Your Style Selections cushioned vinyl flooring will provide years of carefree use. You will find that it is not only beautiful, but durable. It is also much easier to maintain than most other flooring products because of the tough protective finish and moisture resistance.

It only takes a few simple care and maintenance steps to keep your floor looking new for years to come.

Care & Maintenance

To help protect and keep your floor clean, follow these proper care and maintenance guidelines:

- Sweep the floor regularly with a soft-bristle broom to remove loose dirt.
- Wash the floor with non-abrasive, neutral PH floor cleaner.
- For everyday maintenance, a mop moistened with warm water will suffice.
- Spills should be cleaned up immediately.
- Make sure furniture legs have large surface, non-staining floor protectors. Replace small, narrow metal or dome-shaped glides with smooth, flat glides that are in flat contact with the floor.
- Heavy furniture or appliances that are not moved often should be equipped with flat, non-staining composition furniture casters or cups of appropriate size.

DO NOT use the following on your vinyl floor

- Soap-based detergents
- Floor Wax
- Δ

- Abrasive or mopand-shine products
- Steam Mop
- Ammonia
 - Bleach solution greater than 3%
- Vacuum cleaners with a rotating beater bar

NOTE: Always read the cautionary information on all cleaners prior to use.

NOTE: Never push, pull or drag furniture, appliances or other items across the floor. When moving furniture or heavy items, always lift and carry the items if possible. Otherwise, use furniture sliders available at most hardware, home improvement and discount stores.

How to Treat Stains, Spills & Scuffs

Follow the remedies in order. Unless instructed otherwise, use a clean, white cloth or towel with products recommended for the manufacturer's LVT flooring. Always rinse the affected area with clean water after treatment.

Stain or Spill:

Acids, alkalis, blood, ketchup, mustard, food, fruit, fruit juices, candy, cleaners, strong soaps, dye, dye markings, urine and feces, grass, iodine, mercurochrome and rust.

Remedy:

- First, remove as much solid material as possible.
- Scrub the area with a vinyl cleaner at full strength.
- Rub the area with isopropyl alcohol.
- If the rust stain does not respond, use lemon juice or a cream of tartar solution.

Paint and Solvent Spills:

Dry cleaning fluids, lacquer and latex paint, nail polish, solvents, oil-based paints, wood stains and varnish.

Remedy:

- If the substance is dry, gently peel it from the floor. Avoid sharp instruments that could scratch floor.
- Scrub the area with non-abrasive cleaner suitable for vinyl flooring.
- Rub lightly with odorless mineral spirits or paint thinner.

NOTE: DO NOT USE ACETONE OR NAIL POLISH REMOVER!

Substances that Won't Wipe Up:

Adhesives, asphalt, chewing gum, oil, grease, candle wax and tar.

Remedy:

- First, remove as much solid material as possible.
- Carefully remove excess with a spoon or fingernail.
- Scrub the area with non-abrasive cleaner.
- Rub lightly with odorless mineral spirits, isopropyl alcohol or lighter fluids.



Scuffs & Smudges:

Rubber heel marks, shoe polish, scuffs and smudges.

Remedy:

- Rub the scuff with fingertip, rubber will come right off. The friction from the rubbing will remove rubber.
- Scrub the area with non-abrasive cleaner.
- Rub lightly with isopropyl alcohol or lighter fluid.

NOTE: Most grocery stores, discount stores, mass merchandisers and home centers carry cleaners suitable for vinyl flooring.

CAUTION! Isopropyl alcohol, lighter fluid, odorless mineral spirits and paint thinner are flammable solvents. Carefully read and follow cautionary information on their respective labels. Keep traffic off treated area for 30 minutes.