

**IMPORTANT:
Read Before Using**

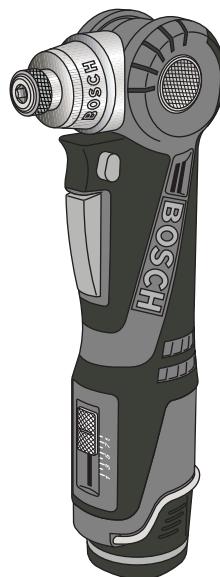
**IMPORTANT :
Lire avant usage**

**IMPORTANTE:
Leer antes de usar**



**Operating/Safety Instructions
Consignes de fonctionnement/sécurité
Instrucciones de funcionamiento y seguridad**

PS10



BOSCH

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1-877-BOSCH99 (1-877-267-2499) www.boschtools.com

**For English Version
See page 2**

**Version française
Voir page 14**

**Versión en español
Ver la página 26**

General Power Tool Safety Warnings

⚠ WARNING Read all safety warnings and all instructions. Failure to follow the warnings and instructions may result in electric shock, fire and/or serious injury.

SAVE ALL WARNINGS AND INSTRUCTIONS FOR FUTURE REFERENCE

The term "power tool" in the warnings refers to your mains-operated (corded) power tool or battery-operated (cordless) power tool.

Work area safety

Keep work area clean and well lit. Cluttered or dark areas invite accidents.

Do not operate power tools in explosive atmospheres, such as in the presence of flammable liquids, gases or dust. Power tools create sparks which may ignite the dust or fumes.

Keep children and bystanders away while operating a power tool. Distractions can cause you to lose control.

Electrical safety

Power tool plugs must match the outlet. Never modify the plug in any way. Do not use any adapter plugs with earthed (grounded) power tools. Unmodified plugs and matching outlets will reduce risk of electric shock.

Avoid body contact with earthed or grounded surfaces such as pipes, radiators, ranges and refrigerators. There is an increased risk of electric shock if your body is earthed or grounded.

Do not expose power tools to rain or wet conditions. Water entering a power tool will increase the risk of electric shock.

Do not abuse the cord. Never use the cord for carrying, pulling or unplugging the power tool. Keep cord away from heat, oil, sharp edges or moving parts. Damaged or entangled cords increase the risk of electric shock.

When operating a power tool outdoors, use an extension cord suitable for outdoor use. Use of a cord suitable for outdoor use reduces the risk of electric shock.

If operating a power tool in a damp location is unavoidable, use a Ground Fault Circuit Interrupter (GFCI) protected supply. Use of an GFCI reduces the risk of electric shock.

Personal safety

Stay alert, watch what you are doing and use common sense when operating a

power tool. Do not use a power tool while you are tired or under the influence of drugs, alcohol or medication. A moment of inattention while operating power tools may result in serious personal injury.

Use personal protective equipment. Always wear eye protection. Protective equipment such as dust mask, non-skid safety shoes, hard hat, or hearing protection used for appropriate conditions will reduce personal injuries.

Prevent unintentional starting. Ensure the switch is in the off-position before connecting to power source and / or battery pack, picking up or carrying the tool. Carrying power tools with your finger on the switch or energizing power tools that have the switch on invites accidents.

Remove any adjusting key or wrench before turning the power tool on. A wrench or a key left attached to a rotating part of the power tool may result in personal injury.

Do not overreach. Keep proper footing and balance at all times. This enables better control of the power tool in unexpected situations.

Dress properly. Do not wear loose clothing or jewelry. Keep your hair, clothing and gloves away from moving parts. Loose clothes, jewelry or long hair can be caught in moving parts.

If devices are provided for the connection of dust extraction and collection facilities, ensure these are connected and properly used. Use of dust collection can reduce dust-related hazards.

Power tool use and care

Do not force the power tool. Use the correct power tool for your application. The correct power tool will do the job better and safer at the rate for which it was designed.

Do not use the power tool if the switch does not turn it on and off. Any power tool that cannot be controlled with the switch is dangerous and must be repaired.

Disconnect the plug from the power source and/or the battery pack from the power tool before making any adjustments, changing accessories, or storing power tools. Such preventive safety measures reduce the risk of starting the power tool accidentally.

Store idle power tools out of the reach of children and do not allow persons unfamiliar with the power tool or these instructions to operate the power tool. Power tools are dangerous in the hands of untrained users.

Maintain power tools. Check for misalignment or binding of moving parts, breakage of parts and any other condition that may affect the power tool's operation. If damaged, have the power tool repaired before use. Many accidents are caused by poorly maintained power tools.

Keep cutting tools sharp and clean. Properly maintained cutting tools with sharp cutting edges are less likely to bind and are easier to control.

Use the power tool, accessories and tool bits etc. in accordance with these instructions, taking into account the working conditions and the work to be performed. Use of the power tool for operations different from those intended could result in a hazardous situation.

Battery tool use and care

Recharge only with the charger specified by the manufacturer. A charger that is suitable for one type of battery pack may create a risk of fire when used with another battery pack.

Use power tools only with specifically designated battery packs. Use of any other battery packs may create a risk of injury and fire.

When battery pack is not in use, keep it away from other metal objects like paper clips, coins, keys, nails, screws, or other small metal objects that can make a connection from one terminal to another. Shorting the battery terminals together may cause burns or a fire.

Under abusive conditions, liquid may be ejected from the battery, avoid contact. If contact accidentally occurs, flush with water. **If liquid contacts eyes, additionally seek medical help.** Liquid ejected from the battery may cause irritation or burns.

Service

Have your power tool serviced by a qualified repair person using only identical replacement parts. This will ensure that the safety of the power tool is maintained.

Safety Rules for Cordless Drill / Drivers

Use auxiliary handle(s) if supplied with the tool. Loss of control can cause personal injury.

Hold power tool by insulated gripping surfaces, when performing an operation where the cutting accessory may contact hidden wiring. Cutting accessory contacting a "live" wire may make exposed metal parts of the power tool "live" and could give the operator an electric shock.

Use clamps or another practical way to secure and support the workpiece to a stable platform. Holding the work by hand or against your body leaves it unstable and may lead to loss of control.

Do not drill, fasten or break into existing walls or other blind areas where electrical wiring may exist. If this situation is unavoidable, disconnect all fuses or circuit breakers feeding this worksite.

Always hold the tool with both hands. If the bit jams two hands will give you maximum control over torque reaction or kickback.

Always wear safety goggles or eye protection when using this tool. Use a dust mask or respirator for applications which generate dust.

