

# ET-3G™ Epoxy Anchoring Adhesive



## Ideal for general doweling and threaded rod applications

Introducing Simpson Strong-Tie® ET-3G epoxy anchoring adhesive, the latest addition to our line of adhesive anchoring solutions. ET-3G is ideal for general rebar doweling and threaded rod applications.

ET-3G is code listed for cracked and uncracked concrete and engineered to meet the vast majority of general doweling needs for commercial, residential and infrastructure projects. It has a long working time — 50 min at 70°F (21°C), and can be applied in dry or damp conditions. With an in-service temperature range of -40°F (-40°C) to 150°F (65°C), ET-3G is suitable for most geographic areas.

Easy to install, it has a simple hole-cleaning procedure that requires no power brushing, saving time and effort at the jobsite. ET-3G is made in the USA, widely available, and backed by expert service and support.

### Features

- Suitable for use under static and seismic loading conditions in cracked and uncracked concrete and masonry
- Ideal for general doweling and threaded rod applications
- Two-year shelf life for unopened cartridges stored between 45°F (7°C) and 90°F (32°C)

### Test Criteria

ET-3G has been tested in accordance with ICC-ES AC308, AC58, ACI 355.4 and applicable ASTM test methods.

### Code Reports, Standards and Compliance

Concrete — ICC-ES ESR-5334 (including post-installed rebar connections, City of LA and Florida Building Code); FL15730.

Masonry — ICC-ES ESR pending.

ASTM C881 and AASHTO M235 — Types I/IV and II/V, Grade 3, Class C.

UL Certification — CDPH Standard Method v1.2.

NSF/ANSI/CAN 61 (216 in.<sup>2</sup>/ 1,000 gal.)

For DOT Approvals - see [strongtie.com](https://strongtie.com), Resource Center, choose Code Report Finder

### ET-3G Cure Schedule

Base Material Temperature		Gel Time (minutes)	Cure Time (hr.)
°F	°C		
50	10	100	72
60	16	75	48
70	21	50	24
90	32	30	24
110	43	18	24

For water-saturated concrete, the cure times must be doubled.



ET-3G Adhesive

### Product Information

Mix Ratio/Type	1:1 epoxy
Mixed Color	Teal
Base Materials	Concrete and masonry — cracked and uncracked
Base Material Conditions	Dry, water-saturated
Anchor Type	Threaded rod or rebar
Substrate Installation Temperature	50°F (10°C) to 110°F (43°C)
In-Service Temperature Range	-40°F (-40°C) to 150°F (65°C)
Storage Temperature	45°F (7°C) to 90°F (32°C)
Shelf Life	24 months
Volatile Organic Compound (VOC)	3 g/L
Chemical Resistance	See <a href="https://strongtie.com">strongtie.com</a>
Manufactured in the USA using global materials	

# ET-3G™ Epoxy Anchoring Adhesive



## ET-3G Applications and Packaging



Foundation/Road Extension



Section Enlargement

### Key Applications

- Section Enlargement
- Concrete Roadway Splicing
- General Rebar Doweling
- Misplaced Rebar
- Foundation Repair
- Anchoring of Nonstructural Components
- Ornamental Iron and Railing
- Highway Barriers
- Anchoring and Doweling into Masonry



Hollow CMU Install with Opti-Mesh Screen



Rebar Wall Extension

### ET-3G Cartridge System

Model No.	Capacity (ounces)	Cartridge Type	Carton Quantity	Dispensing Tool(s)	Mixing Nozzle <sup>3</sup>
ET3G10 <sup>4</sup>	8.5	Single	12	CDT10S	EMN22I
ET3G22-N <sup>4</sup>	22	Side-by-Side	8	EDT22S, EDTA22P, EDTA22CKT	
ET3G56	56	Side-by-Side	6	EDTA56P	

1. Cartridge estimation guidelines are available at [strongtie.com/softwareandwebapplications/category](https://strongtie.com/softwareandwebapplications/category).

2. Detailed information on dispensing tools, mixing nozzles and other adhesive accessories is available at [strongtie.com](https://strongtie.com).

