

01/01/09 Date: Supersedes:

Trade Name:

MSDS No:

All

Sizes: MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION I - IDENTIFICATION Manufacturer/Supplier: Product Name: METHYL ETHYL KETONE Dial Manufacturing, Inc. 25 S. 51st Avenue **Product Number:** 4674 and 4689 Phoenix, Arizona 85043 Tel. No.: (602) 278-1100 **SECTION II – HAZARDOUS MATERIALS Special Hazard** Methyl Ethyl Keton **Designations:: Chemical Name:** HMIS NFPA KEY **Chemical Family:** Ketone Health: 0-Minimal 2 1 Formula: CH₃COCH₂CH₃ Flammability: 3 3 1-Slight Molecular Weight: Reactivity: 0 0 2-Moderate 72 CAS Number: 78-93-3 Personal Protective G 3-Serious ___ Equipment: 4-Severe CAS Name: 2-Butanone 2-Butanone: MEK: Ethyl Methyl Synonyms: Ketone; Methyl Acetone; OSHA 29CFR1910.1200 **Evaluation:** Hazardous Butanone-2 **SECTION III – PHYSICAL DATA** (750mmHg) 79.6°C / 175°F Solubility in Water: (% by wt (a200(a20°C): 26.8 **Boiling Range:** -86.7°C / -124°F % Volatile by Volume: **Freezing Point:** 100% $H_20 = 1$ (a20/20°C): 0.8062 **Specific Gravity: Evaporation Rate:** (BuAc = 1): 5.7(20°C): 77.5 mm Hg Clear, colorless, mobile liquid Vapor Pressure: **Appearance and Odor:** Vapor Density with strong characteristic "ketone" odor $(Air = 1 (a20^{\circ}C): 2.5)$ SECTION IV - FIRE AND EXPLOSTION HAZARD DATA Flash Point (test method): Flammable limits in air, % by volume: Upper: 11.0 30°F / -1°C Tag open cup (ASTM D1310): Lower: 2.0 Tag closed cup (ASTM D56): 20°F / -7°C Use CO₂ or dry chemical for small fires, alcohol-type aqueous film-forming Extinguishing Media: foam or water spray for large fires. Water may be ineffective but should be used to cool fire-exposed structures and vessels. Vapor is heavier than air and can travel considerable distance to a source of Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: ignition and flashback. Material creates a special hazard because it floats on water. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and complete personal protective equipment when potential for exposure to vapors or products of Special Fire Fighting Procedures: combustion exists. Water spray can be used to reduce intensity of flames and to dilute spills to nonflammable mixture. SECTION V – HEALTH HAZARD DATA OSHA standard: 200 ppm, 8-hr TWA; ACGIH TLV: 200 ppm, 8-hr TWA; **Permissible Exposure Limits:** 300ppm, 15-min STEL **Immediately Dangerous to** 3000 ppm Life and Health Level: **Effects of Exposure/Toxicity Date (Acute):** Ingestion (swallowing): Can cause mental sluggishness. Slightly toxic to animals (oral LD50, rats: 4.8 g/kg.) Causes irritation of nasal passages and throat. Causes stupor (central nervous system Inhalation (breathing): depression). Slightly toxic to animals (inhalation LCLo, rats, 4 Hrs: 2000 ppm). Can cause moderate skin injury (reddening and swelling). Repeated or prolonged contact can cause drying of skin, also dermatitis. Slightly toxic to animals by **Skin contact:** absorption (dermal LD50, rabbits: 13 g/kg).

Liquid and vapors are irritating to eyes. Can cause severe injury -- damage reversible. Eye contact:

Effects of Exposure/Toxicity Date (Chronic):	
Mutagenicity:	In vitro, no information. In vivo, no information.
Carcinogenicity:	No information
Reproduction:	No evidence of reproductive effects.
SECTION VI – EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES	
Ingestion (swallowing):	Do not induce vomiting. Immediately give two glasses of water or milk. Contact a physician immediately.
Inhalation (breathing):	Remove patient from contaminated area. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration, then oxygen if needed. Contact a physician immediately.
Skin contact:	Remove contaminated clothing and wash contaminated skin with large amounts of water. If irritation persists, contact a physician.
Eye contact:	Flush eyes with water for at least 15 minutes. Contact a physician immediately.
SECTION VII – HAZARDOUS REACTIVITY DATA	
Stability:	Stable
Hazardous Polymerization:	Will not occur
Materials to Avoid:	Caustic soda and other strong alkalis: hydrochloric, sulfuric and other strong inorganic acids; amines; oxidizing agents such as hydrogen peroxide, nitric acid, perchloric acid or chromium trioxide.
Hazardous Combustion or Decomposition Products::	Carbon monoxide
Conditions to Avoid:	Heat, sparks and flame
SECTION VIII – SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES	
Steps to be taken in case material is released or spilled: Worte Dispessed Mathed:	Eliminate ignition sources. Avoid eye or skin contact. Place leaking containers in well-ventilated area. If fire potential exists, blanket spill with foam or use water spray to disperse vapors. Contain spill to minimize contaminated area and facilitate salvage or disposal. To clean up spill, flush area sparingly with water or use an absorbent. Avoid runoff into storm sewers and ditches which lead to natural waterways. Call the National Response Center (800-424-8802) if spill is equal to or greater than reportable quantity (5000 lb/day) under "Superfund". If required, state and local authorities should be notified. This product, when spilled or disposed, is a hazardous solid waste as defined in Becourse Concernation Becourse. Act regulations (400CER261) Broferrad
Waste Disposal Method:	Resource Conservation Recovery Act regulations (40CFR261). Preferred method is incineration or biological treatment in federal/state approved facility
SECTION IX – SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION	
Respiratory Protection:	Use full-face NIOSH-approved organic vapor cartridge or canister respirator within use limitations of these devices; in all other situations, use self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).
Ventilation: Mechanical (general): Protective Gloves:	Local exhaust: Recommended when appropriate to control employee exposure. Not recommended as the sole means of controlling employee exposure. Neoprene or rubber.
Eye Protection:	Chemical safety goggles.
Other Protective Equipment:	For operations where spills or splashing can occur, use impervious body covering and boots. A safety shower and eye bath should be available
SECTION X – SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS	
Precautions To Be Taken In Handling and Storing:	Store in a cool, well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Keep containers closed. Use spark-resistant tools. When transferring follow proper grounding procedures. Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly before re-use. Discard contaminated leather clothing.
SECTION XI – TRANSPORTATION DATA	
Shipping Name: Hazard Class: United Nations Number: DOT Emergency Response Guid	Methyl Ethyl Ketone Flammable Liquid UN 1193