Secure the material being drilled. Never hold it in your hand or across legs. Unstable support can cause the drill bit to bind causing loss of control and injury.

Disconnect battery pack from tool or place the switch in the locked or off position before making any assembly, adjustments or changing accessories. Such preventive safety measures reduce the risk of starting the tool accidentally.

Position yourself to avoid being caught between the tool or side handle and walls or posts. Should the bit become bound or jammed in the work, the reaction torque of the tool could crush your hand or leg.

If the bit becomes bound in the workpiece, release the trigger immediately, reverse the direction of rotation and slowly squeeze the trigger to back out the bit. Be ready for a strong reaction torque. The drill body will tend to twist in the opposite direction as the drill bit is rotating.

Do not grasp the tool or place your hands too close to the spinning chuck or drill bit. Your hand may be lacerated.

When installing a bit, insert the shank of the bit well within the collet. If the bit is not inserted deep enough, the grip of the collet

over the bit is reduced and the loss of control is increased. After bit insertion, pull on bit to ensure it is locked.

Do not use dull or damaged bits and accessories. Dull or damaged bits have a greater tendency to bind in the workpiece.

When removing the bit from the tool avoid contact with skin and use proper protective gloves when grasping the bit or accessory. Accessories may be hot after prolonged use.

Check to see that keys and adjusting wrenches are removed from the drill before switching the tool "ON". Keys or wrenches can fly away at high velocity striking you or a bystander.

Do not run the drill while carrying it at your side. A spinning drill bit could become entangled with clothing and injury may result.

Additional Safety Warnings

GFCI and personal protection devices like electrician's rubber gloves and footwear will further enhance your personal safety.

Do not use AC only rated tools with a DC power supply. While the tool may appear to work, the electrical components of the AC rated tool are likely to fail and create a hazard to the operator.

Keep handles dry, clean and free from oil and grease. Slippery hands cannot safely control the power tool.

Develop a periodic maintenance schedule for your tool. When cleaning a tool be careful not to disassemble any portion of the tool since internal wires may be misplaced or pinched or safety guard return springs may be improperly mounted. Certain cleaning agents such as gasoline, carbon tetrachloride, ammonia, etc. may damage plastic parts.

Ensure the switch is in the off position before inserting battery pack. Inserting the

battery pack into power tools that have the switch on invites accidents.

⚠ WARNING Some dust created by power sanding, sawing, grinding, drilling, and other construction activities contains chemicals known to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm. Some examples of these chemicals are:

- Lead from lead-based paints,
- Crystalline silica from bricks and cement and other masonry products, and
- Arsenic and chromium from chemically-treated lumber.

Your risk from these exposures varies, depending on how often you do this type of work. To reduce your exposure to these chemicals: work in a well ventilated area, and work with approved safety equipment, such as those dust masks that are specially designed to filter out microscopic particles.

Battery/Charger

⚠ WARNING Before using battery charger, read all instructions and cautionary markings on (1) battery charger, (2) battery pack, and (3) product using battery.

Use only the charger which accompanied your product or direct replacement as listed in the catalog or this manual. Do not substitute any other charger. Use only Bosch approved chargers with your product. See Functional Description and Specifications.

Do not disassemble charger or operate the charger if it has received a sharp blow, been dropped or otherwise damaged in any way. Replace damaged cord or plugs immediately. Incorrect reassembly or damage may result in electric shock or fire.

Do not recharge battery in damp or wet environment. Do not expose charger to rain or snow. If battery case is cracked or otherwise damaged, do not insert into charger. Battery short or fire may result.

Charge only Bosch approved rechargeable batteries. See Functional Description and Specifications. Other types of batteries may burst causing personal injury and damage.

Charge battery pack in temperatures above +32 degrees F (0 degrees C) and below +113 degrees F (45 degrees C). Store tool and battery pack in locations where temperatures will not exceed 120 degrees F (49 degrees C). This is important to prevent serious damage to the battery cells.

Battery leakage may occur under extreme usage or temperature conditions. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. The battery liquid is caustic and could cause chemical burns to tissues. If liquid comes in contact with skin, wash quickly with soap and water. If the liquid contacts your eyes, flush them with water for a minimum of 10 minutes and seek medical attention.

Place charger on flat non-flammable surfaces and away from flammable materials when re-charging battery pack. The charger and battery pack heat during charging. Carpeting and other heat insulating surfaces block proper air circulation which may cause overheating of the charger and battery pack. If smoke or melting of the case are observed unplug the charger immediately and do not use the battery pack or charger.

Use of an attachment not recommended or sold by Bosch may result in a risk of fire, electric shock or injury to persons.

Battery Care



When batteries are not in tool or charger, keep them away from metal objects. For example, to protect terminals from shorting **DO NOT** place batteries in a tool box or pocket with

nails, screws, keys, etc. Fire or injury may result.

DO NOT PUT BATTERIES INTO FIRE OR EXPOSE TO HIGH HEAT. They may explode.

Battery Disposal



Do not attempt to disassemble the battery or remove any component projecting from the battery terminals. Fire or injury may result. Prior to disposal, protect exposed terminals with heavy insulating tape to prevent shorting.

LITHIUM-ION BATTERIES

If equipped with a lithium-ion battery, the battery must be collected, recycled or disposed of in an environmentally sound manner.



"The EPA certified RBRC Battery Recycling Seal on the lithium-ion (Li-ion) battery indicates Robert Bosch Tool Corporation is voluntarily participating in an industry

program to collect and recycle these batteries at the end of their useful life, when taken out of service in the United States or Canada. The RBRC program provides a convenient alternative to placing used Li-ion batteries into the trash or the municipal waste stream, which may be illegal in your area.

Please call 1-800-8-BATTERY for information on Li-ion battery recycling and disposal bans/restrictions in your area, or return your batteries to a Skil/Bosch/Dremel Service Center for recycling. Robert Bosch Tool Corporation's involvement in this program is part of our commitment to preserving our environment and conserving our natural resources."

Symbols

IMPORTANT: Some of the following symbols may be used on your tool. Please study them and learn their meaning. Proper interpretation of these symbols will allow you to operate the tool better and safer.

