



EN

USER MANUAL

FREEZER

Upright



Please read the Manual carefully before use.

The Manual shall be kept in good custody for later reference



MODEL: MRU05M2AWW

version:001

www.midea.com

CONTENTS

1 Safety warnings

1.1 Warning	1-2
1.2 Meanings of safety warning symbols	3
1.3 Electricity related warnings	3
1.4 Warnings for using	4
1.5 Warnings for placement	4-5
1.6 Warnings for energy	5
1.7 Warnings for disposal	5

2 Proper use of the refrigerator

2.1 Placement	6
2.2 Levelling feet	7
2.3 Door Right-Left Change	7-8
2.4 Starting	9
2.5 Energy saving tips	9

3 Structure and functions

3.1 Key components	10
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4 Maintenance and care of the refrigerator

4.1 Overall cleaning	11
4.2 Defrosting	11
4.3 Out of operation	11

5 Trouble shooting

5.1 Trouble shooting	12
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DEAR CUSTOMER:

Thank you for buying this upright freezer. To ensure that you get the best results from your new upright freezer, please take time to read through the simple instructions in this booklet. Please ensure that the packing material is disposed of in accordance with the current environmental requirements.

When disposing of any upright freezer equipment please contact your local waste disposal department for advice on safe disposal. This appliance must be only used for its intended purpose.

1 Safety warnings

1.1 Warning



Warning: risk of fire / flammable materials

THIS appliance is intended to be used in household and similar applications such as staff kitchen areas in shops, offices and other working environments; farm houses and by clients in hotels, motels and other residential type environments; bed and breakfast type environments; catering and similar non-retail applications.

THIS appliance is not intended for use by persons (including children) with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities, or lack of experience and knowledge, unless they have been given supervision or instruction concerning use of the appliance by a person responsible for their safety.)

IF the supply cord is damaged, it must be replaced by the manufacturer, its service agent or similarly qualified persons in order to avoid a hazard.

DO not store explosive substances such as aerosol cans with a flammable propellant in this appliance.

THE appliance has to be unplugged after use and before carrying out user maintenance on the appliance.

WARNING: Keep ventilation openings, in the appliance enclosure or in the built-in structure, clear of obstruction.

WARNING: Do not use mechanical devices or other means to accelerate the defrosting process, other than those recommended by the manufacturer.

WARNING: Do not damage the refrigerant circuit.

WARNING: Do not use electrical appliances inside the food storage compartments of the appliance, unless they are of the type recommended by the manufacturer.

WARNING: Please abandon the refrigerator according to local regulators for its use flammable blowing gas and refrigerant.

WARNING: When positioning the appliance, ensure the supply cord is not trapped or damaged.

WARNING: Do not locate multiple portable socket-outlets or portable power supplies at the rear of the appliance.

DO not use extension cords or ungrounded (two prong) adapters.

DANGER: Risk of child entrapment. Before you throw away your old refrigerator or freezer:

–Take off the doors.

–Leave the shelves in place so that children may not easily climb inside.

THE refrigerator must be disconnected from the source of electrical supply before attempting the installation of accessory.

REFRIGERANT and cyclopentane foaming material used for the appliance are flammable. Therefore, when the appliance is scrapped, it shall be kept away from any fire source and be recovered by a special recovering company with corresponding qualification other than be disposed by combustion, so as to prevent damage to the environment or any other harm.

CHILDREN should be supervised to ensure that they do not play with the appliance.

THIS appliance can be used by children aged from 8 years and above and persons with reduce physical sensory or mental capabilities or lack of experience and knowledge if they have been given supervision or instruction concerning use of the appliance in a safe way and understand the hazards involved. Children shall not play with the appliance. Cleaning and user maintenance shall not be made by children without supervision. Children aged from 3 to 8 years are allowed to load and unload refrigerating appliances.

WARNING: To avoid a hazard due to instability of the appliance, it must be fixed in accordance with the instructions.

WARNING: Connect to potable water supply only. (Suitable for ice making machine)

TO Prevent A Child From Being Entrapped, Keep Out Of Reach Of Children And Not In The Vicinity Of Freezer (Or Refrigerator)." (Suitable for products with locks)

1.2 Meaning of safety warning symbols



Prohibition symbol

This is a prohibition symbol.
Any in compliance with instructions marked with this symbol may result in damage to the product or endanger the personal safety of the user.



