

# Hercules MegaBubble HCC Holdings, Inc. an Oatey Affiliate

Version No: 1.4.4.3

Safety Data Sheet according to OSHA HazCom Standard (2012) requirements

Issue Date: **04/06/2021**Print Date: **06/04/2021**S.GHS.USA.EN

# **SECTION 1 Identification**

#### **Product Identifier**

Product name	Hercules MegaBubble	
Chemical Name Not Applicable  Synonyms Not Available		
		Other means of identification

# Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Relevant identified uses	Leak Detector
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# Name, address, and telephone number of the chemical manufacturer, importer, or other responsible party

Registered company name	HCC Holdings, Inc. an Oatey Affiliate	
Address	4700 West 160th Street Cleveland, OH 44135 United States	
Telephone	216-267-7100	
Fax	Not Available	
Website	Not Available	
Email	info@oatey.com	

# Emergency phone number

Association / Organisation	Chemtrec	
Emergency telephone numbers	1-800-424-9300 (Outside the US 1-703-527-3887)	
Other emergency telephone numbers	Emergency First Aid: 1-877-740-5015	

# SECTION 2 Hazard(s) identification

# Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification	Eye Irritation Category 2	2Α
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# Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s)



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Signal word	Warning

# Hazard statement(s)

Causes serious eye irritation.

# Hazard(s) not otherwise classified

Not Applicable

# Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

Wear eye protection and face protection.
Wash thoroughly after handling.

# Precautionary statement(s) Response

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

# Precautionary statement(s) Storage

Not Applicable

# Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

Not Applicable

# **SECTION 3 Composition / information on ingredients**

#### **Substances**

See section below for composition of Mixtures

# **Mixtures**

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
7732-18-5	30-60	<u>water</u>
56-81-5*	10-30	Glycerol
1643-20-5	<=2	lauryldimethylamine oxide
57-55-6*	30-60	propylene glycol

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

# **SECTION 4 First-aid measures**

# Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	If this product comes in contact with the eyes:  Nash out immediately with fresh running water.  Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids.  Seek medical attention without delay; if pain persists or recurs seek medical attention.  Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.
Skin Contact	If skin contact occurs:  Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear.  Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available).  Seek medical attention in event of irritation.
Inhalation	<ul> <li>If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area.</li> <li>Other measures are usually unnecessary.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	<ul> <li>Immediately give a glass of water.</li> <li>First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.</li> </ul>

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See Section 11

# Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

# **SECTION 5 Fire-fighting measures**

# **Extinguishing media**

- ▶ Foam
- Dry chemical powder.
- ▶ BCF (where regulations permit).
- Carbon dioxide.
- ▶ Water spray or fog Large fires only.

# Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

	Fire Incompatibility	None known.	
5	Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters		
	Fire Fighting	<ul> <li>Alert Fire Department and tell them location and nature of hazard.</li> <li>Wear full body protective clothing with breathing apparatus.</li> <li>Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water course.</li> <li>Use water delivered as a fine spray to control fire and cool adjacent area.</li> <li>Avoid spraying water onto liquid pools.</li> <li>DO NOT approach containers suspected to be hot.</li> <li>Cool fire exposed containers with water spray from a protected location.</li> <li>If safe to do so, remove containers from path of fire.</li> </ul>	
	Fire/Explosion Hazard	<ul> <li>Heating may cause expansion or decomposition leading to violent rupture of containers.</li> <li>On combustion, may emit irritating/ toxic fumes.</li> <li>May emit acrid smoke.</li> <li>Mists containing combustible materials may be explosive.</li> <li>May emit corrosive fumes.</li> </ul>	

# **SECTION 6 Accidental release measures**

# Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

# **Environmental precautions**

See section 12

# Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Minor Spills	<ul> <li>Clean up all spills immediately.</li> <li>Avoid breathing vapours and contact with skin and eyes.</li> <li>Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective equipment.</li> <li>Contain and absorb spill with sand, earth, inert material or vermiculite.</li> <li>Wipe up.</li> <li>Place in a suitable, labelled container for waste disposal.</li> </ul>
Major Spills	Moderate hazard.  Clear area of personnel and move upwind.  Alert Fire Department and tell them location and nature of hazard.  Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves.  Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water course.  No smoking, naked lights or ignition sources.  Increase ventilation.  Stop leak if safe to do so.  Contain spill with sand, earth or vermiculite.  Collect recoverable product into labelled containers for recycling.  Absorb remaining product with sand, earth or vermiculite.  Collect solid residues and seal in labelled drums for disposal.  Wash area and prevent runoff into drains.  If contamination of drains or waterways occurs, advise emergency services.