Symbol	Name	Designation/Explanation
V	Volts	Voltage (potential)
A	Amperes	Current
Hz	Hertz	Frequency (cycles per second)
W	Watt	Power
kg	Kilograms	Weight
min	Minutes	Time
s	Seconds	Time
Ø	Diameter	Size of drill bits, grinding wheels, etc.
n_0	No load speed	Rotational speed, at no load
n	Rated speed	Maximum attainable speed
.../min	Revolutions or reciprocation per minute	Revolutions, strokes, surface speed, orbits etc. per minute
0	Off position	Zero speed, zero torque...
1, 2, 3, ... I, II, III,	Selector settings	Speed, torque or position settings. Higher number means greater speed
0 ↗	Infinitely variable selector with off	Speed is increasing from 0 setting
→	Arrow	Action in the direction of arrow
~	Alternating current	Type or a characteristic of current
—	Direct current	Type or a characteristic of current
~—	Alternating or direct current	Type or a characteristic of current
□	Class II construction	Designates Double Insulated Construction tools.
⊕	Earthing terminal	Grounding terminal
!	Warning symbol	Alerts user to warning messages
	Li-ion RBRC seal	Designates Li-ion battery recycling program
	Ni-Cad RBRC seal	Designates Ni-Cad battery recycling program
	Read manual symbol	Alerts user to read manual
	Wear eye protection symbol	Alerts user to wear eye protection

Symbols (continued)

IMPORTANT: Some of the following symbols may be used on your tool. Please study them and learn their meaning. Proper interpretation of these symbols will allow you to operate the tool better and safer.



This symbol designates that this tool is listed by Underwriters Laboratories.



This symbol designates that this tool is recognized by Underwriters Laboratories.



This symbol designates that this tool is listed by Underwriters Laboratories, to United States and Canadian Standards.



This symbol designates that this tool is listed by the Canadian Standards Association.



This symbol designates that this tool is listed by the Canadian Standards Association, to United States and Canadian Standards.



This symbol designates that this tool is listed by the Intertek Testing Services, to United States and Canadian Standards.



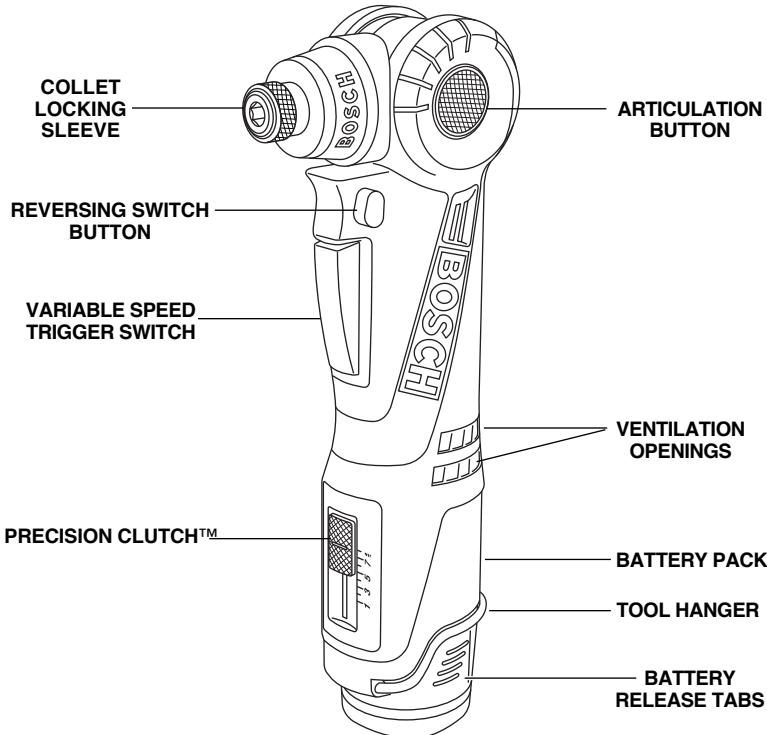
This symbol designates that this tool complies to NOM Mexican Standards.

Functional Description and Specifications

WARNING Disconnect battery pack from tool or place the switch in the locked or off position before making any assembly, adjustments or changing accessories. Such preventive safety measures reduce the risk of starting the tool accidentally.

Cordless Drill/Driver

FIG. 1



Model number

PS10

Voltage rating

10.8V/12V === MAX

No load speed

 n_0 600/min

Charge time

30 minutes

Maximum Capacities

Chuck size

1/4" Hex-shank with power groove

Drilling Wood

1/2" (12.5 mm)

Screw Sizes

1/4" (6 mm)

Battery pack

BAT411, BAT412 & BAT413

Charger

BC430

Voltage rating

120 V ~ 60 Hz

Operating Instructions

The Bosch model PS10 Cordless Drill/Driver has a collet that accepts only standard 1/4" hexagonal shank accessories with power groove. The low RPM capability of this model is not a deficiency. On the contrary, low speed means high torque and high torque is a definite plus for efficient drilling and driving. The low speed also provides more control to prevent stripout of the screw and damage to the work surface.

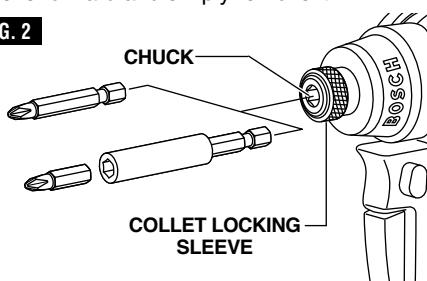
COLLET LOCKING SLEEVE

A WARNING To avoid loss of control, ensure bit is locked in collet by pulling on bit after it has been inserted.

Your tool is equipped with a quick release collet locking sleeve. To insert a accessory, simply pull collet locking sleeve forward, insert desired accessory into chuck and release collet locking sleeve (Fig. 2).

To remove an accessory, pull collet locking sleeve forward and simply remove it.

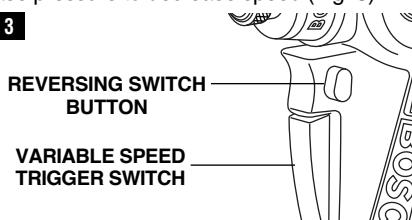
FIG. 2



TRIGGER CONTROLLED VARIABLE SPEED

Your tool is equipped with a variable speed trigger switch. The tool speed can be controlled from minimum to maximum nameplate rated RPM by the pressure you apply to the trigger. Apply more pressure to increase the speed and release pressure to decrease speed (Fig. 3).

FIG. 3



REVERSING SWITCH BUTTON

The reversing switch button is located above the trigger switch and is used to reverse rotation of the bit. For forward rotation, (with the

chuck pointed away from you) move button to the far left. For reverse rotation move the button to the far right (Fig. 3).