Warning symbol

This is a warning symbol.
It is required to operate in strict observance of instructions marked with this symbol; or otherwise damage to the product or personal injury may be caused.

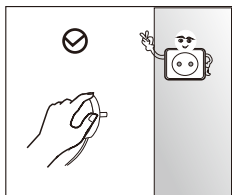


Note symbol

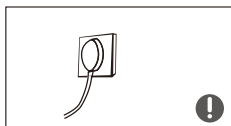
This is a cautioning symbol.
Instructions marked with this symbol require special caution. Insufficient caution may result in slight or moderate injury, or damage to the product.

This manual contains lots of important safety information which shall be observed by the users.

1.3 Electricity related warnings



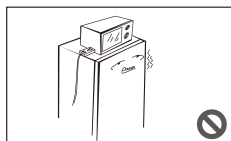
- Do not pull the power cord when pulling the power plug of the refrigerator. Please firmly grasp the plug and pull out it from the socket directly.
- To ensure safe use, do not damage the power cord or use the power cord when it is damaged or worn.



- Please use a dedicated power socket and the power socket shall not be shared with other electrical appliances. The power cord should be firmly contacted with the socket or else fires might be caused.
- Please ensure that the grounding electrode of the power socket is equipped with a reliable grounding line.

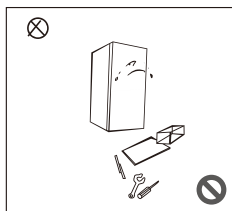


- Please turn off the valve of the leaking gas and then open the doors and windows in case of leakage of gas and other flammable gases. Do not unplug the refrigerator and other electrical appliances considering that spark may cause a fire.

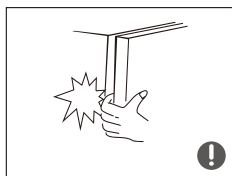


- Do not use electrical appliances on the top of the appliance, unless they are of the type recommended by the manufacturer.

1.4 Warnings for using



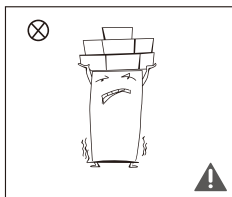
- Do not arbitrarily disassemble or reconstruct the refrigerator, nor damage the refrigerant circuit; maintenance of the appliance must be conducted by a specialist
- Damaged power cord must be replaced by the manufacturer, its maintenance department or related professionals in order to avoid danger.



- The gaps between refrigerator doors and between doors and refrigerator body are small, be noted not to put your hand in these areas to prevent from squeezing the finger. Please be gentle when close the refrigerator door to avoid falling articles.
- Do not pick foods or containers with wet hands in the freezing chamber when the refrigerator is running, especially metal containers in order to avoid frostbite.

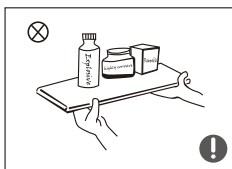


- Do not allow any child to get into or climb the refrigerator; otherwise suffocation or falling injury of the child may be caused.

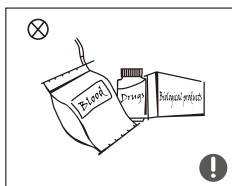


- Do not place heavy objects on the top of the refrigerator considering that objectives may fall when close or open the door, and accidental injuries might be caused.
- Please pull out the plug in case of power failure or cleaning. Do not connect the freezer to power supply within five minutes to prevent damages to the compressor due to successive starts.

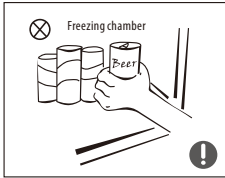
1.5 Warnings for placement



- Do not put flammable, explosive, volatile and highly corrosive items in the refrigerator to prevent damages to the product or fire accidents.
- Do not place flammable items near the refrigerator to avoid fires.



- The refrigerator is intended for household use, such as storage of foods; it shall not be used for other purposes, such as storage of blood, drugs or biological products, etc.



- Do not store beer, beverage or other fluid contained in bottles or enclosed containers in the freezing chamber of the refrigerator; otherwise the bottles or enclosed containers may crack due to freezing to cause damages.