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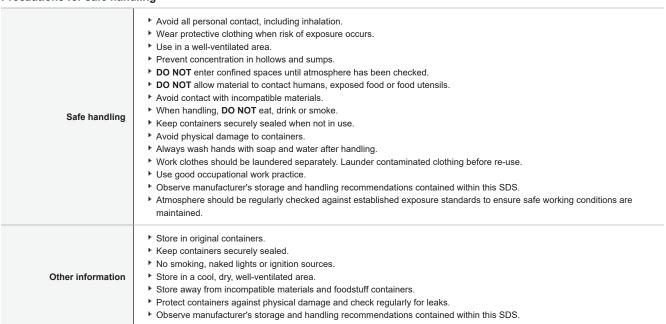
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Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

# **SECTION 7 Handling and storage**

#### Precautions for safe handling



# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container	Metal can or drum     Packaging as recommended by manufacturer.     Check all containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks.
Storage incompatibility	None known

# SECTION 8 Exposure controls / personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

# Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

#### INGREDIENT DATA

Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1	Glycerol	Glycerin (mist)- Total dust	15 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1	Glycerol	Glycerin (mist)- Respirable fraction	5 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)	Glycerol	Glycerin (mist)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	See Appendix D

#### **Exposure controls**

	Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard. Well-designed engineering controls can be highly effective in protecting workers and will typically be independent of worker interactions to provide this high level of protection.  The basic types of engineering controls are:
Appropriate engineering controls	Process controls which involve changing the way a job activity or process is done to reduce the risk.  Enclosure and/or isolation of emission source which keeps a selected hazard 'physically' away from the worker and ventilation that strategically 'adds' and 'removes' air in the work environment. Ventilation can remove or dilute an air contaminant if designed

Employers may need to use multiple types of controls to prevent employee overexposure.

properly. The design of a ventilation system must match the particular process and chemical or contaminant in use.

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General exhaust is adequate under normal operating conditions. Local exhaust ventilation may be required in specific circumstances. If risk of overexposure exists, wear approved respirator. Correct fit is essential to obtain adequate protection. Provide adequate ventilation in warehouse or closed storage areas. Air contaminants generated in the workplace possess varying 'escape' velocities which, in turn, determine the 'capture velocities' of fresh circulating air required to effectively remove the contaminant.

Type of Contaminant:	Air Speed:
solvent, vapours, degreasing etc., evaporating from tank (in still air).	0.25-0.5 m/s (50-100 f/min)
aerosols, fumes from pouring operations, intermittent container filling, low speed conveyer transfers, welding, spray drift, plating acid fumes, pickling (released at low velocity into zone of active generation)	0.5-1 m/s (100-200 f/min.)
direct spray, spray painting in shallow booths, drum filling, conveyer loading, crusher dusts, gas discharge (active generation into zone of rapid air motion)	1-2.5 m/s (200-500 f/min.)
grinding, abrasive blasting, tumbling, high speed wheel generated dusts (released at high initial velocity into zone of very high rapid air motion).	2.5-10 m/s (500-2000 f/min.)

Within each range the appropriate value depends on:

Lower end of the range	Upper end of the range
1: Room air currents minimal or favourable to capture	1: Disturbing room air currents
2: Contaminants of low toxicity or of nuisance value only.	2: Contaminants of high toxicity
3: Intermittent, low production.	3: High production, heavy use
4: Large hood or large air mass in motion	4: Small hood-local control only

Simple theory shows that air velocity falls rapidly with distance away from the opening of a simple extraction pipe. Velocity generally decreases with the square of distance from the extraction point (in simple cases). Therefore the air speed at the extraction point should be adjusted, accordingly, after reference to distance from the contaminating source. The air velocity at the extraction fan, for example, should be a minimum of 1-2 m/s (200-400 f/min) for extraction of solvents generated in a tank 2 meters distant from the extraction point. Other mechanical considerations, producing performance deficits within the extraction apparatus, make it essential that theoretical air velocities are multiplied by factors of 10 or more when extraction systems are installed or used.