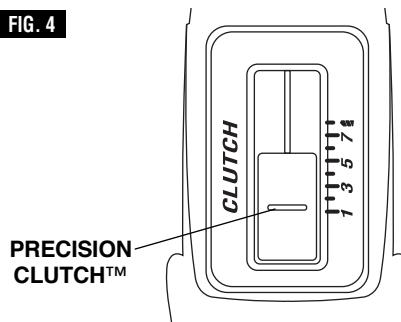
BRAKE

When the trigger switch is released it activates the brake to stop the chuck quickly. This is especially useful in the repetitive driving and removal of screws.

PRECISION CLUTCH™

Your tool features 7 clutch settings. Output torque will increase as the button is raised or lower from settings 1 to 7. The drill "■■■■■" position will lock up the clutch to permit drilling and driving heavyduty work. When the clutch is activated, user will feel several pulses at the trigger and the tool will stop. The trigger must be released to reset the clutch (Fig. 4).

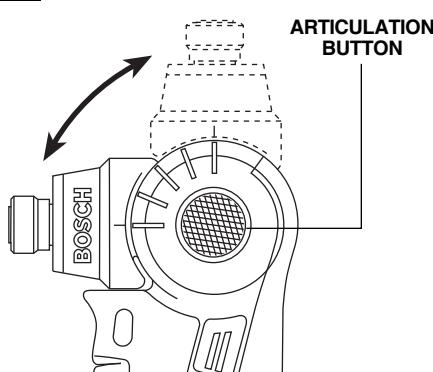
FIG. 4



ARTICULATION BUTTON

Your tool also features a 5 position articulating head. To adjust, depress articulation button and move head to desired position (Fig. 5).

FIG. 5



Operating Tips

You will extend the life of your bits and do neater work if you always put the bit in contact with the work before pulling the trigger. During the operation, hold the tool firmly and exert light, steady pressure. Too much pressure at low speed will stall the tool. Too little pressure will keep the bit from cutting and cause excess friction by sliding over the surface. This can be damaging to both tool and bit.

DRILLING WITH VARIABLE SPEED

The trigger controlled variable speed feature will eliminate the need for center punches in hard materials. The variable speed trigger allows you to slowly increase RPM. By using a slow starting speed, you are able to keep

the bit from "wandering". You can increase the speed as the bit "bites" into the work by squeezing the trigger.

DRIVING WITH VARIABLE SPEED

Variable speed drills will double as a power screwdriver by using a screwdriver bit in the drill mode. The technique is to start slowly, increasing the speed as the screw runs down. Set the screw snugly by slowing to a stop. Prior to driving screws, pilot and clearance holes should be drilled.

TOOL HANGER

A WARNING To avoid personal injury, do not use tool hanger as a tether. Hanger is meant to be used for storage.

FASTENING WITH SCREWS

The procedure shown in figure. 6 will enable you to fasten materials together with your Cordless Screwdriver without stripping, splitting, or separating the material.

First, clamp the pieces together and drill the first hole $\frac{2}{3}$ the diameter of the screw. If the material is soft, drill only $\frac{2}{3}$ the proper length. If it is hard, drill the entire length.

Second, unclamp the pieces and drill the second hole the same diameter as the screw shank in the first or top piece of wood.

Third, if a flat head screw is used, countersink the hole to make the screw flush with the surface. Then, simply apply even pressure when driving the screw. The screw shank clearance hole in the first piece allows the screw head to pull the pieces tightly together.

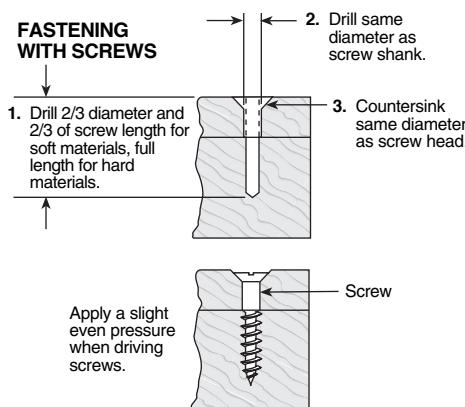


FIG. 6

DRILL BITS

Always inspect drill bits for excessive wear. Use only bits that are sharp and in good condition.

TWIST BITS: Available with straight and reduced shanks for wood and light duty metal drilling. High speed bits cut faster and last longer on hard materials.

CARBIDE TIPPED BITS: Used for drilling stone, concrete, plaster, cement and other unusually hard nonmetals. Use continuous heavy feed pressure when employing carbide tip bits.

DRILLING WOOD

Be certain workpiece is clamped or anchored firmly. Always apply pressure in a straight line with the drill bit. Maintain enough pressure to keep the drill "biting".

When drilling holes in wood, twist bits can be used. Twist bits may overheat unless pulled out frequently to clear chips from flutes.

Use a "back-up" block of wood for work that is likely to splinter, such as thin materials.

You will drill a cleaner hole if you ease up on the pressure just before the bit breaks through the wood. Then complete the hole from the back side.

DRILLING METAL

There are two rules for drilling hard materials. First, the harder the material, the greater the pressure you need to apply to the tool. Second, the harder the material, the slower the speed. Here are a couple of tips for drilling in metal. Lubricate the tip of the bit occasionally with cutting oil except when drilling soft metals such as aluminum, copper or cast iron. If the hole to be drilled is fairly large, drill a smaller hole first, then enlarge to the required size, it's often faster in the long run. Maintain enough pressure to assure that the bit does not just spin in the hole. This will dull the bit and greatly shorten its life.

DRILLING MASONRY

Soft materials such as brick are relatively easy to drill. Concrete however, will require much

more pressure to keep the bit from spinning. Be sure to use carbide tip bits for all masonry work.

Before using an accessory, be certain that its maximum safe operating speed is not exceeded by the nameplate speed of the tool. Do not exceed the recommended wheel diameter.

RUNNING NUTS AND BOLTS

Variable speed control must be used with caution for driving nuts and bolts with socket set attachments. The technique is to start slowly, increasing speed as the nut or bolt runs down. Set the nut or bolt snugly by slowing the drill to a stop. If this procedure is not followed, the tool will have a tendency to torque or twist in your hands when the nut or bolt seats.

INSERTING AND RELEASING BATTERY PACK

Release battery pack from tool by pressing on both sides of the battery release tabs and pull downwards.

To insert battery, align battery and slide battery pack into tool until it locks into position. Do not force.