1.6 Warnings for energy

- 1) Refrigerating appliances might not operate consistently (possibility of defrosting of contents or temperature becoming too warm in the frozen food compartment) when sited for an extended period of time below the cold end of the range of temperatures for which the refrigerating appliance is designed.
- 2) The fact that effervescent drinks should not be stored in food freezer compartments, and that some products such as water ices should not be consumed too cold;
- 3) The need to not exceed the storage time(s) recommended by the food manufacturers for any kind of food and particularly for commercially quick-frozen food in freezer;
- 4) The precautions necessary to prevent an undue rise in the temperature of the frozen food while defrosting the refrigerating appliance, such as wrapping the frozen food in several layers of newspaper.
- 5) The fact that a rise in temperature of the frozen food during manual defrosting, maintenance or cleaning could shorten the storage life.
- 6) The necessity that, for doors or lids fitted with locks and keys, the keys be kept out of the reach of children and not in the vicinity of the refrigerating appliance, in order to prevent children from being locked inside

1.7 Warnings for disposal

Refrigerant and cyclopentane foaming material used for the refrigerator are flammable.



Therefore, when the refrigerator is scraped, it shall be kept away from any fire source and be recovered by a special recovering company with corresponding qualification other than be disposed by combustion, so as to prevent damage to the environment or any other harm.



When the refrigerator is scraped, disassemble the doors, and remove the seal of the door and shelves; put the doors and shelves in a proper place, so as to prevent trapping of any child.

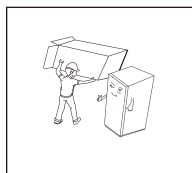


Correct Disposal of this product:

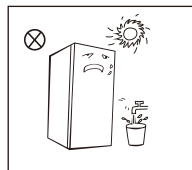
This marking indicates that this product should not be disposed with other household wastes throughout the EU. To prevent possible harm to the environment or human health from uncontrolled waste disposal, recycle it responsibly to promote the sustainable reuse of material resources. To return your used device, please use the return and collection systems or contact the retailer where the product was purchased. They can take this product for environmental safe recycling.

2 Proper use of refrigerators

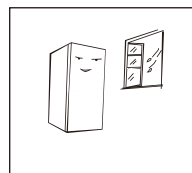
2.1 Placement



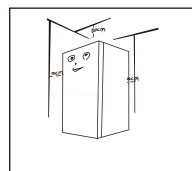
- Before use, remove all packing materials, including bottom cushions, foam pads and tapes inside of the refrigerator; tear off the protective film on the doors and the refrigerator body.



- Keep away from heat and avoid direct sunlight. Do not place the freezer in moist or watery places to prevent rust or reduction of insulating effect.
- Do not spray or wash the refrigerator; do not put the refrigerator in moist places easy to be splashed with water so as not to affect the electrical insulation properties of the refrigerator.



- The refrigerator is placed in a well-ventilated indoor place; the ground shall be flat, and sturdy (rotate left or right to adjust the wheel for levelling if unstable).



- The top space of the refrigerator shall be greater than 30cm, and The refrigerator should be placed against a wall with a free distance more than 10cm to facilitate heat dissipation.

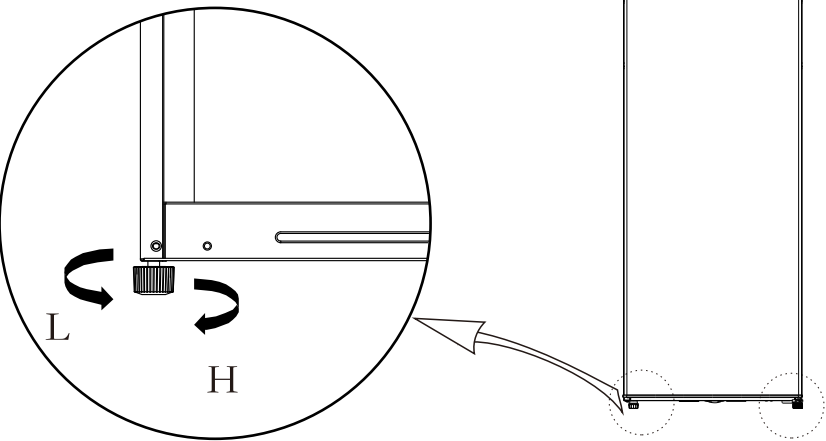
⚠ Precautions before installation:

Information in the Instruction Manual is only for reference. The physical product may differ. Before installation and adjusting of accessories, it shall be ensured that the refrigerator is disconnected from power.

Precautions shall be taken to prevent fall of the handle from causing any personal injury.

