



# **SMARTCORE<sup>®</sup> PRO**

# **INSTALLATION**

# **INSTRUCTIONS**

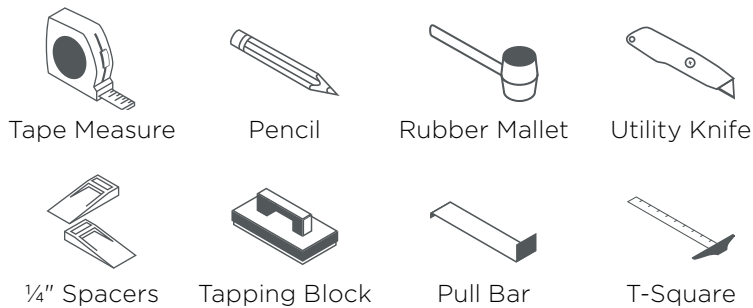
Simple, easy-to-follow instructions for the handy DIYer.

Start to finish, everything you need to know to install your SMARTCORE floor like a professional.

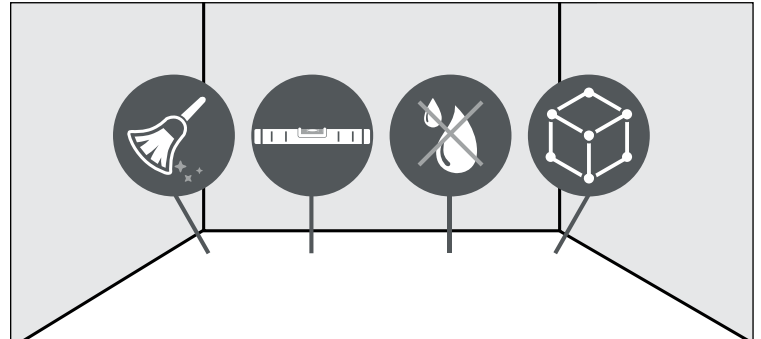
## INSTALLATION 101

Follow these simple steps for an easy DIY installation with quick, professional results.

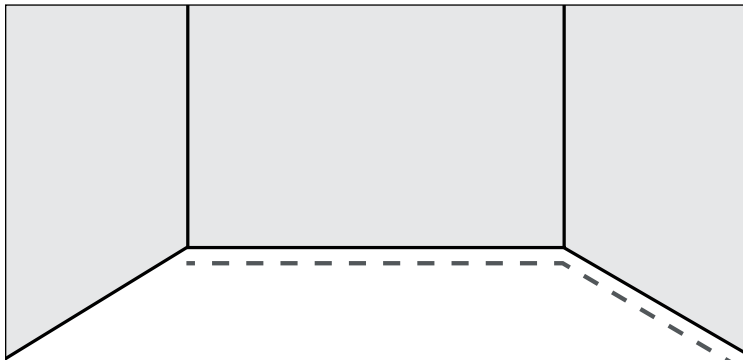
### STEP 1 Gather your tools



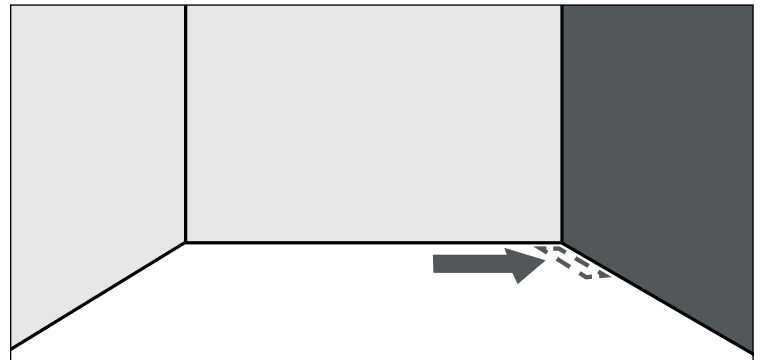
### STEP 2 Make sure your space is: clean, flat, dry and structurally sound.