# Personal protection









# Eye and face protection

- ► Safety glasses with side shields.
- ► Chemical goggles.
- Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. A written policy document, describing the wearing of lenses or restrictions on use, should be created for each workplace or task. This should include a review of lens absorption and adsorption for the class of chemicals in use and an account of injury experience. Medical and first-aid personnel should be trained in their removal and suitable equipment should be readily available. In the event of chemical exposure, begin eye irrigation immediately and remove contact lens as soon as practicable. Lens should be removed at the first signs of eye redness or irritation lens should be removed in a clean environment only after workers have washed hands thoroughly. [CDC NIOSH Current Intelligence Bulletin 59], [AS/NZS 1336 or national equivalent]

See Hand protection below

# Hands/feet protection

- ▶ Wear chemical protective gloves, e.g. PVC.
- ▶ Wear safety footwear or safety gumboots, e.g. Rubber

# Body protection

Skin protection

See Other protection below

# Other protection

- Overalls.P.V.C apron.
- Barrier cream.
- Barrier cream.
- ▶ Skin cleansing cream.
- ▶ Eye wash unit.

# **SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties**

# Information on basic physical and chemical properties

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Appearance	Blue liquid		
Physical state	Liquid	Relative density (Water =	Not Available

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		1)	
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Available
pH (as supplied)	7.2	Decomposition temperature	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	100
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	100	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Available
Flash point (°C)	> 100	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Available	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Not Applicable	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Available
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Volatile Component (%vol)	Not Available
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Available	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water	Immiscible	pH as a solution (%)	Not Available
Vapour density (Air = 1)	1.05	VOC g/L	435

# **SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity**

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	<ul> <li>Unstable in the presence of incompatible materials.</li> <li>Product is considered stable.</li> <li>Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.</li> </ul>
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

# **SECTION 11 Toxicological information**

# Information on toxicological effects

Inhaled	The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or irritation of the respiratory tract. Nevertheless, good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable control measures be used in an occupational setting.
Ingestion	The material has <b>NOT</b> been classified as 'harmful by ingestion'. This is because of the lack of corroborating animal or human evidence.
Skin Contact	Skin contact is not thought to have harmful health effects; the material may still produce health damage following entry through wounds, lesions or abrasions.
Eye	This material can cause eye irritation and damage in some persons.
Chronic	Long-term exposure to the product is not thought to produce chronic effects adverse to the health; nevertheless exposure by all routes should be minimized as a matter of course.

Acute Toxicity	×	Carcinogenicity	×
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	×	Reproductivity	×
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	•	STOT - Single Exposure	×

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Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	×	STOT - Repeated Exposure	×
Mutagenicity	×	Aspiration Hazard	×

# **SECTION 12 Ecological information**

#### **Toxicity**

Hannalan ManaBukkia	Endpoint	-	Test Duration (hr)	:	Speci	ies	Value		Source		
Hercules MegaBubble	Not Available	1	Not Available	1	Not A	vailable	Not A	lot Available		Not Available	
	Endpoint	-	Test Duration (hr)	;	Speci	ies	Value		s	ource	
water	Not Available	1	Not Available	ī	Not Available Not Available		/ailable	Not Av		ilable	
	Endpoint	1	Test Duration (hr)			Species		Value		Sc	ource
Glycerol	EC0(ECx)	2	24h			Crustacea		>500m	g/l	1	
	LC50	g	96h			Fish		885mg	/I	2	
	Endpoint	Test	Duration (hr)	Species		Value	/alue S				
lauryldimethylamine oxide	EC50	72h		Algae or other aquatic plants			0.015mg/l		2		
	LC50	96h		Fish				2.4mg/l		2	
	EC50	48h		Crusta	acea				2.9mg/l		2
	EC10(ECx)	72h	72h Algae or other aquatic plants 0.				0.002mg/	l	2		
	Endpoint	Tes	t Duration (hr)	Specie	es				Value		Source
	NOEC(ECx)	336	336h		Algae or other aquatic plants				<5300mg/l		1
	EC50	72h		Algae or other aquatic plants				19300mg/l		2	
propylene glycol	LC50	96h		Fish				>10000mg/l		2	
	EC50	48h		Crustacea				>114.4mg/L		4	
	EC50	96h		Algae	or oth	er aquatic pla	ints		19000mg/l		2
Legend:	3. EPIWIN Suite	V3.12 (G	Toxicity Data 2. Europ (SAR) - Aquatic Toxici Assessment Data 6. I	ty Data (Es	stimate	ed) 4. US EPA	A, Ecotox d	atabase	- Aquatic T	oxicity	Data 5.