IMPORTANT CHARGING NOTES

1. The charger was designed to fast charge the battery only when the battery temperature is between 32°F (0°C) and 113°F (45°C). If the battery pack is too hot or too cold, the charger will not fast charge the battery. (This may happen if the battery pack is hot from heavy use). When the battery temperature returns to between 32°F (0°C) and 113°F (45°C), the charger will automatically begin charging.
2. A substantial drop in operating time per charge may mean that the battery pack is nearing the end of its life and should be replaced.
3. Remember to unplug charger during storage period.
4. If battery does not charge properly:

- a. Check for voltage at outlet by plugging in some other electrical device.
- b. Check to see if outlet is connected to a light switch which turns power "off" when lights are turned off.
- c. Check battery pack terminals for dirt. Clean with cotton swab and alcohol if necessary.
- d. If you still do not get proper charging, take or send tool, battery pack and charger to your local Bosch Service Center. See "Tools, Electric" in the Yellow Pages for names and addresses.

Note: Use of chargers or battery packs not sold by Bosch will void the warranty.

CHARGER INDICATORS, SYMBOLS AND MEANING

If the indicator lights are "OFF", the charger is not receiving power from power supply outlet.



If the green indicator light is "ON", the charger is plugged in but the battery pack is not inserted, or the battery pack is fully charged and is being trickle charged.



If the green indicator light is "BLINKING", the battery pack is being fast-charged. Fast-charging will automatically stop when the battery pack is fully charged.



If the red indicator light is "ON", the battery pack is too hot or cold for fast-charging. The charger will switch to trickle charge, until a suitable temperature is reached, at which time the charger will switch automatically to fast-charging.

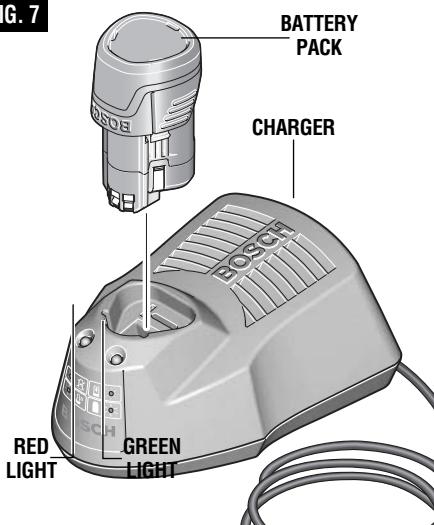


If the red indicator light is "BLINKING", the battery pack cannot accept a charge or the contacts of the charger or battery pack are contaminated. Clean the contacts of the charger or battery pack only as directed in these operating instructions or those supplied with your tool or battery pack.

CHARGING BATTERY PACK (BC430 30 MINUTE CHARGER)

Plug charger cord into your standard power outlet, then insert battery pack into charger (Fig. 7).

FIG. 7



The charger's green indicator light will begin to "BLINK". This indicates that the battery is receiving a fast charge. Fast-charging will automatically stop when the battery pack is fully charged.

When the indicator light stops "BLINKING" (and becomes a steady green light) fast charging is complete.

The battery pack may be used even though the light may still be blinking. The light may require more time to stop blinking depending on temperature. When you begin the

charging process of the battery pack, a steady red light could also mean the battery pack is too hot or too cold.

The purpose of the green light is to indicate that the battery pack is fast-charging. It does not indicate the exact point of full charge. The light will stop blinking in less time if the battery pack was not completely discharged.

When charging several batteries in sequence, the charge time may slightly increase.

When the battery pack is fully charged, unplug the charger (unless you're charging another battery pack) and slip the battery pack back into the tool.

FCC Caution:

The manufacturer is not responsible for radio interference caused by unauthorized modifications to this equipment. Such modifications could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- 1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- 2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

NOTE! This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital devices, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful

Symboles

IMPORTANT : Certains des symboles suivants peuvent être utilisés sur votre outil. Veuillez les étudier et apprendre leur signification. Une interprétation appropriée de ces symboles vous permettra d'utiliser l'outil de façon plus efficace et plus sûre.

Symbole	Nom	Désignation/Explication
V	Volts	Tension (potentielle)
A	Ampères	Courant
Hz	Hertz	Fréquence (cycles par seconde)
W	Watt	Puissance
kg	Kilogrammes	Poids
min	Minutes	Temps
s	Secondes	Temps
Ø	Diamètre	Taille des mèches de perceuse, meules, etc.
n_0	Vitesse à vide	Vitesse de rotation, à vide
n	Vitesse nominale	Vitesse maximum pouvant être atteinte
.../min	Tours ou mouvement alternatif par minute	Tours, coups, vitesse en surface, orbites, etc., par minute
0	Position d'arrêt	Vitesse zéro, couple zéro ...
1, 2, 3, ... I, II, III, ...	Réglages du sélecteur	Réglages de vitesse, de couple ou de position. Un nombre plus élevé signifie une vitesse plus grande
0 ↗	Sélecteur variable à l'infini avec arrêt	La vitesse augmente depuis le réglage 0
→	Flèche	Action dans la direction de la flèche
~	Courant alternatif	Type ou caractéristique du courant
==	Courant continu	Type ou caractéristique du courant
~~	Courant alternatif ou continu	Type ou caractéristique du courant
□	Construction classe II	Désigne des outils construits avec double isolation
⊕	Borne de terre	Borne de mise à la terre
!	Symbole d'avertissement	Alerte l'utilisateur aux messages d'avertissement.
	Sceau Li-ion RBRC	Désigne le programme de recyclage des piles Li-ion.
	Sceau Ni-Cad RBRC	Désigne le programme de recyclage des piles Ni-Cad.
	Symbole de lecture du mode d'emploi	Alerte l'utilisateur pour lire le mode d'emploi
	Symbole de port de lunettes de sécurité de sécurité	Alerte l'utilisateur pour porter des lunettes de sécurité



Symboles (suite)

IMPORTANT : Certains des symboles suivants peuvent être utilisés sur votre outil. Veuillez les étudier et apprendre leur signification. Une interprétation appropriée de ces symboles vous permettra d'utiliser l'outil de façon plus efficace et plus sûre.



Ce symbole signifie que cet outil est approuvé par Underwriters Laboratories.



Ce symbole indique que cet outil est reconnu par Underwriters Laboratories.



Ce symbole signifie que cet outil est approuvé par Underwriters Laboratories selon les normes des États-Unis et du Canada.



Ce symbole signifie que cet outil est approuvé par l'Association canadienne de normalisation.



Ce symbole signifie que cet outil est approuvé par l'Association canadienne de normalisation selon les normes des États-Unis et du Canada.