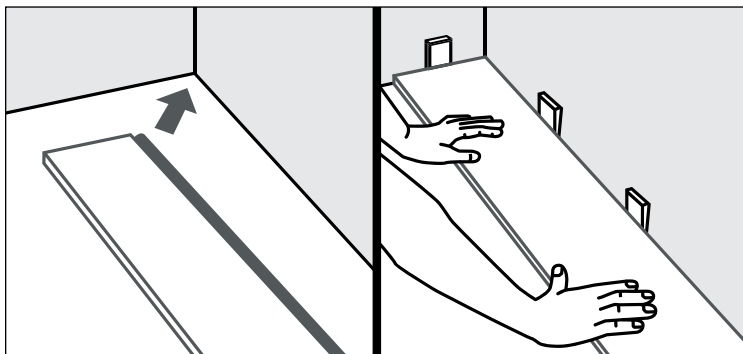
### STEP 3 Measure your space



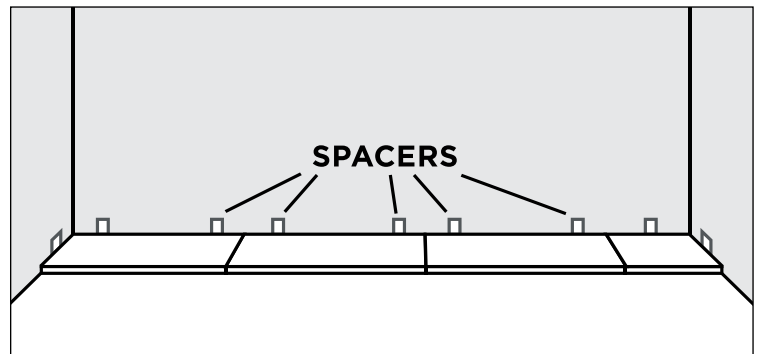
### STEP 4 Choose your starting wall



### STEP 5 Place tongue side in the starting corner (work from left to right).



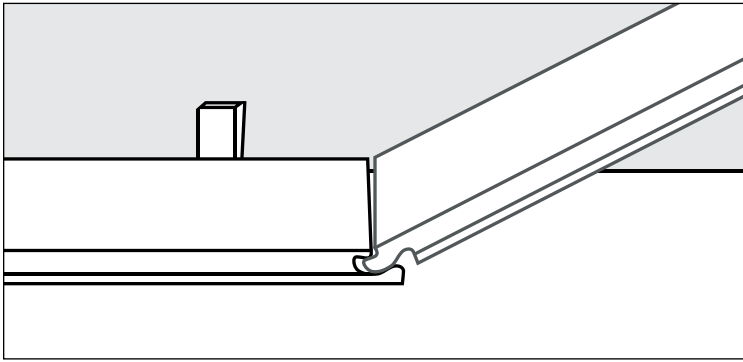
### STEP 6 Use several spacers to maintain 1/4" expansion gap along the walls.



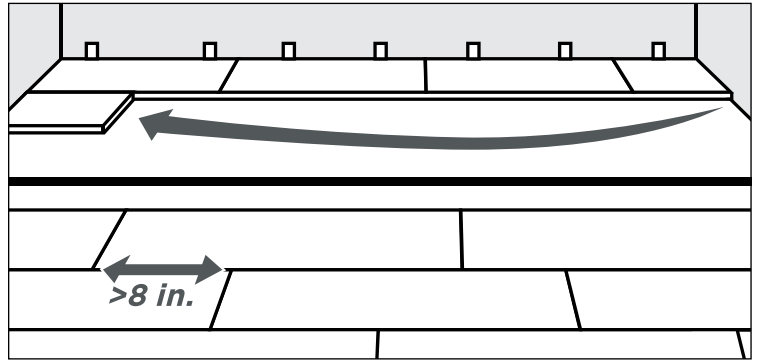
An easy way to distinguish the tongue from the groove is that the tongue comes off the top of the plank.



