**

1. Disconnect the wall mounted heater from the gas supply and remove it from the wall before installing the fan accessory. Contact a qualified service person to do this.

2. Remove the fan knock-out panel using a screwdriver (see Fig. 5). Attach the fan to the rear panel of the heater using the four provided screws.

**NOTE:** Ensure the rocker switch is positioned in the upper right corner. (see Fig. 6).

3. This fan is equipped with manual ON - OFF switch (see Fig. 7). Set the rocker switch to “I” for manual ON, allowing the fan to continuously run until the rocker switch is returned to the OFF “O” position.

**NOTE:** If any of the original wire supplied with the heater must be replaced, a wire of at least an equal temperature rating must be used. Refer to Fig. 8 for the wiring diagram.

**CAUTION** Label all wires prior to disconnection when servicing controls. Wiring errors can cause improper and dangerous operation. Verify proper operation after servicing.
POSITIONING THE HEATER

This heater can be mounted on a wall or on a floor by using the Support Legs included with select models. For convenience and efficiency, install the heater as follows:

• In a location with easy access for operation, inspection, and service.
• In the coldest part of the room.
• A minimum of 3' (36") away from furniture and draperies.

FLOOR MOUNTING (SELECT MODELS)

NOTE: This is an optional accessory and is not required for operation of the heater. Floor mounting cannot be done in a bedroom or bathroom and cannot be used for garage and ice-house heaters.

Before installing the Support Legs to the heater base, ensure you have the following items:

• (2) Support Legs
• (4) Support Leg Screws

1. To prevent scratching, place a blanket onto the table where the heater will be placed for leg installation.

2. Place the back of the heater on the table with the bottom of the heater extending past the table edge.

3. Fasten the Support Legs to the heater using the Support Leg Screws (Fig. 9)

NOTE: If installing the heater directly on carpeting, tile, or other combustible material, other than wood flooring, the heater must be installed on a metal or wood panel extending the heater's full width and depth.

4. Once the heater is in place, secure it to the floor using the Support Leg Screws and mounting holes found on the heater Support Legs (See Fig. 10).
Installation (cont.)

WALL MOUNTING

⚠️ WARNING

ELECTRICAL, PLUMBING, OR GAS LINES MAY BE IN WALL.
Before cutting, drilling, or hammering, verify their location. If needed, contact your electrician, plumber, or service person.

⚠️ WARNING
Failure to position the parts in accordance with these diagrams or failure to use only parts specifically approved with this heater may result in property damage or personal injury.

Mounting Bracket: The mounting bracket is packed in the same box as the heater but located separately.

Methods for Attaching the Mounting Bracket to the Wall:
Use only the last hole on each end of the mounting bracket to attach the bracket to the wall. Attach the mounting bracket to a wall in one of two ways:

1. Attaching to wall studs: This method creates the strongest hold. Insert the wood screws (4*16) through the mounting bracket and into the wall studs.
2. Attaching to expansion bracket: This method allows you to attach the mounting bracket to solid walls (concrete or masonry) or to hollow walls (wall areas between studs).

One method may be preferred depending on where you install the heater, but either method will provide a secure hold for the mounting bracket.

Marking Screw Locations:
1. Tape the mounting bracket to the wall where the heater will be installed. Ensure the mounting bracket is level.
2. Mark the screw locations on the wall (See Fig. 11). **NOTE:** Mark only the last hole on each end of mounting bracket. You will insert two (2) wood screws (4*16) total through these holes only.
3. Remove the mounting bracket and tape from the wall.

Attaching the Mounting Bracket to the Wall:
**NOTE:** The expansion bracket, wood screws, and wall hanging spacers are in the hardware package, which is provided with the heater.

**Attaching to Wall Stud Method:**
1. Drill holes at the marked locations using a 9/64" drill bit.
2. Place the mounting bracket onto the wall. Line up the last hole on each end of the bracket with the holes drilled in the wall.
3. Insert the wall mounting bracket wood screws (4*16) through the bracket and into the wall studs.
4. Tighten the wood screws until the mounting bracket is firmly fastened to the wall studs.
5. Before mounting the heater, check that the wall bracket is secure.