Ce symbole signifie que cet outil est approuvé par Intertek Testing Services selon les normes des États-Unis et du Canada

Intertek



Ce symbole signifie que cet outil se conforme aux normes mexicaines NOM.

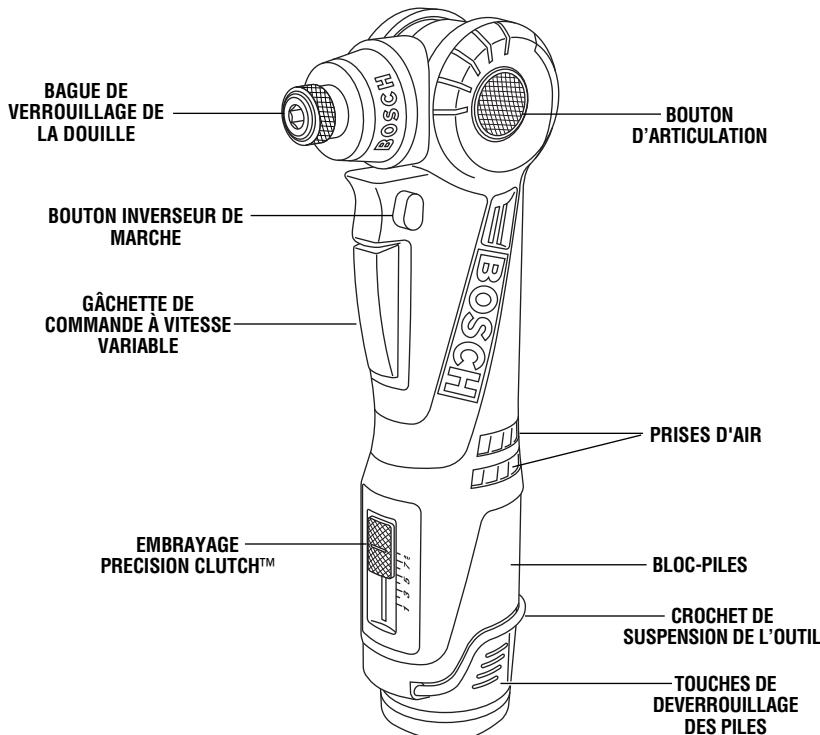


Description fonctionnelle et spécifications

AVERTISSEMENT Débranchez le bloc-pile de l'outil ou placez l'interrupteur à la position de blocage ou d'arrêt avant d'effectuer tout assemblage ou réglage ou de changer les accessoires. Ces mesures de sécurité préventives réduisent le risque d'une mise en marche accidentelle de l'outil.

Perceuses/tournevis sans cordon

FIG. 1


Numéro de modèle

PS10
10.8V/12V === MAX
 n_0 600/min
30 minutes

Capacités maximales

Capacité de la douille
Queue hexagonale de 1/4 po
avec gorge de blocage

Perçage du bois

1/2 po (12.5 mm)

Tailles de vis

1/4 po (6 mm)

Bloc piles

BAT411, BAT412 et BAT413

Chargeur

BC430

Tension nominale

120 V \sim 60 Hz

Consignes de fonctionnement

L'outil perceuse/tournevis sans cordon Bosch modèle PS10 possède une bague pouvant recevoir uniquement des queues hexagonales standard de 1/4 po avec gorgé de blocage. La capacité bas régime de ce modèle ne constitue pas une lacune. Au contraire, le bas régime signifie un couple élevé et le couple élevé est un avantage très net pour percer et visser efficacement. Le bas régime permet également un plus grand contrôle de travail soit abîmée.

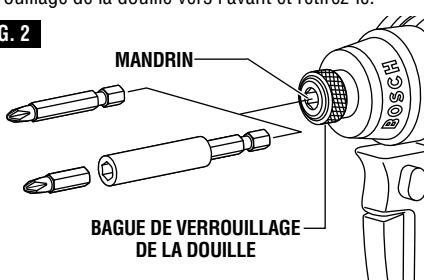
BAGUE DE VERROUILLAGE DE LA DOUILLE

AVERTISSEMENT Pour éviter de perdre le contrôle du foret, assurez-vous qu'il est bien verrouillé en tirant dessus après l'avoir inséré dans la bague.

Votre outil est muni d'une bague de verrouillage de la douille à ouverture rapide. Pour insérer un accessoire, il suffit de tirer la bague vers l'avant, d'insérer l'accessoire dans la bague et d'ouvrir la bague (Fig. 2).

Pour retirer un accessoire, tirez la bague de verrouillage de la douille vers l'avant et retirez-le.

FIG. 2



VITESSE VARIABLE COMMANDÉE PAR GÂCHETTE

Votre outil est équipée d'une gâchette à vitesse variable. La vitesse de la outil peut être réglée de zéro au régime maximum spécifié sur la plaque signalétique. La vitesse s'ajuste par la pression que vous exercez sur la gâchette. Exercez plus de pression pour augmenter la vitesse, et relâchez la pression pour diminuer la vitesse (Fig. 3).

FIG. 3



BOUTON INVERSEUR DE MARCHE

Le bouton inverseur de marche est situé au-dessus de la gâchette et il sert à inverser le sens de marche du foret. Pour la rotation avant (le mandrin étant dirigé en sens opposé à vous), déplacez le bouton à l'extrême gauche.

Pour la rotation inverse, déplacez le bouton à l'extrême droite (Fig. 3).

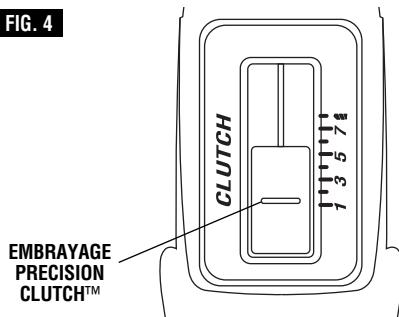
FREIN

Le relâchement de la gâchette active le frein qui immobilise le mandrin en rapidité, ce qui est surtout pratique pour l'enfoncement et l'enlèvement répétitifs des vis.

EMBRAYAGE PRECISION CLUTCH™

Votre outil est muni d'un embrayage à 7 réglages. Le couple de sortie variera en fonction de la position du bouton, 1 étant le couple le plus bas, 7 le couple le plus élevé. La position de perceuse verrouillera l'embrayage pour permettre le perçage ou le vissage dans des matériaux difficiles. Une fois l'embrayage activé, l'utilisateur sentira plusieurs pulsations au niveau de la gâchette, et l'outil s'arrêtera. Il faudra relâcher la gâchette pour régler l'embrayage à nouveau (Fig. 4).