2.2 levelling feet

Schematic diagram of the levelling feet







(The picture above is only for reference. The actual configuration will depend on the physical product or statement by the distributor)

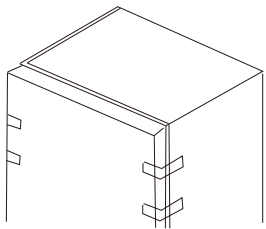
Adjusting procedures:

- a. Turn the feet clockwise to raise the refrigerator;
- b. Turn the feet counterclockwise to lower the refrigerator;
- c. Adjust the right and left feet based on the procedures above to a horizontal level.

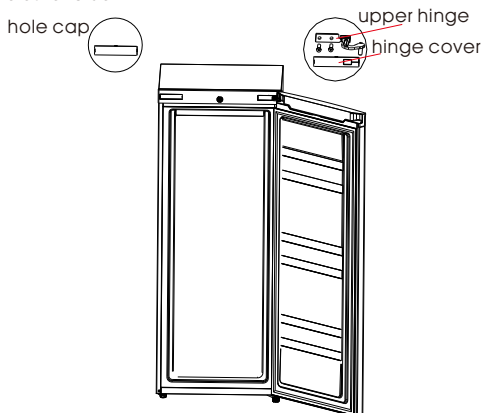
2.3 Door Right-Left Change

List of tools to be provided by the user			
	Cross screwdriver		Putty knife
	5/16" socket and ratchet		thin-blade screwdriver
			Masking tape

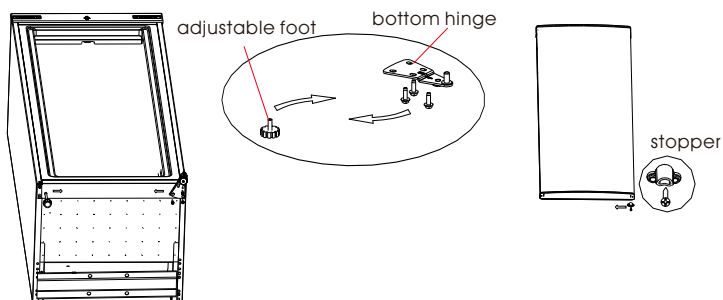
- 1)Power off the refrigerator, and remove all objects from the door trays.
- 2)Fix the door by tape.



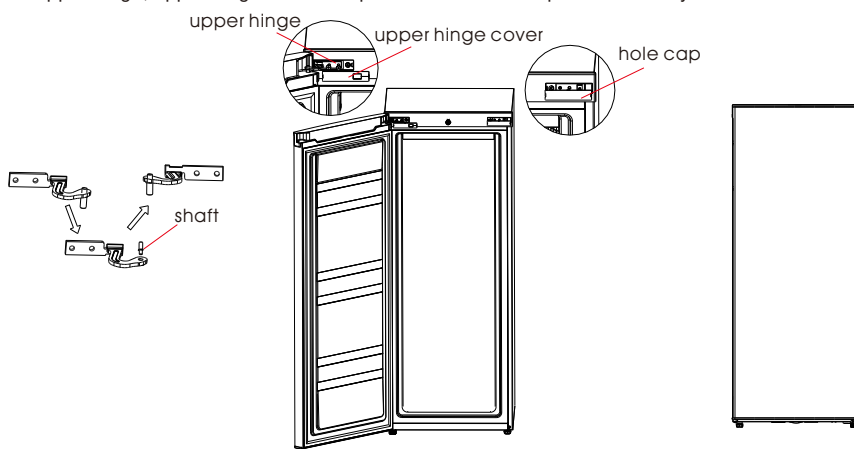
3) Dismantle the upper hinge cover, screws and upper hinge, and remove the plastic screw hole cap from the other side.



4) Dismantle the door and the bottom hinge assembly and adjustable foot, then assemble the bottom hinge assembly and adjustable foot on other side. Dismantle the stopper from the right bottom side of door, and assemble it on other side of the door.

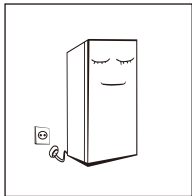


5) Put the door on bottom hinge, assemble the shaft of the top hinge as the follow picture and assemble the upper hinge, upper hinge cover and plastic screw hole caps successively.

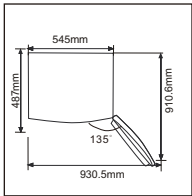


⚠ (The picture above is only for reference. The actual configuration will depend on the physical product or statement by the distributor)

2.4 Starting



- Before initial start, keep the refrigerator still for half an hour before connecting it to power supply.
- Before putting any fresh or frozen foods, the refrigerator shall have run for 2-3 hours, or for above 4 hours in summer when the ambient temperature is high.



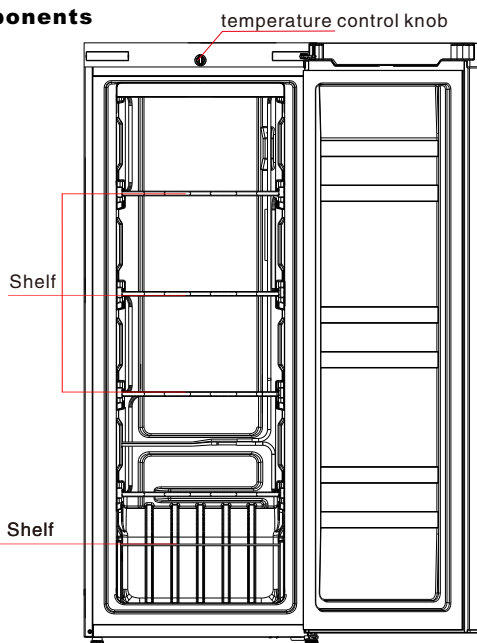
- Spare enough space for convenient opening of the doors and drawers or statement by the distributor.


2.5 Energy saving tips

- The appliance should be located in the coolest area of the room, away from heat producing appliances or heating ducts, and out of the direct sunlight.
- Let hot foods cool to room temperature before placing in the appliance. Overloading the appliance forces the compressor to run longer. Foods that freeze too slowly may lose quality, or spoil.
- Be sure to wrap foods properly, and wipe containers dry before placing them in the appliance. This cuts down on frost build-up inside the appliance.
- Appliance storage bin should not be lined with aluminum foil, wax paper, or paper toweling. Liners interfere with cold air circulation, making the appliance less efficient.
- Organize and label food to reduce door openings and extended searches. Remove as many items as needed at one time, and close the door as soon as possible.

3 Structure and functions

3.1 Key components



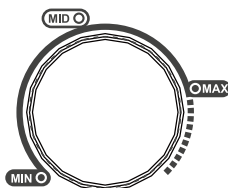
 (The picture above is only for reference. The actual configuration will depend on the physical product or statement by the distributor)


Freezing chamber

- The low temperature freezing chamber may keep food fresh for a long time and it is mainly used to store frozen foods and making ice.
- The freezing chamber is suitable for storage of meat, fish, rice balls and other foods not to be consumed in short term.
- Chunks of meat are preferably to be divided into small pieces for easy access. Please be noted food shall be consumed within the shelf time.

Note: Storage of too much food during operation after the initial connection to power may adversely affect the freezing effect of the refrigerator. Foods stored shall not block the air outlet; or otherwise the freezing effect will also be adversely affected.

Temperature-control knob



 (The picture above is only for reference. The actual configuration will depend on the physical product or statement by the distributor)

- If the ambient temperature is too high or in summer, according to actual needs, the thermostat adjusted to MAX.
- If the ambient temperature is too low or in winter, according to actual needs, the thermostat adjusted to MIN.


Note: please use and adjust between MIN and MAX

4. Maintenance and care of the appliance

4.1 Cleaning

- Dusts behind the refrigerator and on the ground shall be timely cleaned to improve the cooling effect and energy saving.
- Check the door gasket regularly to make sure there are no debris. Clean the door gasket with a soft cloth dampened with soapy water or diluted detergent.
- The interior of the refrigerator should be cleaned regularly to avoid odor.
- Please turn off the power before cleaning interior, remove all foods, drinks, shelves, drawers, etc.
- Use a soft cloth or sponge to clean the inside of the refrigerator, with two tablespoons of baking soda and a quart of warm water. Then rinse with water and wipe clean. After cleaning, open the door and let it dry naturally before turning on the power.
- For areas that are difficult to clean in the refrigerator (such as narrow sandwiches, gaps or corners), it is recommended to wipe them regularly with a soft rag, softbrush, etc. and when necessary, combined with some auxiliary tools (such as thin sticks) to ensure no contaminants or bacterial accumulation in these areas.
- Do not use soap, detergent, scrub powder, spray cleaner, etc., as these may cause odors in the interior of the refrigerator or contaminated food.
- Clean the bottle frame, shelves and drawers with a soft cloth dampened with soapy water or diluted detergent. Dry with a soft cloth or dry naturally.
- Wipe the outer surface of the refrigerator with a soft cloth dampened with soapy water, detergent, etc., and then wipe dry.
- Do not use hard brushes, clean steel balls, wire brushes, abrasives (such as toothpastes), organic solvents (such as alcohol, acetone, banana oil, etc.), boiling water, acid or alkaline items, which may damage the cooler surface and interior. Boiling water and organic solvents such as benzene may deform or damage plastic parts.
- Do not rinse directly with water or other liquids during cleaning to avoid short circuits or affect electrical insulation after immersion.




