



Wheel & Tire Cleaner

Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations
US GHS SDS
Revision Date: 10/25/2021 Date of Issue: 07/13/2021

Version: 1.1

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

1.1. Product Identifier

Product Form: Mixture

Product Name: Wheel & Tire Cleaner

Product Code: T-18 (50161), T-18C (50162), 50814, 53763

1.2. Intended Use of the Product

Use of the Substance/Mixture: Wheel & Tire Cleaner

1.3. Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party

Manufacturer

Turtle Wax, Inc.

2250 W. Pinehurst Blvd., Suite 150

Addison, IL 60101-6103

Phone Number: 1(630)455-3700

Toll-Free Number: 1(800)887-8539

1.4. Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency Number : ChemTel LLC
1-800-255-3924 (US and Canada)
1-813-248-0585 (International)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the Substance or Mixture

Met. Corr. 1 H290

Eye Irrit. 2A H319

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

2.2. Label Elements

GHS-US Labeling

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US)

:



GHS05

Signal Word (GHS-US)

: Warning

Hazard Statements (GHS-US)

: H290 - May be corrosive to metals.
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

Precautionary Statements (GHS-US)

: P234 - Keep only in original container.
P264 - Wash hands, forearms, and other exposed areas thoroughly after handling.
P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, and eye protection.
P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.
Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P390 - Absorb spillage to prevent material-damage.
P406 - Store in corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner.

2.3. Other Hazards

Exposure may aggravate pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions.

2.4. Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US)

No data available

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substance

Not applicable

3.2. Mixture

Name	Synonyms	Product Identifier	%	GHS US classification
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Sodium metasilicate	Disodium metasilicate / Silicate, disodium / Silicic acid (H ₂ SiO ₃), disodium salt / Sodium metasilicate, anhydrous	(CAS-No.) 6834-92-0	1-3	Met. Corr. 1, H290 Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335
Sodium 1-octanesulfonate	Sodium Caprylyl Sulfonate / 1-Octanesulfonic acid, sodium salt / Octylsulfonate, sodium / Sodium octanesulphonate	(CAS-No.) 5324-84-5	<2.5	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335
Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated	C9-11 Alcohols Ethoxylated / Alkyl(C9-11) alcohol, ethoxylated / Polyethylene glycol, nonyl, decyl, undecyl ether	(CAS-No.) 68439-46-3	≤2	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Acute 2, H401
Alcohols, C10-14, ethoxylated	Ethoxylated alcohols(C10-14)	(CAS-No.) 66455-15-0	≤2	Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335
Amides, coco, N-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl], alkylation products with chloroacetic acid, sodium salts	Cocamidopropyl Betaine / Coconut fatty acid, dimethylaminopropylamine amide, sodium carboxymethylated	(CAS-No.) 70851-07-9	<2	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412
Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether	Butoxydiglycol / Butyl carbitol / Butyl dioxitol / Diethylene glycol butyl ether / Ethanol, 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)- / 2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol	(CAS-No.) 112-34-5	<2	Flam. Liq. 4, H227 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319
Potassium hydroxide	Caustic potash / Potassium hydroxide (K(OH))	(CAS-No.) 1310-58-3	≤1	Met. Corr. 1, H290 Acute Tox. 3 (Oral), H301 Skin Corr. 1A, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 1, H370
Isopropyl alcohol	Isopropanol / 2-Hydroxypropane / 2-Propyl alcohol / 2-Propanol	(CAS-No.) 67-63-0	<0.3	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H336
1,2,3-Propanetriol	Glycerin / Glycerine / Glycerol / 1,2,3-Trihydroxypropane	(CAS-No.) 56-81-5	<0.2	Not classified
Chloroacetic acid	Acetic acid, chloro- / Chloroethanoic acid / MCA / Monochloroacetic acid	(CAS-No.) 79-11-8	≤ 0.006	Met. Corr. 1, H290 Acute Tox. 3 (Oral), H301 Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal), H311 Acute Tox. 2 (Inhalation:dust,mist), H330 Skin Corr. 1, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410
Dichloroacetic acid	Acetic acid, dichloro- / DCA / 2,2-Dichloroacetic acid / Dichloroethanoic acid	(CAS-No.) 79-43-6	≤ 0.006	Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal), H311 Skin Corr. 1A, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Carc. 2, H351 Aquatic Acute 1, H400
Ethylene glycol	1,2-Dihydroxyethane / Ethane-1,2-diol / 1,2-Ethanediol / Ethanediol / GLYCOL / Glycol / Monoethylene glycol	(CAS-No.) 107-21-1	< 0.0035	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 STOT RE 2, H373