---

**Fig. 11—Mounting Bracket Clearances (Inches)**

- **B100 / B200 / R150 / R180**
  - Min. 12"
  - Min. 13"
  - FLOOR
  - Only insert mounting screws through last hole on each end.

- **B300 / R280 / R300**
  - Min. 7 1/2"
  - Min. 17 1/2"
  - FLOOR
  - Only insert mounting screws through last hole on each end.
Installation (cont.)

Attaching to Expansion Bracket Method:

**NOTE:** This method is for attaching the mounting bracket to solid walls (concrete or masonry) or to hollow walls (wall areas between studs).

1. Drill holes at the marked locations using a 5/16" drill bit. For solid walls (concrete or masonry), drill at least 1" deep.
2. Insert the wall expansion pipes into each hole as shown in Fig. 12 and 13. Tap the expansion pipes flush to the wall.
3. Place the mounting bracket onto the wall. Line up the last hole on each end of the bracket with the expansion pipes.
4. Insert the wall mounting bracket wood screws (4*16) through the wall mounting bracket and into the expansion pipes.
5. Tighten the wood screws until the mounting bracket is firmly fastened to wall.
6. Before mounting the heater, ensure the mounting bracket is secure!

Attaching the Wall Hanging Spacers to the Heater:

1. Find the spacer mounting holes on the lower right/left sections of the heater back panel.
2. Secure two (2) wall hanging spacers to the heater back panel using two (2) wall spacer wood screws (4*45) (See Fig. 14a).

**WARNING** Failure to properly install the wall hanging spacers may result in property damage, personal injury or even death.

Placing the Heater on the Mounting Bracket:

1. Locate the two horizontal slots on the heater back panel.
2. Place the heater onto the mounting bracket. Slide the horizontal slots onto the stand-out tabs on the mounting bracket. Ensure the spacers rest evenly against the wall (See Fig. 14b).
Installation (cont.)

CONNECTING TO A GAS SUPPLY

**WARNING** A qualified service technician must connect heater to gas supply. Follow all local codes.

**WARNING** Never connect the heater to private/non-utility gas wells (commonly known as wellhead gas).

**CAUTION** Never connect the heater directly to the gas supply. This heater requires an external regulator (not supplied). The external regulator between the gas supply and heater must be installed. Your gas supplier provides the external regulator for natural gas.

The installer must supply an external regulator for liquid propane. For natural gas, the gas supplier supplies the external regulator. The external regulator reduces incoming gas pressure, and the pressure must be reduced to between 11” and 14” of water column for propane and between 6” and 7” (B-Series) or 5” and 11” (R-Series) of water column for natural gas. Heater regulator damage could occur if the pressure of the incoming gas is not reduced. Install the external regulator with the vent pointing down as shown in Fig. 10. The purpose of pointing the vent down is to protect it from freezing rain or sleet.

Fig. 10—Regulator Conversion

![Regulator Conversion Diagram](image)

**Fig. 11—Gas Connection**

**WARNING** Never connect the heater directly to the gas supply. This heater requires an external regulator (not supplied). The external regulator between the gas supply and heater must be installed. Your gas supplier provides the external regulator for natural gas.

Use only new black iron or steel pipe. Internally tinned copper tubing may be used in certain areas, depending on your local codes. Use pipe of 1/2” diameter or greater to allow proper volume gas to heater. If the pipe is too small, loss of pressure will occur. Installation must include an equipment shutoff valve, union, and plugged 1/8” NPT tap. The NPT tap must be located within reach for the test gauge hook up and be upstream from heater (see Fig. 11).

Important: Install equipment shutoff valve in an accessible location. The equipment shutoff valve is for turning on or shutting off the gas to the heater. Apply pipe joint sealant lightly to the male threads. This prevents excess sealant from going into the pipe. The heater valves may become clogged if excess sealant gets into the pipes.

*The equipment shutoff valve can be purchased from your local home center store.

Use pipe joint sealant that is resistant to gas (propane or NG). We recommend that you install a sediment trap in a supply line, which traps moisture and contaminants. The sediment trap should be located within reach for cleaning and where it is not likely to freeze. Install it in the piping system between the fuel supply and heater. This keeps contaminants from getting into the heater controls. The heater may not run properly if the sediment trap is not installed or is installed incorrectly.