3. Use only Simpson Strong-Tie® mixing nozzles in accordance with Simpson Strong-Tie instructions. Modification or improper use of mixing nozzle may impair ET-3G adhesive performance.

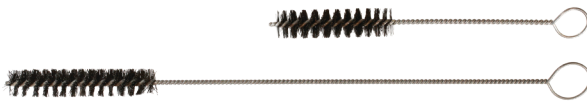
4. One EMN22I mixing nozzle and one nozzle extension are supplied with each cartridge.

5. Use of rodless pneumatic tools to dispense single-tube, coaxial adhesive cartridges is prohibited.

# ET-3G™ Epoxy Anchoring Adhesive

**SIMPSON**

**Strong-Tie**



## Nylon Brush — Standard Embedment

Model No.	Hole Diameter (in.)	Anchor Diameter (in.)	Rebar Size	Usable Length (in.)	Carton Quantity
ETB4	3/8 – 7/16	1/4 – 5/16	—	7	24
ETB6	1/2 – 3/4	3/8 – 5/8	#3 – #5	15	24
ETB8	13/16 – 7/8	3/4	#6	15	24
ETB8L	13/16 – 7/8	3/4	#6	23	24
ETB10	1 – 1 1/8	7/8 – 1	#7 – #8	28	24
ETB12	1 3/16 – 1 3/8	1 1/4	#10	33	24

1. All standard nylon brushes are one-piece which includes a twisted wire handle.



## Nylon Brush — Rebar/Deep Embedments

Model No.	Hole Diameter (in.)	Rebar Size	Usable Length (in.)	Carton Quantity
ETB6R	1/2 – 3/4	#3 – #5	6	25
ETB8R	7/8	#6	6	25
ETB10R	1 – 1 1/8	#7 – #8	8	25
ETB12R	1 3/8	#10	8	25
ETB14R	1 3/4	#11	7	25
ETBR-EXT	T-handle and extension		35 1/4	25

1. ETBR-EXT is required for use with all sizes of rebar nylon brushes.
2. To obtain total usable length, add the usable length for each part used.
3. Brushes are used when rebar is installed to replace cast-in-place bar for lap splices and development length.

## Opti-Mesh Adhesive-Anchoring Screen Tubes

For Rod Diameter (in.)	Hole Size (in.)	Length (in.)	EWSP Model No. for ET-3G™	Carton Quantity
3/8	9/16	3 1/2	EWS373P	150
		6	EWS376P	150
		10	EWS3710P	100
1/2	3/4	3 1/2	EWS503P	100
		6	EWS506P	100
		10	EWS5010P	50
5/8	7/8	3 1/2	EWS623P	50
		6	EWS626P	50
		10	EWS6210P	25
3/4	1	8	EWS758P	25
		13	EWS7513P	25



### Plastic Screen Tube

For use in base materials that are hollow or contain voids

## Steel Adhesive-Anchoring Screen Tubes

For Rod Diameter (in.)	Hole Size (in.)	ETS Carbon Steel Screen Tubes for ET-3G		Carton Quantity
		Actual Screen Size O.D./Length (in.)	Model No.	
3/4	1	3 1/2 X 8	ETS758	25
		3 1/2 X 13	ETS7513	25
		3 1/2 X 17	ETS7517	25
		3 1/2 X 21	ETS7521	25



### Screen Tube

Screen tubes are for use in unreinforced brick masonry applications.

## Adhesive Piston Plug Delivery System

For consistent dispensing of anchoring adhesives in any installation orientation, the Simpson Strong-Tie® Adhesive Piston Plug Delivery System offers you an easy-to-use, more reliable and less time-consuming means to dispense adhesive into drilled holes for threaded rod and rebar dowel installations at overhead, upwardly inclined and horizontal orientations.

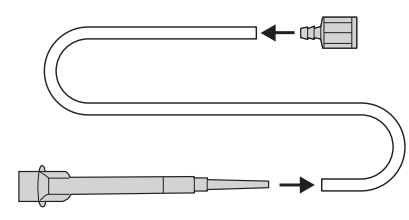
The matched tolerance design between the piston plug and drilled hole virtually eliminates the formation of voids and air pockets during adhesive dispensing.



Adhesive Piston Plug Family



Piston Plug Delivery System



Mixing Nozzle with Delivery System



# ET-3G™ Epoxy Anchoring Adhesive



## ET-3G Typical Properties

Property		Class C	Test Method
		(> 60°F)	
Consistency		Non-sag	ASTM C881
Bond Strength, Slant Shear	Hardened to Hardened Concrete, 2-Day Cure <sup>1</sup>	2,600 psi	ASTM C882
	Hardened to Hardened Concrete, 14-Day Cure <sup>1</sup>	2,900 psi	
	Fresh to Hardened Concrete, 14-Day Cure <sup>2</sup>	2,000 psi	
Compressive Yield Strength, 7-Day Cure <sup>1</sup>		13,000 psi	ASTM D695
Compressive Modulus, 7-Day Cure <sup>1</sup>		580,000 psi	ASTM D695
Heat Deflection Temperature, 7-Day Cure <sup>2</sup>		132°F (56°C)	ASTM D648
Glass Transition Temperature, 7-Day Cure <sup>2</sup>		124°F (51°C)	ASTM E1356
Decomposition Temperature, 24-Hour Cure <sup>2</sup>		500°F (260°C)	ASTM E2550
Water Absorption, 24-Hours, 7-Day Cure <sup>2</sup>		0.15%	ASTM D570
Shore D Hardness, 24-Hour Cure <sup>2</sup>		84	ASTM D2240
Linear Coefficient of Shrinkage, 7-Day Cure <sup>2</sup>		0.002 in./in.	ASTM D2566
Coefficient of Thermal Expansion <sup>2</sup>		2.4 x 10 <sup>-5</sup> in./in.°F	ASTM C531

1. Material and curing conditions: 60° ± 2°F.

2. Material and curing conditions: 73° ± 2°F.

## ET-3G Installation Information and Additional Data for Threaded Rod and Rebar<sup>1</sup>



Characteristic		Symbol	Units	Nominal Anchor Diameter (in.) / Rebar Size						
				3⁄8 / #3	1⁄2 / #4	5⁄8 / #5	3⁄4 / #6	7⁄8 / #7	1 / #8	1 1⁄4 / #10
Installation Information										
Drill Bit Diameter		$d_{hole}$	in.	1⁄2	5⁄8	3⁄4	7⁄8	1	1 1⁄8	1 3⁄8
Maximum Tightening Torque		$T_{inst}$	ft.-lb.	10	20	30	45	60	80	125
Permitted Embedment Depth Range	Minimum	$h_{ef}$	in.	2 3⁄8	2 3⁄4	3 1⁄8	3 1⁄2	3 3⁄4	4	5
	Maximum	$h_{ef}$	in.	7 1⁄2	10	12 1⁄2	15	17 1⁄2	20	25
Minimum Concrete Thickness		$h_{min}$	in.	$h_{ef} + 5d_{hole}$						
Critical Edge Distance²		$c_{ac}$	in.	See footnote 2						
Minimum Edge Distance		$c_{min}$	in.	1 3⁄4						2 3⁄4
Minimum Anchor Spacing		$s_{min}$	in.	3						6

1. The information presented in this table is to be used in conjunction with the design criteria of ACI 318-19, ACI 318-14 and ACI 318-11.

2.  $c_{ac} = h_{ef} (\tau_{k,uncr} / 1,160)^{0.4} \times [3.1 - 0.7(h/h_{ef})]$ , where:

$$[h/h_{ef}] \leq 2.4$$

$\tau_{k,uncr}$  = the characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete, given in the tables that follow  $\leq k_{uncr} ((h_{ef} \times f'_c)^{0.5} / (\pi \times d_{hole}))$

$h$  = the member thickness (inches)

$h_{ef}$  = the embedment depth (inches)

## Software and Web Application Technology

For innovative, cost-effective product and design recommendations for any project, please visit our Software and Web Applications page at [strongtie.com/softwareandwebapplications/category](https://strongtie.com/softwareandwebapplications/category).