**STEP 7** Lock the short ends together to complete your first row. Cut the planks as needed to fit the space.



**STEP 8** Start your second row. With a cut-off that is more than 8" long or start with a new plank.



**Remember to stagger end joints from row to row - 8+'' for planks and 12+'' for tiles.**

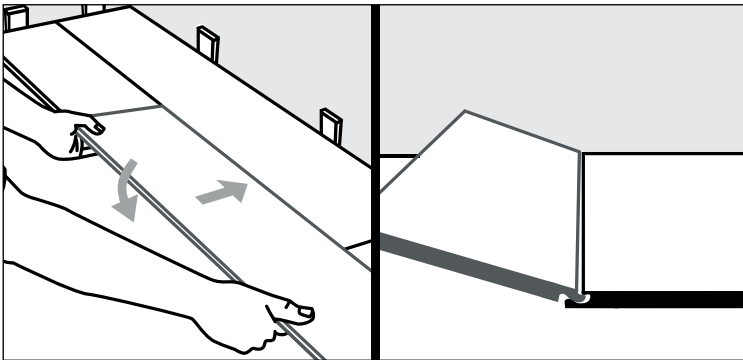
**Planks:** Use the cut-off end from the previous row to begin the next row. If the cut-off end is less than 8'', cut a new plank to be 8'' or more to start the next row.



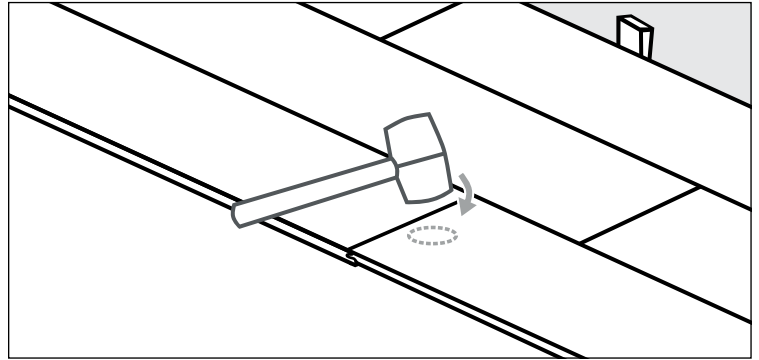
**Tiles:** Always begin a row with either a full tile or a half tile so the joints are consistently staggered in a "brick work" type pattern.



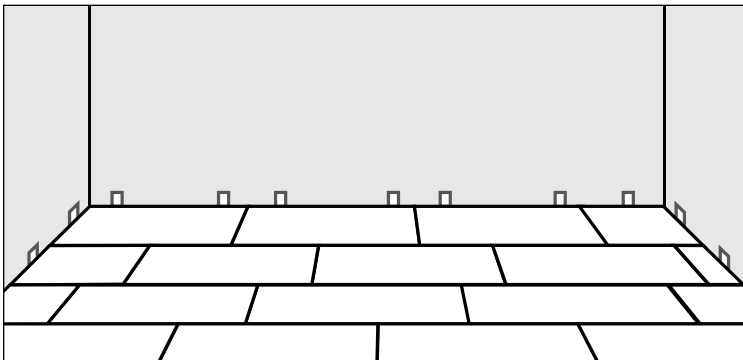
**STEP 9** Connect the long end into the groove end of the plank in the previous row at a low angle and drop into place. Slide the plank toward the previously installed plank on the left until both short ends touch. You should feel the planks lock together.



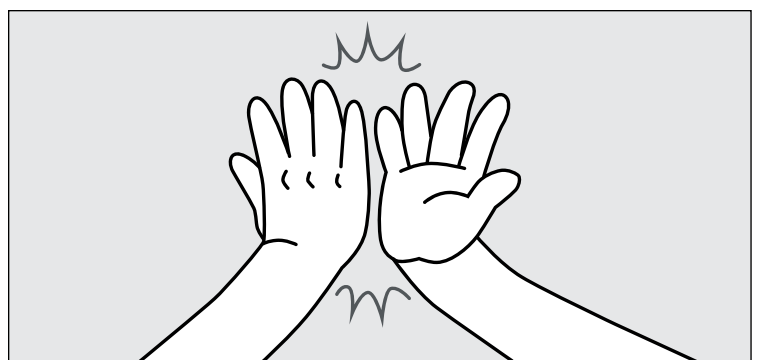
**STEP 10** Use your spacers to maintain expansion gap along walls.



**STEP 11** Repeat steps to finish the room



**STEP 12** Enjoy your new floor!



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## RESILIENT INSTALLATION GUIDELINES FOR SPC PRODUCTS

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### I. GENERAL INFORMATION

All instructions and recommendations should be followed for a satisfactory installation.