Avoid damage to the regulator. Hold the gas regulator with a wrench when connecting into gas piping and/or fittings. NG Models: 6” to 7” W.C. (B-Series) / 5” to 11” W.C. (R-Series). Your gas supplier provides an external regulator for natural gas.

**INSTALLATION ITEMS NEEDED (NOT PROVIDED):**

- 8” Adjustable Wrench
- 8” Pipe Wrench
- 3/8” Flexible Gas Line (24” Min.) or 1/2” Black Pipe
- 90 Deg. 3/8 NPT x 3/8” Flare Fitting or 3/8” Street Elbow
- Sealant (Resistant to natural or propane/LP gas)
- Shutoff Valve

1. Depending on where your gas supply line is located, a variety of options are possible for routing the gas connection lines. First, install the 3/8” fitting to the heater regulator using sealant. Direct the attachment either left or right toward the gas supply line.

**NOTICE:** Most building codes do not permit concealed gas connections. Check your local building code before using a flexible gas line for this installation.

2. Install the gas line to the 90 deg. fitting, and attach it to the shutoff valve (see Fig. 12 & 13). Depending on your connection, it might be necessary to cut and access the hole in the side or bottom of the mantel cabinet.

3. Check all connections for gas leaks.
Installation (cont.)

CHECKING GAS CONNECTIONS

WARNING After installing or servicing the heater, test all gas piping and connections for leaks. Immediately correct all leaks.

WARNING Never use an open flame to check for a leak. Apply a mixture of liquid soap and water to all joints—bubbles may indicate a leak. Immediately correct all leaks.

Pressure Testing Gas Supply Piping System

Test Pressures in Excess Of 1/2 PSIG (3.5 kPa):
1. Disconnect the heater, including the main gas valve (control valve) and equipment shutoff valve, from the gas supply piping system. Pressures greater than 1/2 PSIG will damage the regulator.
2. Cap off the open end of the gas pipe where the equipment shutoff valve was connected.
3. Open the gas supply tank valve or use compressed air to pressurize the supply piping system.
4. Check all joints of the gas supply piping system. Use a mixture of liquid soap and water in the gas joints to check for leaks—bubbles may indicate a leak.
5. Immediately correct all leaks.
6. Reconnect the heater and equipment shutoff valve to gas supply. Check reconnected fittings for leaks.

Test Pressures Equal To or Less Than 1/2 PSIG (3.5 kPa):
1. Close the equipment shutoff valve (see Fig. 14).
2. Open the gas supply tank valve or use compressed air to pressurize the supply piping system.
3. Check all joints from the gas meter to the equipment shutoff valve (see Fig. 15.1 & 15.2).
4. Use a mixture of liquid soap and water in the gas joints to check for leaks—bubbles may indicate a leak.
5. Immediately correct all leaks.

Pressure Testing Heater Gas Connections:
1. Open the equipment shutoff valve (see Fig. 14).
2. Open the gas supply tank valve.
3. Ensure the control knob of the heater is in the OFF position.
4. Check all joints from the equipment shutoff valve to the control valve (see Fig. 15.1 & 15.2). Use a mixture of liquid soap and water in the gas joints to check for leaks—bubbles may indicate a leak.
5. Light the heater (see OPERATION, pages 20–22). Check all other internal joints for leaks.
6. Turn off the heater (see TO TURN OFF GAS TO THE HEATER, pages 21–22).

Fig. 14—Equipment Shutoff Valve

Fig. 15.1—Checking Gas Joints (Propane/LP Only)

Fig. 15.2—Checking Gas Joints (Natural Gas Only)
Operation

FOR YOUR SAFETY READ BEFORE LIGHTING

⚠️ WARNING ⚠️ If you do not follow these instructions exactly, a fire or explosion may result causing property damage, personal injury or loss of life.

A. This appliance has a pilot that must be lighted by the piezo ignitor. When lighting the pilot, follow these instructions exactly.