### Anchor Designer™ (AD)

Perform anchorage design in accordance with the strength design provision of ACI 318 or CSA A23.3 for cracked and uncracked concrete conditions.



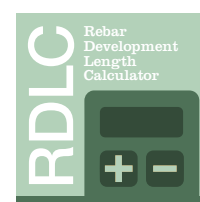
### Adhesive Cartridge Estimator (ACE)

Easily estimate how much adhesive you will need for your project, including threaded rod and rebar doweling and crack injection.

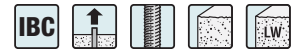


### Rebar Development Length Calculator (RDLC)

Calculate ACI 318 tension and compression development lengths for designing post-installed rebar in concrete conditions.



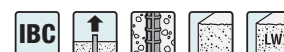
## ET-3G Tension Strength Design Data for Threaded Rod<sup>1,11</sup>



Characteristic			Symbol	Units	Nominal Anchor Diameter (in.)							
					3⁄8	1⁄2	5⁄8	3⁄4	7⁄8	1	1 1⁄4	
Steel Strength in Tension												
Threaded Rod	Minimum Tensile Stress Area		$A_{se}$	in <sup>2</sup>	0.078	0.142	0.226	0.334	0.462	0.606	0.969	
	Tension Resistance of Steel — ASTM F1554, Grade 36		$N_{sa}$	lb.	4,525	8,235	13,110	19,370	26,795	35,150	56,200	
	Tension Resistance of Steel — ASTM A193, Grade B7				9,750	17,750	28,250	41,750	57,750	75,750	121,125	
	Tension Resistance of Steel — Type 410 Stainless (ASTM A193, Grade B6)				8,580	15,620	24,860	36,740	50,820	66,660	106,590	
	Tension Resistance of Steel — Types 304 and 316 Stainless (ASTM A193, Grade B8 and B8M)				4,445	8,095	12,880	19,040	26,335	34,540	55,235	
	Strength Reduction Factor — Steel Failure		$\phi$	—	0.75 <sup>7</sup>							
Concrete Breakout Strength in Tension (2,500 psi ≤ f <sub>c</sub> ≤ 8,000 psi) <sup>10</sup>												
Effectiveness Factor — Uncracked Concrete			$k_{uncr}$	—	24							
Effectiveness Factor — Cracked Concrete			$k_{cr}$	—	17							
Strength Reduction Factor — Breakout Failure			$\phi$	—	0.65 <sup>7</sup>							
Bond Strength in Tension (2,500 psi ≤ f <sub>c</sub> ≤ 8,000 psi) <sup>10</sup>												
Uncracked Concrete <sup>2,3,4</sup>	Characteristic Bond Strength <sup>5</sup>		$\tau_{k,uncr}$	psi	739	1,116	1,049	951	876	782	614	
	Permitted Embedment Depth Range	Minimum	$h_{ef}$	in.	2 3⁄8	2 3⁄4	3 1⁄8	3 1⁄2	3 3⁄4	4	5	
		Maximum			7 1⁄2	10	12 1⁄2	15	17 1⁄2	20	25	
Cracked Concrete <sup>2,3,4</sup>	Characteristic Bond Strength <sup>5,8,9</sup>		$\tau_{k,cr}$	psi	571	495	431	377	351	342	342	
	Permitted Embedment Depth Range	Minimum	$h_{ef}$	in.	3	4	5	6	7	8	10	
		Maximum			7 1⁄2	10	12 1⁄2	15	17 1⁄2	20	25	
Bond Strength in Tension — Bond Strength Reduction Factors for Continuous Special Inspection												
Strength Reduction Factor — Dry Concrete			$\phi_{dry,ci}$	—	0.65 <sup>7</sup>							
Strength Reduction Factor — Water-Saturated Concrete — h <sub>ef</sub> ≤ 12d <sub>a</sub>			$\phi_{sat,ci}$	—	0.55 <sup>7</sup>		0.45 <sup>7</sup>					
Additional Factor for Water-Saturated Concrete — h <sub>ef</sub> ≤ 12d <sub>a</sub>			$K_{sat,ci}$ <sup>6</sup>	—	1						0.84	
Strength Reduction Factor — Water-Saturated Concrete — h <sub>ef</sub> > 12d <sub>a</sub>			$\phi_{sat,ci}$	—	0.45 <sup>7</sup>							
Additional Factor for Water-Saturated Concrete — h <sub>ef</sub> > 12d <sub>a</sub>			$k_{sat,ci}$ <sup>6</sup>	—	0.57							
Bond Strength in Tension — Bond Strength Reduction Factors for Periodic Special Inspection												
Strength Reduction Factor — Dry Concrete			$\phi_{dry,pi}$	—	0.55 <sup>7</sup>							
Strength Reduction Factor — Water-Saturated Concrete — h <sub>ef</sub> ≤ 12d <sub>a</sub>			$\phi_{sat,pi}$	—	0.45 <sup>7</sup>							
Additional Factor for Water-Saturated Concrete — h <sub>ef</sub> ≤ 12d <sub>a</sub>			$K_{sat,pi}$ <sup>6</sup>	—	1		0.93			0.71		
Strength Reduction Factor — Water-Saturated Concrete — h <sub>ef</sub> > 12d <sub>a</sub>			$\phi_{sat,pi}$	—	0.45 <sup>7</sup>							
Additional Factor for Water-Saturated Concrete — h <sub>ef</sub> > 12d <sub>a</sub>			$K_{sat,pi}$ <sup>6</sup>	—	0.48							

- The information presented in this table is to be used in conjunction with the design criteria of ACI 318-19, ACI 318-14 and ACI 318-11.
- Temperature Range: Maximum short-term temperature = 150°F, Maximum long-term temperature = 110°F.
- Short-term concrete temperatures are those that occur over short intervals (diurnal cycling).
- Long-term temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.
- For anchors that only resist wind or seismic loads, bond strengths may be increased by 72%.
- In water-saturated concrete, multiply  $\tau_{k,uncr}$  and  $\tau_{k,cr}$  by  $K_{sat}$ .
- The tabulated value of  $\phi$  applies when the load combinations from the IBC® or ACI 318 are used and the requirements of ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable, are met. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, refer to ACI 318-11 D.4.4 to determine the appropriate value of  $\phi$ .
- For anchors installed in regions assigned to Seismic Design Category C, D, E or F, the bond strength values for 7/8" anchors must be multiplied by  $\alpha_{N,seis} = 0.80$ .
- For anchors installed in regions assigned to Seismic Design Category C, D, E or F, the bond strength values for 1" anchors must be multiplied by  $\alpha_{N,seis} = 0.92$ .
- The values of  $f'_c$  used for calculation purposes must not exceed 8,000 psi (55.1 MPa) for uncracked concrete. The value of  $f'_c$  used for calculation purposes must not exceed 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) for tension resistance in cracked concrete.
- For lightweight concrete, the modification factor for bond strength shall be as given in ACI 318-19 17.2.4, ACI 318-14 17.2.6 or ACI 318-11 D.3.6, as applicable, where applicable.

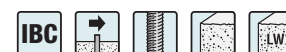
## ET-3G Tension Strength Design Data for Rebar<sup>1,9</sup>



Characteristic			Symbol	Units	Rebar Size						
					#3	#4	#5	#6	#7	#8	#10
Steel Strength in Tension											
Rebar	Minimum Tensile Stress Area		$A_{se}$	in <sup>2</sup>	0.11	0.2	0.31	0.44	0.6	0.79	1.23
	Tension Resistance of Steel — Rebar (ASTM A615 Grade 60)		$N_{sa}$	lb.	9,900	18,000	27,900	39,600	54,000	71,100	110,700
	Strength Reduction Factor — Steel Failure		$\phi$	—	0.65 <sup>7</sup>						
Concrete Breakout Strength in Tension (2,500 psi ≤ f <sub>c</sub> ≤ 8,000 psi) <sup>8</sup>											
Effectiveness Factor — Uncracked Concrete			$k_{uncr}$	—	24						
Effectiveness Factor — Cracked Concrete			$k_{cr}$	—	17						
Strength Reduction Factor — Breakout Failure			$\phi$	—	0.65 <sup>7</sup>						
Bond Strength in Tension (2,500 psi ≤ f <sub>c</sub> ≤ 8,000 psi) <sup>8</sup>											
Uncracked Concrete <sup>2,3,4</sup>	Characteristic Bond Strength <sup>5</sup>		$\tau_{k,uncr}$	psi	886	696	693	697	700	693	691
	Permitted Embedment Depth Range	Minimum	$h_{ef}$	in.	2⅜	2¾	3⅞	3½	3¾	4	5
		Maximum			7½	10	12½	15	17½	20	25
Cracked Concrete <sup>2,3,4</sup>	Characteristic Bond Strength <sup>5</sup>		$\tau_{k,cr}$	psi	361	588	541	502	453	396	264
	Permitted Embedment Depth Range	Minimum	$h_{ef}$	in.	3	4	5	6	7	8	10
		Maximum			7½	10	12½	15	17½	20	25
Bond Strength in Tension — Bond Strength Reduction Factors for Continuous Special Inspection											
Strength Reduction Factor — Dry Concrete			$\phi_{dry,ci}$	—	0.65 <sup>7</sup>						
Strength Reduction Factor — Water-Saturated Concrete – $h_{ef} \leq 12d_a$			$\phi_{sat,ci}$	—	0.55 <sup>7</sup>		0.45 <sup>7</sup>				
Additional Factor for Water-Saturated Concrete – $h_{ef} \leq 12d_a$			$K_{sat,ci}$ <sup>6</sup>	—	1						0.84
Strength Reduction Factor — Water-Saturated Concrete – $h_{ef} > 12d_a$			$\phi_{sat,ci}$	—	0.45 <sup>7</sup>						
Additional Factor for Water-Saturated Concrete – $h_{ef} > 12d_a$			$K_{sat,ci}$ <sup>6</sup>	—	0.57						
Bond Strength in Tension — Bond Strength Reduction Factors for Periodic Special Inspection											
Strength Reduction Factor — Dry Concrete			$\phi_{dry,pi}$	—	0.55 <sup>7</sup>						
Strength Reduction Factor — Water-Saturated Concrete – $h_{ef} \leq 12d_a$			$\phi_{sat,pi}$	—	0.45 <sup>7</sup>						
Additional Factor for Water-Saturated Concrete – $h_{ef} \leq 12d_a$			$K_{sat,pi}$ <sup>6</sup>	—	1		0.93			0.71	
Strength Reduction Factor — Water-Saturated Concrete – $h_{ef} > 12d_a$			$\phi_{sat,pi}$	—	0.45 <sup>7</sup>						
Additional Factor for Water-Saturated Concrete – $h_{ef} > 12d_a$			$K_{sat,pi}$ <sup>6</sup>	—	0.48						

- The information presented in this table is to be used in conjunction with the design criteria of ACI 318-19, ACI 318-14 and ACI 318-11.
- Temperature Range: Maximum short-term temperature = 150°F, Maximum long-term temperature = 110°F.
- Short-term concrete temperatures are those that occur over short intervals (diurnal cycling).
- Long-term temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.
- For anchors that only resist wind or seismic loads, bond strengths may be increased by 72%.
- In water-saturated concrete, multiply  $\tau_{k,uncr}$  and  $\tau_{k,cr}$  by  $K_{sat}$ .
- The tabulated value of  $\phi$  applies when the load combinations from the IBC® or ACI 318 are used and the requirements of ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable, are met. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, refer to ACI 318-11 D.4.4 to determine the appropriate value of  $\phi$ .
- The values of  $f'_c$  used for calculation purposes must not exceed 8,000 psi (55.1 MPa) for uncracked concrete. The value of  $f'_c$  used for calculation purposes must not exceed 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) for tension resistance in cracked concrete.
- For lightweight concrete, the modification factor for bond strength shall be as given in ACI 318-19 17.2.4, ACI 318-14 17.2.6 or ACI 318-11 D.3.6, as applicable, where applicable.