- Acclimation of material prior to installation is not required however the floor covering should be installed in a climate controlled environment with a temperature between 55° - 85°F (13°-29°C) or average temp. of 70 degrees (21.1°).
- Post installation temperature range is between -25 and 155 degrees F (-31.6°- 68.3°C).
- Avoid exposure to direct sunlight for prolonged periods, doing so may result in discoloration. During peak sunlight hours, the use of the drapes or blinds is recommended. Excess temperature due to direct sunlight can result in thermal expansion and UV fading.
- Install product after all other trades have completed work that could damage the flooring.
  - If cabinets are to be installed on top of the flooring (including islands), that area of material must be fully adhered to the subfloor (including an additional 2'ft beyond the cabinets and islands).
- To minimize shade variation, mix and install planks from several cartons.
- Inspect all planks for damage before installing. If you have any concerns about the product fit or finish, call Shaw Information Services at 1-800-441-7429. Claims will not be accepted for flooring that has been cut to size and/or installed.
- Use cementitious patching and leveling compounds that meet or exceed maximum moisture level and pH requirements. Use of gypsum-based patching and/or leveling compounds which contain Portland or high alumina cement and meet or exceed the compressive strength of 3,000 psi are acceptable.
- Installation Methods: Floating (on, above or below grade) / Glue Down (on, above or below grade)
- For installation in areas larger than 50'x 50', 2500 sq. ft. provide a minimum expansion space of 1/2" (12.7 mm) around the perimeter.
- This flooring is waterproof and reliably secures the flooring panels on all four sides. However, excessive moisture in the subfloor could promote mold, mildew, and other moisture related issues like the trapping of moisture emissions under the flooring, which may contribute to an unhealthy indoor environment.
- Additional layer of 6 mil poly film or equal vapor retarder with a perm rating of 1 or less may be used as an additional layer of protection.
- A second underlayment is allowed under any currently sold WPC/SPC Product with attached underlayment in a residential application. If installed over a second underlayment, this underlayment cannot be greater than 3 mm thick. IIC (ASTM E492-09) and STC (ASTM E90-09) lab testing on certain WPC/SPC products tested with and without a second layer of underlayment, to date, does not indicate that a second underlayment will provide additional acoustic benefit.

### II. SUBFLOOR INFORMATION

All subfloors must be clean, flat, dry and structurally sound. The correct preparation of the subfloor is a major part of a successful installation. Subfloor must be flat – 3/16" in 10' or 1/8" in 6'.

#### A. WOOD SUBFLOORS

Do not install material over wood subfloors that lay directly on concrete or over dimensional lumber or plywood used over concrete. Refer to ASTM F1482 for panel underlayment recommendations.

1. Do not apply sheet plastic over wood subfloors.
2. Basements and crawl spaces must be dry. Use of a 6 mil black polyethylene is required to cover 100% of the crawl space earth. Crawl space clearance from ground to underside of joist is to be no less than 18" and perimeter vent spacing should be equal to 1.5% of the total square footage of the crawl space area to provide cross ventilation. Where necessary, local regulations prevail.
3. All other subfloors - Plywood, OSB, particleboard, chipboard, wafer board, etc. must be structurally sound and must be installed following their manufacturer's recommendations. Local building codes may only establish minimum requirements of the flooring system and may not provide adequate rigidity and support for proper installation and performance. If needed add an additional layer of APA rated underlayment, fasten and secure according to the underlayment manufacturer's recommendations.
4. Resilient flooring is not recommended directly over fire-retardant treated plywood or preservative treated plywood. An additional layer of APA rated 1/4" thick underlayment should be installed.

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## B. CONCRETE SUBFLOORS

**NEW AND EXISTING CONCRETE SUBFLOORS SHOULD MEET THE GUIDELINES OF THE LATEST EDITION OF ACI 302 AND ASTM F 710, "STANDARD PRACTICE FOR PREPARING CONCRETE FLOORS TO RECEIVE RESILIENT FLOORING" AVAILABLE FROM THE AMERICAN SOCIETY FOR TESTING AND MATERIALS, 100 BARR HARBOR DRIVE, WEST CONSHOHOCKEN, PA 19428; 610-832-9585; [HTTP://WWW.ASTM.ORG](http://www.astm.org).**

1. Floors shall be smooth, permanently dry, clean, and free all foreign material such as dust, wax, solvents, paint, grease, oils, and old adhesive residue. The surface must be hard and dense, and free from powder or flaking.
2. New concrete slabs must be dry. Maximum moisture level per CaCl test method is 8 lbs. per 1000 in 24 hr. Maximum level for ASTM 2170 In-situ Relative humidity test method - 90%.
3. Do not install over concrete with a history of high moisture or hydrostatic conditions. Excessive moisture in the subfloor could promote mold, mildew, and other moisture related issues like the trapping of moisture emissions under the flooring, which may contribute to an unhealthy indoor environment. Shaw Industries does not warrant nor is responsible for damage to floor covering due to moisture related issues.
4. pH level of concrete should be between 7-10.
5. The final responsibility for determining if the concrete is dry enough for installation of the flooring lies with the floor covering installer.

**NOTE: IT MAY NOT BE THE FLOOR COVERING INSTALLER'S RESPONSIBILITY TO CONDUCT THESE TESTS. IT IS, HOWEVER, THE FLOOR COVERING INSTALLER'S RESPONSIBILITY TO MAKE SURE THESE TESTS HAVE BEEN CONDUCTED, AND THAT THE RESULTS ARE ACCEPTABLE PRIOR TO INSTALLING THE FLOOR COVERING. WHEN MOISTURE TESTS ARE CONDUCTED, IT INDICATES THE CONDITIONS ONLY AT THE TIME OF THE TEST.**

## LIGHTWEIGHT CONCRETE

All recommendations and guarantees as to the suitability and performance of lightweight concrete under resilient flooring are the responsibility of the lightweight concrete manufacturer. The installer of the lightweight product may be required to be authorized or certified by the manufacturer. Correct on-site mixing ratios and properly functioning pumping equipment are critical. To ensure proper mixture, slump testing is recommended.

- Lightweight aggregate concretes having dry densities greater than 90 lbs. per cubic foot may be acceptable under resilient flooring.
- Concrete slabs with heavy static and/or dynamic loads should be designed with higher strengths and densities to support such loads.
- Surface must be permanently dry, clean, smooth, free of all dust, and structurally sound.
- Perform Bond testing to determine compatibility of adhesive to the substrate. Shaw 9050 primer can be utilized to promote adhesion.
- Three internal relative humidity tests should be conducted for areas up to 1000 SF. One additional test, for each additional 1000 SF.

**Radiant Heat: Hydronic only** - Radiant heat components must have a minimum of 1/2" separation from the product. This is the only type of radiant heat system that is approved. Radiant heat system must be on and operational for at least 2 weeks prior to installation to reduce residual moisture within the concrete. Three days prior to installation lower the temperature to 65 degrees, after installation gradually increase the temperature in increments of 5° F to avoid overheating. Maximum operating temperature should never exceed 85°F. Use of an in-floor temperature sensor is recommended to avoid overheating.

## C. EXISTING FLOOR COVERINGS

Flooring can be installed over most existing hard-surface floor coverings, provided that the existing floor surface is fully adhered, clean, flat dry structurally sound and free of deflection.

- Existing sheet vinyl floors should not be heavily cushioned and not exceed more than one layer in thickness. Soft underlayment and soft substrates will compromise the product's locking ability as well as diminish its indentation resistance.
- Installation is **NOT** allowed over any type of carpet.
- Do **NOT** install over wood floors adhered to concrete.
- Never use solvents or citrus adhesive removers to remove old adhesive residue. Solvent residue left in and on the subfloor may affect the new floor covering.

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## III. INSTALLATION

**Tools: Tape Measure, Utility Knife, Jigsaw, Tapping Block or Rubber Mallet, Pull Bar, 1/4" Spacers, T-Square, Safety Glasses, Broom or Vacuum and, if necessary, tools for subfloor repair.**

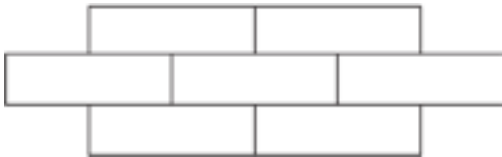
### Floating Installation

WPC / SPC plank flooring is designed to be installed utilizing the floating method. Proper expansion space 1/4" (6.35 mm) is required. Undercut all doorjamb. Do not fasten wall moldings and or transition strips to the planks.