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Ethylene oxide	Dimethylene oxide / 1,2-Epoxyethane / Oxirane	(CAS-No.) 75-21-8	< 0.002	Flam. Gas 1, H220 Press. Gas (Comp.), H280 Acute Tox. 3 (Oral), H301 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:gas), H331 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 Muta. 1B, H340 Carc. 1B, H350 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 1, H372 Aquatic Acute 3, H402
Acetaldehyde	Acetic aldehyde / Ethanal / Ethyl aldehyde / acetaldehyde	(CAS-No.) 75-07-0	< 0.002	Flam. Liq. 1, H224 Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 Carc. 2, H351 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 3, H402
2-Butoxyethanol	Butoxyethanol / 2-Butoxy-1-ethanol / Butoxyethanol / Ethanol, 2-butoxy-	(CAS-No.) 111-76-2	≤ 0.0015	Flam. Liq. 4, H227 Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal), H311 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:vapour), H331 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319
1-Butanol	Butanol / n-Butyl alcohol / n-Butanol / Butanol, 1- / Butanol	(CAS-No.) 71-36-3	≤ 0.0015	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT SE 3, H335

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage of composition have been withheld as a trade secret [29 CFR 1910.1200].

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of First-aid Measures

First-aid Measures General: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

First-aid Measures After Inhalation: When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate suspected area. Obtain medical attention if breathing difficulty persists.

First-aid Measures After Skin Contact: Remove contaminated clothing. Immediately drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

First-aid Measures After Eye Contact: Immediately rinse with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

First-aid Measures After Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention.

4.2. Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

Symptoms/Injuries: Causes serious eye irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: Prolonged exposure may cause irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Prolonged exposure may cause skin irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Contact causes severe irritation with redness and swelling of the conjunctiva.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Ingestion may cause adverse effects.

Chronic Symptoms: None expected under normal conditions of use.

4.3. Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

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SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Water spray, fog, carbon dioxide (CO₂), alcohol-resistant foam, or dry chemical.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Do not use a heavy water stream. Use of heavy stream of water may spread fire.

5.2. Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: Not considered flammable but may burn at high temperatures.

Explosion Hazard: Contact with metallic substances may release flammable hydrogen gas.

Reactivity: May be corrosive to metals. Contact with metals may evolve flammable hydrogen gas.

5.3. Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

Firefighting Instructions: Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers.

Protection During Firefighting: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Sulfur oxides. Metal oxides. Sulfur compounds. Nitrogen oxides. Potassium oxides. Acrid smoke and irritating fumes.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

General Measures: Avoid all contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Avoid breathing (vapor, mist, spray).

6.1.1. For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

6.1.2. For Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency Procedures: Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit. Ventilate area.

6.2. Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

6.3. Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment: Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams.

Methods for Cleaning Up: Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Transfer spilled material to a suitable container for disposal. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. Contact competent authorities after a spill.

6.4. Reference to Other Sections

See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection and Section 13 for disposal considerations.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards When Processed: May be corrosive to metals.

Precautions for Safe Handling: Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Avoid breathing vapors, mist, spray. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work.

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.

7.2. Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Technical Measures: Comply with applicable regulations.

Storage Conditions: Keep container closed when not in use. Store in a dry, cool place. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials. Store in corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner.

Incompatible Materials: Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers. Metals. May be corrosive to metals.

Packaging materials: Store in corrosive resistant/... container with a resistant inner liner.

7.3. Specific End Use(s)

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SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control Parameters

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), AIHA (WEEL), NIOSH (REL), or OSHA (PEL).

Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)

USA ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	200 ppm
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USA ACGIH	ACGIH OEL STEL [ppm]	400 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen
USA ACGIH	BEI (BLV)	40 mg/l Parameter: Acetone - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift at end of workweek (background, nonspecific)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA)	980 mg/m ³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL TWA [ppm]	400 ppm
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL)	1225 mg/m ³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL STEL [ppm]	500 ppm
USA IDLH	IDLH [ppm]	2000 ppm (10% LEL)
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	980 mg/m ³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [2]	400 ppm
1,2,3-Propanetriol (56-81-5)		
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	15 mg/m ³ (mist, total particulate) 5 mg/m ³ (mist, respirable fraction)
Chloroacetic acid (79-11-8)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	0.5 ppm (inhalable fraction and vapor)
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen, Skin - potential significant contribution to overall exposure by the cutaneous route
USA AIHA	WEEL TWA [ppm]	0.5 ppm
USA AIHA	AIHA chemical category	skin notation
Dichloroacetic acid (79-43-6)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	0.5 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans, Skin - potential significant contribution to overall exposure by the cutaneous route
Ethylene oxide (75-21-8)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	1 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Suspected Human Carcinogen
USA ACGIH	BEI (BLV)	Parameter: N-(2-Hydroxyethyl)valine (HEV) hemoglobin adducts - Medium: blood - Sampling time: not critical (nonspecific) Parameter: S-(2-Hydroxyethyl)mercaptopuric acid (HEMA) - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift (nonspecific, population based)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA)	0.18 mg/m ³ (less than stated value)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL TWA [ppm]	0.1 ppm (less than stated value)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (Ceiling)	9 mg/m ³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL C [ppm]	5 ppm
USA IDLH	IDLH [ppm]	800 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [2]	1 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (STEL) [2]	5 ppm (see 29 CFR 1910.1047)
USA OSHA	OSHA Action Level/Excursion Limit	0.5 ppm (Action Level, see 29 CFR 1910.1047) 5 ppm (Excursion Limit, see 29 CFR 1910.1047)
Acetaldehyde (75-07-0)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH OEL Ceiling [ppm]	25 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Suspected Human Carcinogen
USA IDLH	IDLH [ppm]	2000 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	360 mg/m ³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [2]	200 ppm
Ethylene glycol (107-21-1)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	25 ppm (vapor fraction)
USA ACGIH	ACGIH OEL STEL	10 mg/m ³ (inhalable particulate matter, aerosol only)
USA ACGIH	ACGIH OEL STEL [ppm]	50 ppm (vapor fraction)
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen

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Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether (112-34-5)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	10 ppm (inhalable fraction and vapor)
2-Butoxyethanol (111-76-2)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	20 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans
USA ACGIH	BEI (BLV)	200 mg/g Kreatinin Parameter: Butoxyacetic acid with hydrolysis - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA)	24 mg/m ³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL TWA [ppm]	5 ppm
USA IDLH	IDLH [ppm]	700 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	240 mg/m ³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [2]	50 ppm
USA OSHA	Limit value category (OSHA)	prevent or reduce skin absorption
1-Butanol (71-36-3)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	20 ppm
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (Ceiling)	150 mg/m ³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL C [ppm]	50 ppm
USA IDLH	IDLH [ppm]	1400 ppm (10% LEL)
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	300 mg/m ³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [2]	100 ppm
Potassium hydroxide (1310-58-3)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH OEL Ceiling	2 mg/m ³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (Ceiling)	2 mg/m ³

8.2. Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls

: Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

Personal Protective Equipment

: Gloves. Protective clothing. Protective goggles.



Materials for Protective Clothing

: Chemically resistant materials and fabrics.

Hand Protection

: Wear protective gloves.

Eye and Face Protection

: Chemical safety goggles.

Skin and Body Protection

: Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory Protection

: If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory protection should be worn. In case of inadequate ventilation, oxygen deficient atmosphere, or where exposure levels are not known wear approved respiratory protection.

Other Information

: When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State	: Liquid
Appearance	: Light straw
Odor	: Acrid
Odor Threshold	: No data available
pH	: 13.5
Evaporation Rate	: No data available
Melting Point	: No data available
Freezing Point	: No data available
Boiling Point	: No data available
Flash Point	: > 93 °C (Closed Cup) (199.4 °F)

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Auto-ignition Temperature	: No data available
Decomposition Temperature	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not applicable
Vapor Pressure	: No data available
Relative Vapor Density at 20°C	: No data available
Relative Density	: No data available
Specific Gravity	: 1.031
Solubility	: No data available
Partition Coefficient: N-Octanol/Water	: No data available
Viscosity	: No data available
Viscosity, Kinematic	: Water Thin
9.2. Other Information	
VOC content (California)	: 0 %
% NVM by Weight	: 10.5 %

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

- 10.1. Reactivity:** May be corrosive to metals. Contact with metals may evolve flammable hydrogen gas.
- 10.2. Chemical Stability:** Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).
- 10.3. Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:** Hazardous polymerization will not occur.
- 10.4. Conditions to Avoid:** Direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures, and incompatible materials.
- 10.5. Incompatible Materials:** Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers. Metals. May be corrosive to metals.
- 10.6. Hazardous Decomposition Products:** Thermal decomposition may produce: Sulfur oxides. Metal oxides. Sulfur compounds. Nitrogen oxides. Potassium oxides. Acrid smoke and irritating fumes.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on Toxicological Effects

Acute Toxicity (Oral): Not classified

Acute Toxicity (Dermal): Not classified

Acute Toxicity (Inhalation): Not classified

Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)	
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	12956 mg/kg (16.4 mL/kg bw)
LC50 Inhalation Rat	72600 mg/m ³ (Exposure time: 4 h)
1,2,3-Propanetriol (56-81-5)	
LD50 Oral Rat	12600 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 10 g/kg
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 2.75 mg/l/4h
Chloroacetic acid (79-11-8)	
LD50 Oral Rat	55 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	250 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation Rat	180 mg/m ³ (Exposure time: 4 h)
LC50 Inhalation Rat	0.18 mg/l/4h
Dichloroacetic acid (79-43-6)	
LD50 Oral Rat	2820 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	510 mg/kg
Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated (68439-46-3)	
LD50 Oral Rat	1400 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rat	> 2000 mg/kg
Ethylene oxide (75-21-8)	
LD50 Oral Rat	72 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation Rat	800 ppm/4h
Acetaldehyde (75-07-0)	
LD50 Oral Rat	660 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	3540 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation Rat	13000 ppm/4h

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Ethylene glycol (107-21-1)	
LD50 Dermal Rat	10600 mg/kg
ATE (Oral)	500.00 mg/kg body weight
Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether (112-34-5)	
LD50 Oral Rat	5660 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	2700 mg/kg
2-Butoxyethanol (111-76-2)	
LD50 Oral Rat	470 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	435 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation Rat	2.2 mg/l/4h
LC50 Inhalation Rat	486 ppm/4h
1-Butanol (71-36-3)	
LD50 Oral Rat	700 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	3402 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 8000 ppm/4h
Potassium hydroxide (1310-58-3)	
LD50 Oral Rat	284 mg/kg
Sodium metasilicate (6834-92-0)	
LD50 Oral Rat	1153 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rat	> 5000 mg/kg

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Not classified.

pH: 13.5

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Causes serious eye irritation.

pH: 13.5

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: Not classified

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified

Carcinogenicity: Not classified

Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)	
IARC group	3
Dichloroacetic acid (79-43-6)	
IARC group	2B
OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen List	In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list.
Ethylene oxide (75-21-8)	
IARC group	1
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	Known Human Carcinogens.
OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen List	In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list.
OSHA Specifically Regulated Carcinogen List	In OSHA Specifically Regulated Carcinogen list.
Acetaldehyde (75-07-0)	
IARC group	1, 2B
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	Reasonably anticipated to be Human Carcinogen.
OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen List	In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list.
2-Butoxyethanol (111-76-2)	
IARC group	3

Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): Not classified.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Not classified

Aspiration Hazard: Not classified

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: Prolonged exposure may cause irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Prolonged exposure may cause skin irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Contact causes severe irritation with redness and swelling of the conjunctiva.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Ingestion may cause adverse effects.

Chronic Symptoms: None expected under normal conditions of use.

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SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - General : Not classified.

Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)	
LC50 Fish 1	9640 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	13299 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
EC50 Other Aquatic Organisms 1	1000 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Desmodesmus subspicatus)
LC50 Fish 2	11130 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static])
EC50 Other Aquatic Organisms 2	1000 mg/l (Exposure time: 72 h - Species: Desmodesmus subspicatus)
1,2,3-Propanetriol (56-81-5)	
LC50 Fish 1	54000 (51000 – 57000) mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [static])
Chloroacetic acid (79-11-8)	
LC50 Fish 1	145 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [semi-static])
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	77 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
EC50 - Crustacea [2]	71 – 85 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static])
ErC50 (Algae)	0.033 mg/l
NOEC Chronic Algae	0.005 mg/l
Dichloroacetic acid (79-43-6)	
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	23 mg/l
Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated (68439-46-3)	
LC50 Fish 1	6 – 12 mg/l (Exposure time : 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	2.217 – 3.523 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
Ethylene oxide (75-21-8)	
LC50 Fish 1	73 – 96 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	137 – 300 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
Acetaldehyde (75-07-0)	
LC50 Fish 1	28 (28 – 34) mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	3.64 (3.64 – 6.15) mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static])
LC50 Fish 2	53 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [static])
EC50 - Crustacea [2]	48.3 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
NOEC Chronic Algae	1.9 mg/l
Ethylene glycol (107-21-1)	
LC50 Fish 1	41000 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	46300 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
LC50 Fish 2	14 – 18 ml/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [static])
NOEC Chronic Crustacea	4.2 mg/l
Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether (112-34-5)	
LC50 Fish 1	1300 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [static])
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	> 100 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
2-Butoxyethanol (111-76-2)	
LC50 Fish 1	1490 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [static])
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	1000 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
LC50 Fish 2	2950 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus)
1-Butanol (71-36-3)	
LC50 Fish 1	1730 – 1910 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static])
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	1983 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
LC50 Fish 2	1740 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])
EC50 - Crustacea [2]	1897 – 2072 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static])
NOEC Chronic Crustacea	4.1 mg/l
Sodium metasilicate (6834-92-0)	

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LC50 Fish 1	210 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Brachydanio rerio [semi-static])
LC50 Fish 2	210 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Brachydanio rerio)

12.2. Persistence and Degradability

Wheel & Tire Cleaner	
Persistence and Degradability	Not established.

12.3. Bioaccumulative Potential

Wheel & Tire Cleaner	
Bioaccumulative Potential	Not established.
Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	0.05 (at 25 °C)
1,2,3-Propanetriol (56-81-5)	
BCF Fish 1	(no bioaccumulation)
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	-1.76
Chloroacetic acid (79-11-8)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	0.2
Ethylene oxide (75-21-8)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	-0.3 (at 25 °C)
Acetaldehyde (75-07-0)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	0.5
Ethylene glycol (107-21-1)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	-1.93
Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether (112-34-5)	
BCF Fish 1	(no bioconcentration expected)
2-Butoxyethanol (111-76-2)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	0.81 (at 25 °C)
1-Butanol (71-36-3)	
BCF Fish 1	0.64
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	0.785 (at 25 °C)
Potassium hydroxide (1310-58-3)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	0.65

12.4. Mobility in Soil No additional information available

12.5. Other Adverse Effects

Other Information : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste Treatment Methods

Waste Disposal Recommendations: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations.

Additional Information: Container may remain hazardous when empty. Continue to observe all precautions.

Ecology - Waste Materials: Avoid release to the environment.

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SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The shipping description(s) stated herein were prepared in accordance with certain assumptions at the time the SDS was authored, and can vary based on a number of variables that may or may not have been known at the time the SDS was issued.

14.1. In Accordance with DOT

This product meets the limited quantity exceptions as specified in the 49 CFR as Not Regulated as dangerous goods when shipped in accordance with any applicable subparts that may apply.

Proper Shipping Name : CORROSIVE LIQUIDS, N.O.S. (Contains Sodium metasilicate ; Potassium hydroxide)

Hazard Class : 8

Identification Number : UN1760

Label Codes : 8

Packing Group : III

ERG Number : 154



14.2. In Accordance with IMDG

Proper Shipping Name : CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Contains Sodium metasilicate ; Potassium hydroxide)

Hazard Class : 8

Identification Number : UN1760

Packing Group : III

Label Codes : 8

EmS-No. (Fire) : F-A

EmS-No. (Spillage) : S-B



14.3. In Accordance with IATA

Proper Shipping Name : CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Contains Sodium metasilicate ; Potassium hydroxide)

Packing Group : III

Identification Number : UN1760

Hazard Class : 8

Label Codes : 8

ERG Code (IATA) : 8L



SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. US Federal Regulations

All components in this mixture are listed on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory, have been exempted, are not listed, not disclosed due to CBI requirements or disclosure rules according to the relevant regulation.

Wheel & Tire Cleaner	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Health hazard - Serious eye damage or eye irritation Physical hazard - Corrosive to metals
Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)	
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313	
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1 % (only if manufactured by the strong acid process, no supplier notification)
Chloroacetic acid (79-11-8)	
Listed on the United States SARA Section 302	
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313	
CERCLA RQ	100 lb
SARA Section 302 Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ)	100 – 10000 lb
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1 %
Ethylene oxide (75-21-8)	
Listed on the United States SARA Section 302	
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313	
CERCLA RQ	10 lb
SARA Section 302 Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ)	1000 lb
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	0.1 %

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Acetaldehyde (75-07-0)	
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313	
CERCLA RQ	1000 lb
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	0.1 %
Ethylene glycol (107-21-1)	
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313	
CERCLA RQ	5000 lb
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1 %
Alcohols, C10-14, ethoxylated (66455-15-0)	
EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag	XU - XU - indicates a substance exempt from reporting under the Chemical Data Reporting Rule, (40 CFR 711).
1-Butanol (71-36-3)	
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313	
CERCLA RQ	5000 lb
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1 %
Potassium hydroxide (1310-58-3)	
CERCLA RQ	1000 lb

15.2. US State Regulations

Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)	
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List	
1,2,3-Propanetriol (56-81-5)	
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List	
Chloroacetic acid (79-11-8)	
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List	
Dichloroacetic acid (79-43-6)	
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List	
Ethylene oxide (75-21-8)	
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Special Hazardous Substances U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List	
Acetaldehyde (75-07-0)	
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List	
Ethylene glycol (107-21-1)	
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List	
2-Butoxyethanol (111-76-2)	
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List	

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U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List

1-Butanol (71-36-3)

U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List

U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List

Potassium hydroxide (1310-58-3)

U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List

U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List

California Proposition 65



WARNING: This product can expose you to Dichloroacetic acid, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Chemical Name (CAS No.)	Carcinogenicity	Developmental Toxicity	Female Reproductive Toxicity	Male Reproductive Toxicity
Dichloroacetic acid (79-43-6)	X	X		X
Ethylene oxide (75-21-8)	X	X	X	X
Acetaldehyde (75-07-0)	X			
Ethylene glycol (107-21-1)		X		

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

Date of Preparation or Latest Revision : 10/25/2021

Formula Identification Number : 40411

Other Information : This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200
The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage of composition have been withheld as a trade secret [29 CFR 1910.1200].

GHS Full Text Phrases:

Acute Tox. 2 (Inhalation:dust,mist)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:dust,mist) Category 2
Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal)	Acute toxicity (dermal) Category 3
Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:gas)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:gas) Category 3
Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:vapour)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:vapor) Category 3
Acute Tox. 3 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral) Category 3
Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral) Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 1
Aquatic Acute 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 2
Aquatic Acute 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 3
Aquatic Chronic 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 3
Carc. 1A	Carcinogenicity Category 1A
Carc. 1B	Carcinogenicity Category 1B
Carc. 2	Carcinogenicity Category 2
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2A	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
Flam. Gas 1	Flammable gases Category 1
Flam. Liq. 1	Flammable liquids Category 1
Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquids Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquids Category 3
Flam. Liq. 4	Flammable liquids Category 4

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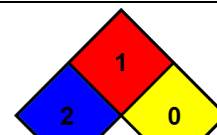
Met. Corr. 1	Corrosive to metals Category 1
Muta. 1B	Germ cell mutagenicity Category 1B
Muta. 2	Germ cell mutagenicity Category 2
Press. Gas (Comp.)	Gases under pressure Compressed gas
Skin Corr. 1	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1
Skin Corr. 1A	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1A
Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1B
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	Skin sensitization, Category 1
STOT RE 1	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1
STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 2
STOT SE 1	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 1
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity — Single exposure, Category 3, Respiratory tract irritation
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity — Single exposure, Category 3, Narcosis
H220	Extremely flammable gas
H224	Extremely flammable liquid and vapor
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor
H226	Flammable liquid and vapor
H227	Combustible liquid
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated
H290	May be corrosive to metals
H301	Toxic if swallowed
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H311	Toxic in contact with skin
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H315	Causes skin irritation
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H330	Fatal if inhaled
H331	Toxic if inhaled
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H340	May cause genetic defects
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects
H350	May cause cancer
H351	Suspected of causing cancer
H370	Causes damage to organs
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life
H401	Toxic to aquatic life
H402	Harmful to aquatic life
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

NFPA Health Hazard

: 2 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause temporary incapacitation or residual injury.

NFPA Fire Hazard

: 1 - Materials that must be preheated before ignition can occur.



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NFPA Reactivity Hazard	: 0 - Material that in themselves are normally stable, even under fire conditions.
HMIS III Rating	
Health	: 2 Moderate Hazard
Flammability	: 1 Slight Hazard
Physical	: 0 Minimal Hazard

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SDS US (GHS HazCom)