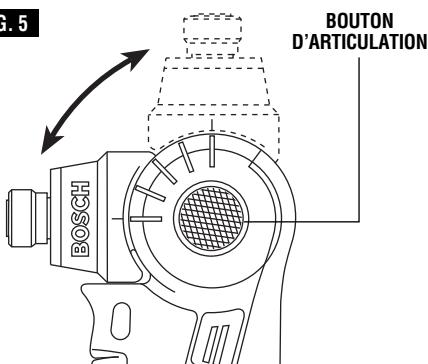
FIG. 4



BOUTON D'ARTICULATION

Votre outil est également muni d'une tête d'articulation à 5 positions. Pour la régler, appuyez sur le bouton d'articulation et placez la tête dans la position voulue (Fig. 5).

FIG. 5



PERÇAGE DES MÉTAUX

Il existe deux règles pour percer les matériaux durs. En premier lieu, plus le matériau est dur, plus il vous faut exercer de pression sur l'outil. En deuxième lieu, plus le matériau est dur, plus vous devez percer lentement. Voici quelques conseils pour percer les métaux. Lubrifiez la pointe du foret à l'occasion à l'aide d'huile de coupe, sauf lorsque vous percez des métaux tendres tels que l'aluminium, le cuivre ou la fonte de fer. Si le trou à percer est assez grand, percez d'abord un plus petit trou, puis agrandissez-le aux dimensions nécessaires. C'est souvent plus rapide à long terme. Maintenez suffisamment de pression pour faire en sorte que le foret ne fasse pas seulement tourner dans le trou. Ceci émoussera le foret et réduira considérablement sa vie utile.

PERÇAGE DE LA MAÇONNERIE

Les matériaux tendres tels que la brique sont relativement faciles à percer. Cependant, le béton nécessitera une pression beaucoup plus grande pour

empêcher le foret de tourner. Veillez à utiliser des forets à pointe en carbure pour tout le travail de maçonnerie.

AVERTISSEMENT Avant d'utiliser un accessoire, assurez-vous que sa vitesse maximale de fonctionnement sûr n'est pas dépassée par la vitesse indiquée sur la plaque signalétique de l'outil. Ne dépassiez pas le diamètre recommandé de la meule.

POSE DES ÉCROUS ET DES BOULONS

La commande à vitesse variable doit être utilisée soigneusement pour poser des écrous et des boulons avec des accessoires de douille. La technique consiste à commencer lentement, puis à augmenter la vitesse à mesure que l'écrou ou le boulon s'enfonce. Posez l'écrou ou le boulon de manière à obtenir un ajustement doux en ralentissant la perceuse jusqu'à l'arrêt. Si cette technique n'est pas suivie, l'outil aura tendance à tordre dans vos mains lorsque l'écrou ou le boulon se calera.

INSERTION ET RETRAIT DU BLOC-PILE

Enlevez le bloc-piles de l'outil en pinçant les deux côtés à la hauteur des touches de déverrouillage et en le tirant vers le bas.

Pour remettre le bloc dans l'outil, glissez-le dans l'ouverture jusqu'à ce qu'il se verrouille en place. Ne forcez pas outre mesure.

REMARQUES IMPORTANTES CONCERNANT LA CHARGE

1. De même, le chargeur n'est destiné qu'à la charge rapide des bloc-piles dont la température se situe entre 0°C (32°F) et 45°C (113°F). Si le bloc-piles est trop chaud ou trop froid, la charge rapide est alors impossible. (Chose possible si le bloc-piles devient trop chaud à l'usage intensif). Quand la température du bloc-piles retourne entre 0°C (32°F) et 45°C (113°F), le chargeur rassumera automatiquement sa fonction.
2. Une diminution marquée de la réserve énergétique entre les charges peut signaler l'épuisement du bloc-piles et le besoin d'un remplacement.
3. N'oubliez pas de débrancher le chargeur durant la période de remisage.
4. Si le bloc-piles ne se charge pas normalement :

- a. Vérifiez la présence de courant à la prise en y branchant un autre appareil électrique.

b. Vérifiez si la prise n'est pas raccordée conjointement à un interrupteur qui servirait à éteindre les lumières.

c. Vérifiez la propreté des bornes du bloc-piles. Nettoyez-les au besoin avec un bâtonnet imbibé d'alcool.

d. Si vous n'arrivez toujours pas à obtenir la charge satisfaisante, confiez l'outil, le bloc-piles et le chargeur à votre centre d'entretien Bosch habituel. Voir les noms et adresses des centres d'entretien sous la rubrique « Outils électriques» dans les pages jaunes de l'annuaire de téléphone.

Remarque : L'utilisation de chargeurs ou de bloc-piles non vendus par Bosch annule la garantie.



Símbolos (continuación)

IMPORTANTE: Es posible que algunos de los símbolos siguientes se usen en su herramienta. Por favor, estúdielos y aprenda su significado. La interpretación adecuada de estos símbolos le permitirá utilizar la herramienta mejor y con más seguridad.



Este símbolo indica que esta herramienta está catalogada por Underwriters Laboratories.



Este símbolo indica que esta herramienta está reconocida por Underwriters Laboratories.



Este símbolo indica que Underwriters Laboratories ha catalogado esta herramienta indicando que cumple con las normas estadounidenses y canadienses.



Este símbolo indica que esta herramienta está catalogada por la Canadian Standards Association.



Este símbolo indica que la Canadian Standards Association ha catalogado esta herramienta indicando que cumple con las normas estadounidenses y canadienses.



Este símbolo indica que Intertek Testing Services ha catalogado esta herramienta indicando que cumple con las normas estadounidenses y canadienses.

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Este símbolo indica que esta herramienta cumple con la norma mexicana oficial (NOM).