May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Do NOT allow product to come in contact with surface waters or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment wash-waters.

Wastes resulting from use of the product must be disposed of on site or at approved waste sites.

# Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
water	LOW	LOW
Glycerol	LOW	LOW
lauryldimethylamine oxide	LOW	LOW
propylene glycol	LOW	LOW

# **Bioaccumulative potential**

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
Glycerol	LOW (LogKOW = -1.76)
lauryldimethylamine oxide	HIGH (LogKOW = 4.673)
propylene glycol	LOW (BCF = 1)

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#### Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
Glycerol	HIGH (KOC = 1)
lauryldimethylamine oxide	LOW (KOC = 18660)
propylene glycol	HIGH (KOC = 1)

# **SECTION 13 Disposal considerations**

#### Waste treatment methods

Legislation addressing waste disposal requirements may differ by country, state and/ or territory. Each user must refer to laws operating in their area. In some areas, certain wastes must be tracked.

A Hierarchy of Controls seems to be common - the user should investigate:

- Reduction
- ▶ Reuse
- ► Recycling
- Disposal (if all else fails)

# Product / Packaging disposal

This material may be recycled if unused, or if it has not been contaminated so as to make it unsuitable for its intended use. If it has been contaminated, it may be possible to reclaim the product by filtration, distillation or some other means. Shelf life considerations should also be applied in making decisions of this type. Note that properties of a material may change in use, and recycling or reuse may not always be appropriate.

- ▶ DO NOTallow wash water from cleaning or process equipment to enter drains.
- ▶ It may be necessary to collect all wash water for treatment before disposal.
- ▶ In all cases disposal to sewer may be subject to local laws and regulations and these should be considered first.
- Where in doubt contact the responsible authority.
- ▶ Recycle wherever possible or consult manufacturer for recycling options.
- Consult State Land Waste Management Authority for disposal.
- ▶ Bury residue in an authorised landfill.
- \* Recycle containers if possible, or dispose of in an authorised landfill.

# **SECTION 14 Transport information**

# Labels Required

Marine Pollutant	NO

Land transport (DOT): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

# Transport in bulk in accordance with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code

Product name	Group
water	Not Available
Glycerol	Not Available
lauryldimethylamine oxide	Not Available
propylene glycol	Not Available

#### Transport in bulk in accordance with the ICG Code

Product name	Ship Type
water	Not Available
Glycerol	Not Available
lauryldimethylamine oxide	Not Available
propylene glycol	Not Available

#### **SECTION 15 Regulatory information**

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#### Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

# water is found on the following regulatory lists

US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory

US TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory - Interim List of Active Substances

#### Glycerol is found on the following regulatory lists

US DOE Temporary Emergency Exposure Limits (TEELs)

US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)

US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1

US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory US TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory - Interim List of Active Substances

#### lauryldimethylamine oxide is found on the following regulatory lists

US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory

US TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory - Interim List of Active Substances

#### propylene glycol is found on the following regulatory lists

US AIHA Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels (WEELs)

US ATSDR Minimal Risk Levels for Hazardous Substances (MRLs)

US DOE Temporary Emergency Exposure Limits (TEELs)

US EPA Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS)

US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory US Toxicology Excellence for Risk Assessment (TERA) Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels (WEEL)

US TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory - Interim List of Active Substances