B. BEFORE LIGHTING, smell all around the appliance area for gas. Be sure to smell next to the floor because some gas is heavier than air and will settle on the floor.

WHAT TO DO IF YOU SMELL GAS:
• Do not try to light any appliance.
• Do not touch any electric switch; do not use any phone in your building.
• Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor’s phone. Follow the gas supplier’s instructions.
• If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.

C. Push in or turn the gas control knob using only your hand. Never use tools. If the knob will not push in or turn by hand, do not try to repair it; call a qualified service technician. Force or attempted repair may result in a fire or explosion.

D. Do not use this room heater if any part has been under water. Immediately call a qualified service technician to inspect the room heater and to replace any part of the control system and any gas control which has been under water.
**LIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS**

1. **STOP!** Read all the above safety information before proceeding.

2. Turn the control knob clockwise to the “OFF” position (see Fig. 16).

3. Wait five (5) minutes to clear out any gas. Then smell for gas, including near the floor. If you smell gas, **STOP!** Follow “B” in the safety information above. If you don’t smell gas, go to the next step.

4. Turn the control knob counterclockwise to the “PILOT” position.

5. With control knob depressed, push down on the ignitor button until the pilot lights. The pilot is located behind the heater screen centered on the burner (see Fig. 17).
   - Do not attempt to light the pilot by hand.

6. Keep the control knob depressed for (30) seconds after the pilot lights. Then release the control knob.
   - If the control knob does not pop up when released, stop and immediately call a qualified service technician or gas supplier.
   - If the pilot goes out, repeat steps 3 through 6. Wait (1) minute before attempting to light pilot again. If after several tries the pilot still goes out, turn the gas control knob clockwise to the “OFF” position and call a qualified service technician.

7. Turn the control knob counterclockwise to the desired setting.

**TO TURN OFF GAS TO THE HEATER**

1. Turn the control knob clockwise to the “OFF” position.

**Shutting Off the Burner Only (Pilot Stays Lit):**

1. Turn the control knob clockwise to the “PILOT” position.

**THERMOSTATIC CONTROL OPERATION**

**Blue Flame Models:** The thermostatic control valve on this heater is different from standard thermostats. Standard thermostats simply turn the burner on and off. The thermostat sensing bulb on the control valve used on this heater senses changes in room temperature and varies the flame accordingly. The burner will shut off completely when the room temperature reaches the set temperature. When the room temperature drops below the set temperature, the burner will cycle back on. The control knob can be set to the desired comfort level between 1 and 5.

**Infrared Models:** The thermostatic control valve on this heater operates like a standard thermostats and turns the burner on and off. The thermostat sensing bulb on the control valve used on this heater senses changes in room temperature, and the burner will shut off completely when the room temperature reaches the set temperature. When the room temperature drops below the set temperature, the burner will cycle back on. The control knob can be set to the desired comfort level between 1 and 5.
**Manual Control Operation**

**LIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS**

1. **STOP!** Read all the above safety information before proceeding.

2. Turn the control knob clockwise to the “OFF” position (see Fig. 18).

3. Wait five (5) minutes to clear out any gas. Then smell for gas, including near the floor. If you smell gas, STOP! Follow “B” in the safety information above. If you don’t smell gas, go to the next step.

4. Turn the control knob counterclockwise to the “PILOT” position.

5. With control knob depressed, push down on the ignitor button until the pilot lights. The pilot is located behind the heater screen centered on the burner (see Fig. 19).
   - Do not attempt to light the pilot by hand.

6. Keep the control knob depressed for (30) seconds after the pilot lights. Then release the control knob.
   - If the control knob does not pop up when released, stop and immediately call a qualified service technician or gas supplier.
   - If the pilot goes out, repeat steps 3 through 6. Wait (1) minute before attempting to light pilot again. If after several tries the pilot still goes out, turn the gas control knob clockwise to the “OFF” position and call a qualified service technician.

7. Turn the control knob counterclockwise to the desired setting (see Fig. 20).

---

**TO TURN OFF GAS TO THE HEATER**

1. Turn the control knob clockwise to the “OFF” position.

**Shutting Off the Burner Only (Pilot Stays Lit):**

1. Turn the control knob clockwise to the “PILOT” position.
INSPECTING BURNERS
Check the pilot flame pattern and burner flame patterns often.