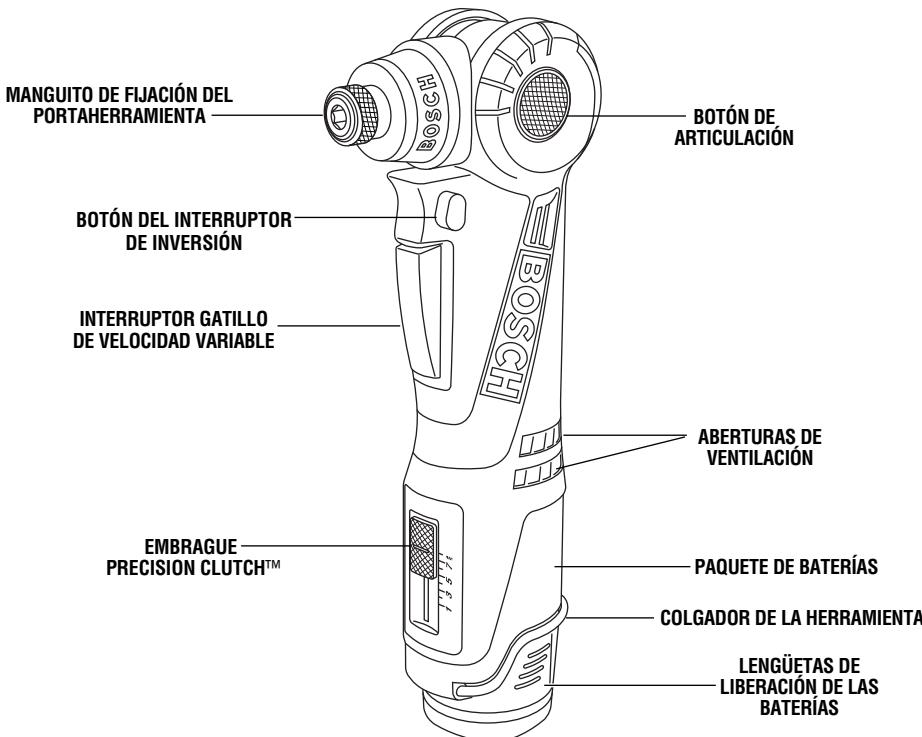


Descripción funcional y especificaciones

ADVERTENCIA Desconecte el paquete de baterías de la herramienta o ponga el interruptor en la posición fija o de apagado antes de hacer cualquier ensamblaje, ajustes o cambiar accesorios. Dichas medidas preventivas de seguridad reducen el riesgo de arrancar la herramienta accidentalmente.

Taladro/destornillador sin cordón

FIG. 1


Número de modelo

PS10

Tensión nominal

10,8V/12V === MÁX

Velocidad sin carga

 n_0 600/min

Tiempo de carga

30 minutos

Capacidades máximas

Capacidad del portaherramienta

Cuerpo hexagonal de 1/4"

Taladrado de madera

con ranura de fijación

Tamaños de tornillo

(12,5 mm) 1/2"

Cargador

(6 mm) 1/4"

Tensión nominal

BC430

Paquete de batería

120 V ~ 60 Hz

BAT411, BAT412 y BAT413

TALADRADO DE METAL

Hay dos reglas para taladrar materiales duros. Primero, cuanto más duro sea el material, mayor es la presión que usted necesita ejercer sobre la herramienta. Segundo, cuanto más duro sea el material, más lenta ha de ser la velocidad. He aquí unos cuantos consejos para taladrar metal. Lubrique la punta de la broca de vez en cuando con aceite para cortar, excepto al taladrar metales blandos tales como aluminio, cobre o hierro fundido. Si el agujero que se va a taladrar es bastante grande, primero taladre un agujero más pequeño y luego agrándelo hasta el tamaño requerido; a la larga, esto suele ser más rápido. Mantenga suficiente presión para asegurar que la broca no se limita a dar vueltas sin avanzar dentro del agujero. Esto desafilará la broca y acortará mucho la vida de ésta.

TALADRADO DE MAMPOSTERIA

Los materiales blandos tales como el ladrillo son relativamente fáciles de taladrar. Sin embargo, el hormigón requerirá mucha más presión para evitar que la broca dé vueltas sin avanzar. Asegúrese de utilizar

brocas con punta de carburo para todo el trabajo de mampostería.

Antes de utilizar un accesorio, asegúrese de que la velocidad especificada en la placa del fabricante de la herramienta no exceda la velocidad máxima de funcionamiento con seguridad de dicho accesorio. No exceda el diámetro de rueda recomendado.

APRIETE DE TUERCAS Y PERNOS

El control de velocidad variable se debe utilizar con precaución para apretar tuercas y pernos con accesorios del juego de tubos. La técnica consiste en empezar despacio, aumentando la velocidad a medida que la tuerca o el perno avanza. Coloque la tuerca o el perno de manera que encaje perfectamente mediante la disminución de la velocidad del taladro hasta que éste se detenga. Si no se sigue este procedimiento, la herramienta tendrá tendencia a experimentar un par motor o a torcerse en las manos cuando la tuerca o el perno se asiente en su sitio.

INTRODUCCIÓN Y SUELTA DEL PAQUETE DE BATERÍAS

Saque el paquete de baterías de la herramienta presionando sobre ambos lados de las lengüetas de liberación de las baterías y tire hacia abajo.

Para introducir la batería, alinee la batería e introduzca el paquete de baterías en la herramienta hasta que quede fijo en su posición. No lo fuerce.

NOTAS IMPORTANTES PARA CARGAR

1. El cargador fue diseñado para cargar la batería rápidamente sólo cuando la temperatura de la batería está entre 0°C (32°F) y 45°C (113°F). Si el paquete de baterías está demasiado caliente o demasiado frío, el cargador no cargará rápidamente la batería. (Esto puede ocurrir si el paquete de baterías está caliente debido a una utilización intensa.) Cuando la temperatura de la batería vuelva a estar entre 0°C (32°F) y 45°C (113°F), el cargador comenzará a cargar automáticamente.
2. Un descenso considerable en el tiempo de funcionamiento por carga puede significar que el paquete de baterías se está acercando al final de su vida y que debe ser sustituido.
3. Recuerde desenchufar el cargador durante el período de almacenamiento.
4. Si la batería no carga adecuadamente:

a. Compruebe que hay tensión en el tomacorriente enchufando algún otro dispositivo eléctrico.

b. Compruebe si el tomacorriente está conectado a un interruptor de luz que corta el suministro de energía cuando se apagan las luces.

c. Compruebe si hay suciedad en las terminales del paquete de baterías. Límpielas con un pedazo de algodón y alcohol si es necesario.

d. Si usted sigue sin obtener una carga adecuada, lleve o envíe la herramienta, el paquete de baterías y el cargador al Centro de servicio Bosch local. Busque bajo "Herramientas eléctricas" en las páginas amarillas para obtener nombres y direcciones.

Nota: La utilización de cargadores o paquetes de batería no vendidos por Bosch anulará la garantía.

Notes:



Remarques :

Notas:



