

Helpful Operating Tips:

Relaxing Room Temperature At Night: During night time hours, try using sleep mode to gradually relax the room temperature and allow the unit to run less which results in saving energy.

Curtains & Shades: In the summer, blocking the effects of the sun can significantly help with cooling costs. If possible, close shades/curtains in any areas that may get direct sunlight. In the winter months, open curtains & shades to allow solar heat into your living areas.

Close Doors: If possible, confine cooling and heating to living areas by closing doors to limit the space you are cooling or heating to the specified capability of the unit.

Clear Around Outdoor Unit: Keeping the area around the outdoor unit free of leaves and debris will greatly help with operating efficiencies. It may also be necessary to hose off the unit to free the coil fins of debris—which could make the unit work harder.

Rearrange The Room: Furniture that obstructs airflow means you could be heating and cooling objects instead of the actual living space. Remove or rearrange obstacles blocking airflow. Use the swing louvers to help direct airflow in the right direction.

Try 75 Degrees: 75°F is a good point for an air conditioner to run at its optimal performance level. Even a 1 degree change in the temperature setting can result in more energy use.

Lighting: Turning off unnecessary lights can help reduce heat. Each light gives off significant heat. Your air conditioner will waste energy overcoming the heat from your lights in order to reach and hold the desired room temperature.

When Away From Home: If possible, while you are away from home, turn your unit to auto mode and make sure windows and shades are closed. Although the room temp may be slightly uncomfortable when returning home, the unit will have the room back to the desired temperature in a short period of time.

Use Of The Fan: It will be more energy efficient to use the fan on a lower, more quiet setting than to run at full speed—when possible.

Storage:

When not in use for long periods of time:

- Clean and dry filters completely
- Disconnect from power source (turn off breaker)
- Remove battery from remote controller

When starting up after long periods of non use:

- Check for damaged wires
- Clean and dry filters completely
- Install remote controller batteries
- Check for leaks
- Make sure nothing is blocking any air intake or outlets