# **Federal Regulations**

#### Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

# Section 311/312 hazard categories

Gas under pressure         No           Explosive         No           Self-heating         No           Pyrophoric (Liquid or Solid)         No           Pyrophoric Gas         No           Corrosive to metal         No           Oxidizer (Liquid, Solid or Gas)         No           Organic Peroxide         No           Self-reactive         No           In contact with water emits flammable gas         No           Corrisopericity         No           Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)         No           Reproductive toxicity         No           Skin Corrosion or Irritation         No           Respiratory or Skin Sensitization         No           Serious eye damage or eye irritation         Yes           Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)         No           Aspiration Hazard         No           Germ cell mutagenicity         No           Simple Asphyxiant         No           Heazards Not Otherwise Classified         No	Flammable (Gases, Aerosols, Liquids, or Solids)	No
Self-heating No Pyrophoric (Liquid or Solid) No Pyrophoric Gas No Corrosive to metal No Oxidizer (Liquid, Solid or Gas) No Oxidizer (Liquid, Solid or Gas) No Organic Peroxide No Self-reactive No In contact with water emits flammable gas No Combustible Dust No Carcinogenicity No Acute toxicity (any route of exposure) No Reproductive toxicity (any route of exposure) No Skin Corrosion or Irritation No Self-reactive No Serious eye damage or eye irritation Yes Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure) No Aspiration Hazard No Semoell mutagenicity No Semoell mutag	Gas under pressure	No
Pyrophoric (Liquid or Solid)         No           Pyrophoric Gas         No           Corrosive to metal         No           Oxidizer (Liquid, Solid or Gas)         No           Organic Peroxide         No           Self-reactive         No           In contact with water emits flammable gas         No           Combustible Dust         No           Carcinogenicity         No           Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)         No           Reproductive toxicity         No           Skin Corrosion or Irritation         No           Respiratory or Skin Sensitization         No           Serious eye damage or eye irritation         Yes           Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)         No           Aspiration Hazard         No           Germ cell mutagenicity         No           Simple Asphyxiant         No	Explosive	No
Pyrophoric Gas No Corrosive to metal No Oxidizer (Liquid, Solid or Gas) No Organic Peroxide No Self-reactive No In contact with water emits flammable gas No Combustible Dust No Carcinogenicity No Acute toxicity (any route of exposure) No Reproductive toxicity (any route of exposure) No Skin Corrosion or Irritation No Serious eye damage or eye irritation Yes Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure) No Aspiration Hazard No Simple Asphyxiant No Simpl	Self-heating	No
Corrosive to metal No Oxidizer (Liquid, Solid or Gas) No Organic Peroxide No Self-reactive No In contact with water emits flammable gas No Combustible Dust No Carcinogenicity No Acute toxicity (any route of exposure) No Reproductive toxicity (any route of exposure) No Skin Corrosion or Irritation No Respiratory or Skin Sensitization No Serious eye damage or eye irritation Yes Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure) No Aspiratory damage or eye irritation No Cerm cell mutagenicity No Simple Asphyxiant No	Pyrophoric (Liquid or Solid)	No
Oxidizer (Liquid, Solid or Gas) Organic Peroxide No Self-reactive No In contact with water emits flammable gas No Combustible Dust No Carcinogenicity No Acute toxicity (any route of exposure) No Reproductive toxicity No Skin Corrosion or Irritation No Respiratory or Skin Sensitization No Serious eye damage or eye irritation Yes Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure) No Germ cell mutagenicity No Simple Asphyxiant	Pyrophoric Gas	No
Organic Peroxide No Self-reactive No In contact with water emits flammable gas No Combustible Dust No Carcinogenicity No Acute toxicity (any route of exposure) No Reproductive toxicity Reproductive toxicity No Skin Corrosion or Irritation No Respiratory or Skin Sensitization No Serious eye damage or eye irritation Yes Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure) No Aspiration Hazard No Germ cell mutagenicity No Simple Asphyxiant No	Corrosive to metal	No
Self-reactive No In contact with water emits flammable gas No Combustible Dust No Carcinogenicity No Acute toxicity (any route of exposure) No Reproductive toxicity No Skin Corrosion or Irritation No Respiratory or Skin Sensitization No Serious eye damage or eye irritation Yes Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure) No Aspiration Hazard No Germ cell mutagenicity No Simple Asphyxiant No	Oxidizer (Liquid, Solid or Gas)	No
In contact with water emits flammable gas  Combustible Dust  No  Carcinogenicity  No  Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)  No  Reproductive toxicity  No  Skin Corrosion or Irritation  Respiratory or Skin Sensitization  No  Serious eye damage or eye irritation  Yes  Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)  Aspiration Hazard  No  Germ cell mutagenicity  No  Simple Asphyxiant	Organic Peroxide	No
Combustible Dust Carcinogenicity No Acute toxicity (any route of exposure) No Reproductive toxicity No Skin Corrosion or Irritation Respiratory or Skin Sensitization No Serious eye damage or eye irritation Yes Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure) No Aspiration Hazard No Germ cell mutagenicity No Simple Asphyxiant No	Self-reactive	No
Carcinogenicity Acute toxicity (any route of exposure) Reproductive toxicity No Skin Corrosion or Irritation Respiratory or Skin Sensitization No Serious eye damage or eye irritation Yes Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure) No Aspiration Hazard No Germ cell mutagenicity No Simple Asphyxiant No	In contact with water emits flammable gas	No
Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)  Reproductive toxicity  No  Skin Corrosion or Irritation  Respiratory or Skin Sensitization  No  Serious eye damage or eye irritation  Yes  Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)  Aspiration Hazard  Ro  Germ cell mutagenicity  No  Simple Asphyxiant	Combustible Dust	No
Reproductive toxicity  Skin Corrosion or Irritation  Respiratory or Skin Sensitization  No  Serious eye damage or eye irritation  Yes  Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)  No  Aspiration Hazard  No  Germ cell mutagenicity  No  Simple Asphyxiant	Carcinogenicity	No
Skin Corrosion or Irritation No Respiratory or Skin Sensitization No Serious eye damage or eye irritation Yes Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure) No Aspiration Hazard No Germ cell mutagenicity No Simple Asphyxiant No	Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)	No
Respiratory or Skin Sensitization No Serious eye damage or eye irritation Yes Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure) No Aspiration Hazard No Germ cell mutagenicity No Simple Asphyxiant No	Reproductive toxicity	No
Serious eye damage or eye irritation  Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)  Aspiration Hazard  No  Germ cell mutagenicity  No  Simple Asphyxiant  No	Skin Corrosion or Irritation	No
Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)  Aspiration Hazard  No  Germ cell mutagenicity  No  Simple Asphyxiant  No	Respiratory or Skin Sensitization	No
Aspiration Hazard No Germ cell mutagenicity No Simple Asphyxiant No	Serious eye damage or eye irritation	Yes
Germ cell mutagenicity No Simple Asphyxiant No	Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)	No
Simple Asphyxiant No	Aspiration Hazard	No
	Germ cell mutagenicity	No
Hazards Not Otherwise Classified No	Simple Asphyxiant	No
	Hazards Not Otherwise Classified	No