**Glue Down Installation:** WPC / SPC products are approved for glue down installation over approved wood and concrete substrates. Follow adhesive label application instructions. Maintain 1/4" (6.35 mm) perimeter expansion space. Refer to adhesive label for moisture limits of the adhesive.

- **With IXPE/EVA attached pad:** Shaw T-180, Shaw 200 & Shaw DP99
- **Without attached pad:** Shaw 200 (residential/multi-family), Shaw 4100 (commercial, rolling load exposure & high traffic areas)
- **Cork backed products:** Shaw 200, Shaw 1500, Shaw 4100 & Shaw 4151

**Tile patterns must be installed in a staggered (offset) brick pattern. Minimum 1/3 offset 1/2 offset is preferred.**

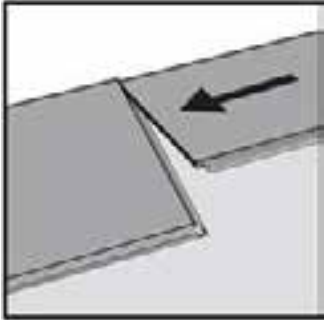


1. Before you start with the installation, it is important to determine the layout of the flooring. Proper planning and layout will prevent having narrow tile widths at wall junctures or very short length pieces at the end of rows.
2. As with all tile products, install the tiles parallel to the longest exterior wall.
3. Determine if the starter row will need to be cut. (\*In order to have a balanced floor layout, the width of the tile for the first and last row may need to be cut. The cut width of the tile should be 1/2 the width of the tile. If the first row of tiles does not need to be trimmed in width, it will be necessary to cut off the unsupported tongue so that a clean, solid edge shows towards the wall.
4. Installation of the product must start from the left side of the room, working to the right when working in front of the tiles or facing the starting wall. Use spacers along the walls to maintain proper expansion space (5/16") and align the first tile.

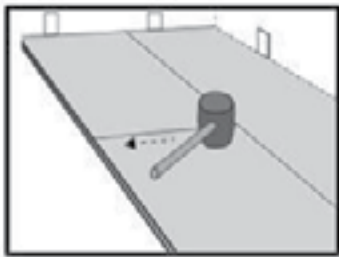


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5. Install the second tile in the row by aligning and dropping the end tongue over the end groove of the first tile. Apply light pressure to join the two tiles together.



6. If needed use a rubber mallet to fully engage the short side of the tile by lightly tapping on the top of the tile to engage and sit flush with the adjacent tile. Maintain an expansion gap of approximately 5/16" from the wall. Repeat this process to complete the first row. If the end is raised use a non-marking rubber mallet to lightly tap the end (tongue side) about 1" from the seam. Do NOT tap directly on the seam.



7. Start the second row by cutting a tile to the desired length. Keep in mind that tile must not be shorter than 6" (15cm) to achieve the best appearance.



8. Install the first tile in the second row by inserting the long side tongue into the groove of the tile in the first row. This is best done with a low angle of the tile. Maintain light pressure into the side seam as you rotate the tile to the subfloor. Repeat the process with additional tiles to complete each row. Very little force is required to seat the tongue into the groove. You should feel the tongue lock into the groove.



9. It is critical to keep the first two rows straight and square, as they are the "foundation" for the rest of the installation. Check for squareness and straightness often.

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10. Continue installing tiles and make sure to achieve a random appearance with end pieces of minimum 6" - 15cm. Check that all tiles are fully engaged; if a slight gapping is found, the gap can be tapped together by using a tapping block and a scrap of flooring to cover the tapping block in order to avoid damages on the tiles.
11. When fitting under door casings, if necessary, a flat pull bar may be used to assist in locking the tiles. Doorjambs or at row ends near walls where space is limited, the tongue can be "shaved" and glue containing "cyanoacrylate" can be applied to the groove to join the tiles together.
12. When fitting around obstacles or into irregular spaces, tiles can be cut easily and cleanly using a utility knife with a sharp blade. It is often beneficial to make a cardboard template of the area and transfer this pattern to the tile.
13. Protect all exposed edges of the flooring by installing wall molding and/or transition strips. Make sure that no tile will be secured in any way to the subfloor.
14. For wet areas such as bathrooms caulk the perimeter of the floor with a silicone caulk.
15. Protect the finished flooring from exposure to direct sunlight to reduce fading and thermal expansion.