PILOT FLAME PATTERN
Figure 20 shows a correct pilot flame pattern. Figure 21 shows an incorrect pilot flame pattern. The incorrect pilot flame is not touching the thermocouple. This will cause the thermocouple to cool. When the thermocouple cools, the heater will shut down. If pilot flame pattern is incorrect, as shown in Figure 21:

- Turn the heater off (see TO TURN OFF GAS TO THE HEATER, pages 21–22).
- See the TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE, page 25.

**WARNING** Do not allow fans to blow directly into the heater. Avoid any drafts that alter burner flame patterns.
Care and Maintenance

**BURNER FLAME PATTERN**

Figure 22 shows a correct burner flame pattern. Figure 23 shows an incorrect burner flame pattern. The incorrect burner flame pattern shows sporadic, irregular flame tipping. The flame should not be dark or have an orange/reddish tinge. **NOTE:** When using the heater the first time, the flame will be orange for approximately one hour. If the burner flame pattern is incorrect, as shown in Figure 23, do the following:

- Turn the heater off (see TO TURN OFF GAS TO THE HEATER, pages 21–22).
- See the TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE, page 26.

![Fig. 22—Correct Burner Flame Pattern](image1)
![Fig. 23—Incorrect Burner Flame Pattern](image2)

**WARNING** Turn off the heater and let cool before servicing.

**WARNING** Failure to keep the primary air opening(s) of the burner(s) clean may result in sooting and property damage.

**CAUTION** You must keep the control areas, burner, and circulating air passageways of the heater clean. Inspect these areas before using the heater. Have a qualified service person inspect the heater every year. Excessive lint from carpeting, bedding material, pet hair, etc. may require that the heater be cleaned more frequently.

**BURNER ORIFICE HOLDER AND PILOT AIR INLET HOLE**

The primary air inlet holes allow the right amount of air to mix with the gas, which creates a clean burning flame. Keep these holes clear of lint, dirt, dust, pet hair, and other debris. Before every heating season, clean these holes—blocked air holes create soot. During operation, the heater should be cleaned at least every three (3) months. A qualified service person should inspect the heater yearly.

Keep the burner tube and pilot assembly clean and free of dirt and other debris. Use compressed air of 30 PSI or less to clean these parts. If using compressed air in a can, follow the directions on the can exactly. You may damage the pilot assembly if the directions are not followed exactly.
Care and Maintenance (cont.)

1. Shut off the heater, including the pilot. Allow the heater to cool for at least 30 minutes.
2. Inspect the burner, pilot, and primary air inlet holes on the orifice holder for dirt and debris (see Fig. 24).
3. Blow air through the ports/slots and holes in the burner.
4. Check the orifice holder again, which is located at the end of the burner tube. With a cloth or vacuum cleaner nozzle, remove any large particles of dust, dirt, or other debris.
5. Blow air into the primary air holes on the orifice holder.
6. Repeat steps 3 and 4. Clumps of dust/debris may have been pushed into the burner.

Clean the pilot assembly. A yellow tip on the pilot flame indicates dust and dirt in the pilot assembly. A small pilot air inlet hole is about 2” from where the pilot flame comes out of the pilot assembly (see Fig. 25). Ensure the heater is off, and lightly blow air through the air inlet hole. If you do not have compressed air, blowing through a drinking straw will also work.

Fig. 24—Primary Air Inlet on Heater

Fig. 25—Pilot Air Inlet Hole

Verify proper operation after servicing.
# Troubleshooting Guide

**WARNING** If you smell gas, do the following:

- Shut off gas supply.
- Do not try to light any appliance.
- Do not touch any electrical switch; do not use any phone in your building.
- Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor’s phone. Follow the gas supplier’s instructions.
- If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.

**WARNING** Turn off and let the heater cool before servicing. Only a qualified service person should service and repair the heater.

**CAUTION** Never use a wire, needle, or similar object to clean ODS/pilot. This can damage ODS/pilot unit.

**IMPORTANT:** Impurities in the air may create odors when operating the appliance. For example, cleaning supplies, paint, cigarette smoke, glues, new carpets, etc. create fumes, which may mix with combustion air and create odors.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Problem</th>
<th>Possible Cause</th>
<th>Solution</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| There is no spark at the ODS/pilot when the ignitor button is pressed. | 1. Ignitor electrode is positioned wrong.  
2. Ignitor electrode is broken.  
3. Ignitor electrode is not connected to ignitor cable.  
4. Ignitor cable is pinched or wet.  
5. Damaged ignitor cable.  
2. Replace electrode.  
3. Replace ignitor cable  
4. Free the ignitor cable if it’s pinched by any metal or tubing. Keep ignitor cable dry.  
5. Replace ignitor cable.  
6. Replace piezo ignitor. |
| When the ignitor button is pressed, there is a spark at the ODS/pilot but no ignition. | 1. Gas supply is turned off or equipment shutoff valve is closed.  
2. Control knob is not fully pressed in while pressing ignitor button.  
3. Air in gas lines when installed.  
4. ODS/pilot is clogged.  
5. Gas regulator setting is incorrect.  
6. Control knob not in PILOT position.  
7. Depleted gas supply (propane). | 1. Turn on the gas supply or the open equipment shutoff valve.  
2. Fully press in the control knob while pressing the ignitor button.  
3. Continue holding down the control knob. Repeat igniting operation until air is removed.  
4. Clean ODS/pilot (see CARE AND MAINTENANCE, pages 24 & 25) or replace ODS/pilot assembly.  
5. Replace gas regulator.  
6. Turn control knob to PILOT position.  
7. Contact local propane/LP gas company. |
## Troubleshooting Guide (cont.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Problem</th>
<th>Possible Cause</th>
<th>Solution</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ODS/pilot lights but flame goes out when the control knob is released.</td>
<td>1. Control knob is not fully pressed in. 2. Control knob is not pressed in long enough. 3. Equipment shutoff valve is not fully open. 4. Thermocouple connection is loose. 5. Thermocouple damaged. 6. Control valve damaged.</td>
<td>1. Press in control knob fully. 2. After ODS/pilot lights, keep control knob pressed in 30 seconds. 3. Fully open equipment shutoff valve. 4. Hand tighten until snug, and then tighten ¼ turn more. 5. Replace thermocouple. 6. Contact customer service.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burner(s) does not light after ODS/pilot is lit.</td>
<td>1. Burner orifice is clogged. 2. Burner orifice diameter is too small. 3. Inlet gas pressure is too low.</td>
<td>1. Clean burner orifice (see CARE AND MAINTENANCE, pages 24 &amp; 25) or contact customer service. 2. Contact customer service. 3. Contact your gas supplier.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burner(s) does not light after ODS/pilot is lit. (Heater is set up for natural gas.)</td>
<td>1. Inlet gas pressure is too high.</td>
<td>1. Contact your gas supplier.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>There is delayed ignition of the burner(s).</td>
<td>1. Manifold pressure is too low. 2. Burner orifice is clogged.</td>
<td>1. Contact your gas supplier. 2. Clean burner (see CARE AND MAINTENANCE, pages 24 &amp; 25) or contact customer service.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The burner is backfiring during combustion.</td>
<td>1. Burner orifice is clogged or damaged. 2. Burner is damaged. 3. Gas regulator is damaged.</td>
<td>1. Clean burner orifice (see CARE AND MAINTENANCE, pages 24 &amp; 25, or contact customer service). 2. Contact dealer or customer service. 3. Replace gas regulator.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>There is a high yellow flame during burner combustion.</td>
<td>1. There is not enough air. 2. Gas regulator is defective. 3. Inlet gas pressure is too low.</td>