 Please unplug the refrigerator for defrost and cleaning.

4.2 Defrosting

- Power off the refrigerator.
- Remove the food from the refrigerator and place it properly to prevent food from melting.
- Clear the drain pipe (to use soft materials to prevent damage to the liner), Prepare the water containers for defrosting.
(pay attention to clean the compressor compartment water draining tray, avoiding overflow to the ground).
- You can use the natural temperature for the natural defrost, you can also use the ice shovel to eliminate the frost (to use plastic or wooden ice shovel, for avoiding damage to the liner or pipe)
- You can also use the appropriate amount of hot water to speed up the defrost, with a dry towel to dry the water after defrosting.
- After defrosting, put back the foods in cabinet, and power on the refrigerator.

4.3 Out of operation

- Power failure: In case of power failure, even if it is in summer, foods inside the appliance can be kept for several hours; during the power failure, the times of door opening shall be reduced, and no more fresh food shall be put into the appliance.
- Long-time nonuse: The appliance shall be unplugged and then cleaned; then the doors are left open to prevent odor.
- Moving: Before the refrigerator is moved, take all objects inside out, fix the glass partitions, vegetable holder, freezing chamber drawers and etc. with tape, and tighten the leveling feet; close the doors and seal them with tape. During moving, the appliance shall not be laid upside down or horizontally, or be vibrated; the inclination during movement shall be no more than 45°.

 The appliance shall run continuously once it is started. Generally, the operation of the appliance shall not be interrupted; or otherwise the service life may be impaired

5. Trouble shooting

5.1 You may try to solve the following simple problems by yourself.
If them cannot be solved, please contact the after-sales department.

Failed operation	<p>Check whether the appliance is connected to power or whether the plug is in well contact</p> <p>Check whether the voltage is too low</p> <p>Check whether there is a power failure or partial circuits have tripped</p>
Odor	<p>Odorous foods shall be tightly wrapped</p> <p>Check whether there is any rotten food</p> <p>Clean the inside of the refrigerator</p>
Long-time operation of the compressor	<p>Long operation of the refrigerator is normal in summer when the ambient temperature is high</p> <p>It is not suggestible having too much food in the appliance at the same time</p> <p>Food shall get cool before being put into the appliance</p> <p>The doors are opened too frequently</p>
Light fails to get lit	<p>Check whether the refrigerator is connected to power supply and whether the illuminating light is damaged</p> <p>Have the light replaced by a specialist</p>
Doors cannot be properly closed	<p>The door is stuck by food packages Too much food is placed</p> <p>The refrigerator is tilted</p>
Loud noise	<p>Check whether the floor is level and whether the refrigerator is placed stably</p> <p>Check whether accessories are placed at proper locations</p>
Door seal fails to be tight	<p>Remove foreign matters on the door seal</p> <p>Heat the door seal and then cool it for restoration (or blow it with an electrical drier or use a hot towel for heating)</p>
Water pan overflows	<p>There is too much food in the chamber or food stored contains too much water,resulting in heavy defrosting</p> <p>The doors are not closed properly, resulting in frosting due to entry of air and increased water due to defrosting</p>
Hot housing	<p>Heat dissipation of the built-in condenser via the housing, which is normal</p> <p>When housing becomes hot due to high ambient temperature, storage of too much food or shutdown of the compressor is shut down, provide sound ventilation to facilitate heat dissipation</p>
Surface condensation	<p>Condensation on the exterior surface and door seals of the refrigerator is normal when the ambient humidity is too high. Just wipe the condensate with a clean towel.</p>
Abnormal noise	<p>Buzz: The compressor may produce buzzes during operation, and the buzzes are loud particularly upon start or stop. This is normal.</p> <p>Creak: Refrigerant flowing inside of the appliance may produce creak, which is normal.</p>



make yourself at home