# US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances and Reportable Quantities (40 CFR 302.4)

None Reported

# State Regulations

# US. California Proposition 65

This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins. For more information go to www.Prop65Warnings.ca.gov.

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National Inventory	Status
USA - TSCA	Yes
Legend:	Yes = All CAS declared ingredients are on the inventory  No = One or more of the CAS listed ingredients are not on the inventory and are not exempt from listing(see specific ingredients in brackets)

#### **SECTION 16 Other information**

Revision Date	04/06/2021
Initial Date	05/27/2021

#### Other information

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

#### **Definitions and abbreviations**

PC-TWA: Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average

PC-STEL: Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit。

IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations

ES: Exposure Standard
OSF: Odour Safety Factor

NOAEL :No Observed Adverse Effect Level

LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level

TLV: Threshold Limit Value LOD: Limit Of Detection OTV: Odour Threshold Value BCF: BioConcentration Factors BEI: Biological Exposure Index

AIIC: Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

DSL: Domestic Substances List NDSL: Non-Domestic Substances List

IECSC: Inventory of Existing Chemical Substance in China

EINECS: European INventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances

ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

NLP: No-Longer Polymers

ENCS: Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory

KECI: Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory NZIoC: New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

PICCS: Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act TCSI: Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory INSQ: Inventario Nacional de Sustancias Químicas

NCI: National Chemical Inventory

FBEPH: Russian Register of Potentially Hazardous Chemical and Biological Substances