<td>1. Check burner for dirt and debris. If found, clean burner (see CARE AND MAINTENANCE, page 24 &amp; 25). 2. Replace gas regulator. 3. Contact your gas supplier.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A gas odor is present during combustion.</td>
<td>1. Foreign matter between control valve and burner. 2. Gas leak—see WARNING Statement at top of page 26.</td>
<td>1. Take apart gas tubing and remove foreign matter. 2. Locate and correct all leaks (see CHECKING GAS CONNECTIONS, page 19).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heater produces a clicking/ticking noise just after burner is lit or shut off.</td>
<td>1. Metal is expanding while heating or contracting while cooling.</td>
<td>1. This is common with most heaters. If noise is excessive, contact a qualified service technician.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Troubleshooting Guide (cont.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Problem</th>
<th>Possible Cause</th>
<th>Solution</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>White powder residue is forming within burner box or on adjacent walls</td>
<td>1. When heated, the vapors from furniture polish, wax, carpet cleaners, etc. turn into white</td>
<td>1. Turn heater off when using furniture polish, wax, carpet cleaner or similar products.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or on furniture.</td>
<td>powder residue.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heater produces unwanted odors.</td>
<td>1. Heater is burning vapors from paint, hair spray, glues, etc. See IMPORTANT statement, page 25.</td>
<td>1. Ventilate room. Stop using odor causing products while heater is running.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2. Gas leak—see WARNING Statement at the top of page 25.</td>
<td>2. Locate and correct all leaks (see CHECKING GAS CONNECTIONS, page 19).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3. The fuel supply is low.</td>
<td>3. Refill supply tank (Propane /LP models).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heater shuts off in use (ODS operates).</td>
<td>1. Not enough fresh air is available.</td>
<td>1. Open window and/or door for ventilation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2. The line pressure is low.</td>
<td>2. Contact local gas supplier.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3. ODS/pilot is partially clogged.</td>
<td>3. Clean ODS/pilot (see CARE AND MAINTENANCE, page 24 &amp; 25).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gas odor exists even when control knob is in OFF position.</td>
<td>1. Gas leak—see WARNING Statement at top of page 26.</td>
<td>1. Locate and correct all leaks (see CHECKING GAS CONNECTIONS, page 19).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2. Control valve is defective.</td>
<td>2. Contact customer service.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Moisture/condensation is present on windows.</td>
<td>1. Not enough combustion/ventilation air is provided.</td>
<td>1. Refer to AIR FOR COMBUSTION AND VENTILATION requirements, pages 8–10.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>There is slight smoke or odor during initial operation.</td>
<td>1. Residues from manufacturing process are present.</td>
<td>1. Problem will stop after a few hours of operation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heater produces a whistling noise when burner is lit.</td>
<td>1. Turning control knob to high (5) position when burner is cold.</td>
<td>1. Turn control knob to low (1) position and let it warm up for a minute.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2. There is air in the gas line.</td>
<td>2. Operate burner until air is removed from line. Have gas line checked by local propane/LP gas company.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3. Air passageways on heater are blocked.</td>
<td>3. Observe minimum installation clearances (Fig. 3, page 12).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4. Burner orifice are dirty or partially clogged.</td>
<td>4. Clean burner (see CARE AND MAINTENANCE, pages 24 &amp; 25) or contact customer service.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### QUALIFIED INSTALLING AGENCY

Only a qualified agency should perform installation and replacement of gas piping, gas utilization equipment or accessories, and repair and servicing of equipment. The term “qualified agency” means any individual, firm, corporation, or company that either in person or through a representative is engaged in and is responsible for the following:

A. Installing, testing, or replacing gas piping; or

B. Connecting, installing, testing, repairing, or servicing equipment and is a) experienced in such work, b) familiar with all precautions required, and c) has complied with all the requirements of the authority having jurisdiction.
## Parts List—REM-R150LM-F / REM-R180NM-F / REM-R280LT-F / REM-R300NT-F

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Qty.</th>
<th>REM-R150LM-F</th>
<th>REM-R180NM-F</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Thermostatic Valve</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Manual Valve</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>REM-TST220M</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Piezo</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>REM-PZO100A</td>
<td>REM-PZO100A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Burner</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>REM-BRN400L</td>
<td>REM-BRN400N</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>ODS</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>REM-ODS100L</td>
<td>REM-ODS100N</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Regulator</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>REM-FIT300L</td>
<td>REM-FIT300N</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Screen</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>REM-DEC102B</td>
<td>N/A</td>
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<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Wall Mounting Bracket</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>REM-WALLMT-20</td>
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<td>-</td>
<td>ODS Thermocouple (not shown)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>REM-PTC100A</td>
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</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Qty.</th>
<th>REM-R280LT-F</th>
<th>REM-R300NT-F</th>
</tr>
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<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Thermostatic Valve</td>
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<td>REM-TST200A</td>
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<td>REM-PZO100A</td>
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<td>REM-BRN400N</td>
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<td>Burner</td>
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<td>REM-ODS100L</td>
<td>REM-ODS100N</td>
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For replacement parts, contact Pinnacle Climate Technologies at (866) 676-1636.
### Parts List—REM-B300LT-F / REM-B200LT-F / REM-B100LT-F / REM-B300NT-F / REM-B200NT-F / REM-B100NT-F

For replacement parts, contact Pinnacle Climate Technologies at (866) 676-1636.

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Limited Warranty

Pinnacle Climate Technologies, Inc. warrants this appliance to the original retail purchaser only, to be free from defects in material and workmanship for a period of one (1) year from the date of initial purchase. This product must be properly installed, maintained and operated in accordance with the instructions provided.

Pinnacle Climate Technologies, Inc. requires reasonable proof of your date of purchase from an authorized retailer or distributor. Therefore, you should keep your sales slip, invoice or canceled check from the original purchase. This Limited Warranty shall be limited to the repair or replacement of parts, which prove defective under normal use and service within the warranty period, and which Pinnacle Climate Technologies, Inc. shall determine at its reasonable discretion.

This warranty does not apply to products purchased for rental use.

This Limited Warranty does not cover any failures or operating difficulties due to normal wear and tear, accident, abuse, misuse, alteration, misapplication, improper installation or improper maintenance and service by you or any third party. Failure to perform normal and routine maintenance on the appliance, shipping damage, damage related to insects, birds or animals of any kind, and damage due to weather conditions are also not covered.

In addition, the Limited Warranty does not cover damage to the finish, such as scratches, dents, discoloration, rust or other weather damage, after purchase.

All transportation costs for the return of damaged product or parts will be the responsibility of the purchaser. Upon receipt of damaged item, Pinnacle Climate Technologies, Inc. will examine the item and determine if defective. Pinnacle Climate Technologies, Inc. will repair or replace and return the item, freight pre-paid.

If Pinnacle Climate Technologies, Inc. finds the item to be in normal operating condition, or not defective the item will be returned freight collect. This Limited Warranty is in lieu of all other express warranties. Pinnacle Climate Technologies, Inc. disclaims all warranties for products that are purchased from sellers other than authorized dealers or distributors.

AFTER THE PERIOD OF THE ONE (1) YEAR EXPRESS WARRANTY EXPIRES, Pinnacle Climate Technologies, Inc. DISCLAIMS ANY AND ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR APPLICATION. FURTHER, Pinnacle Climate Technologies, Inc. SHALL HAVE NO LIABILITY WHATSOEVER TO PURCHASER OR ANY THIRD PARTY FOR ANY SPECIAL, INDIRECT, PUNITIVE INCIDENTAL, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES. Pinnacle Climate Technologies, Inc. assumes no responsibility for any defects caused by third parties. This Limited Warranty gives the purchaser specific legal rights; a purchaser may have other rights depending upon where he or she lives. Some states do not allow the exclusion or limitation of special, incidental or consequential damages, or limitations on how long a warranty lasts, so the above exclusion and limitations may not apply to you.

Pinnacle Climate Technologies, Inc. does not authorize any person or company to assume for it any other obligation or liability in connection with the sale, installation, use, removal, return or replacement of its equipment, and no such representations are binding on Pinnacle Climate Technologies, Inc.

Always be sure to specify the model number and serial number when making any claim with Pinnacle Climate Technologies, Inc. For your convenience, use the space provided below to list this information.

Locating Your Serial Number:
Your serial number can be found on the tags on the side of your appliance. It will begin with a letter followed by nine numbers (for example: F170512345). Have your serial number ready before calling customer service at (866) 676-1636.

Model #:___________________________________
Serial #:___________________________________
Date of Purchase: _________________________