## ET-3G Shear Strength Design Data for Threaded Rod<sup>1</sup>



Characteristic			Symbol	Units	Nominal Anchor Diameter (in.)						
					3⁄8	1⁄2	5⁄8	3⁄4	7⁄8	1	1 1⁄4
Steel Strength in Shear											
Threaded Rod	Minimum Shear Stress Area	$A_{se}$	in. <sup>2</sup>	0.078	0.142	0.226	0.334	0.462	0.606	0.969	
	Shear Resistance of Steel — ASTM F1554, Grade 36	$V_{sa}$	lb.	2,260	4,940	7,865	11,625	16,080	21,090	33,720	
	Shear Resistance of Steel — ASTM A193, Grade B7			4,875	10,650	16,950	25,050	34,650	45,450	72,675	
	Shear Resistance of Steel — Type 410 Stainless (ASTM A193, Grade B6)			4,290	9,370	14,910	22,040	30,490	40,000	63,955	
	Shear Resistance of Steel — Types 304 and 316 Stainless (ASTM A193, Grade B8 & B8M)			2,225	4,855	7,730	11,420	15,800	20,725	33,140	
	Reduction for Seismic Shear — ASTM F1554, Grade 36	$\alpha_{V,seis}^3$	—	0.87	0.78	0.68				0.65	
	Reduction for Seismic Shear — ASTM A193, Grade B7			0.87	0.78	0.68				0.65	
	Reduction for Seismic Shear — Stainless (ASTM A193, Grade B6)			0.69	0.82	0.75			0.83	0.72	
	Reduction for Seismic Shear — Stainless (ASTM A193, Grade B8 & B8M)			0.69	0.82	0.75			0.83	0.72	
	Strength Reduction Factor — Steel Failure			$\phi$	—	0.65 <sup>2</sup>					
Concrete Breakout Strength in Shear											
Outside Diameter of Anchor	$d_o$	in.	0.375	0.5	0.625	0.75	0.875	1	1.25		
Load Bearing Length of Anchor in Shear	$\ell_e$	in.	Min. of $h_{ef}$ and 8 times anchor diameter								
Strength Reduction Factor — Breakout Failure	$\phi$	—	0.70 <sup>2</sup>								
Concrete Pryout Strength in Shear											
Coefficient for Pryout Strength	$k_{cp}$	—	1.0 for $h_{ef} < 2.50"$ ; 2.0 for $h_{ef} \geq 2.50"$								
Strength Reduction Factor — Pryout Failure	$\phi$	—	0.70 <sup>2</sup>								

- The information presented in this table is to be used in conjunction with the design criteria of ACI 318-19, ACI 318-14 and ACI 318-11.
- The tabulated value of  $\phi$  applies when the load combinations from the IBC® or ACI 318 are used and the requirements of ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable, are met. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, refer to ACI 318-11 D.4.4 to determine the appropriate value of  $\phi$ .
- The values of  $V_{sa}$  are applicable for both cracked concrete and uncracked concrete. For anchors installed in regions assigned to Seismic Design Category C, D, E or F,  $V_{sa}$  must be multiplied by  $\alpha_{V,seis}$  for the corresponding anchor steel type.

## ET-3G Shear Strength Design Data for Rebar<sup>1</sup>



Characteristic			Symbol	Units	Rebar Size						
					#3	#4	#5	#6	#7	#8	#10
Steel Strength in Shear											
Rebar	Minimum Shear Stress Area	$A_{se}$	in <sup>2</sup>	0.11	0.2	0.31	0.44	0.6	0.79	1.23	
	Shear Resistance of Steel — Rebar (ASTM A615 Grade 60)	$V_{sa}$	lb.	4,950	10,800	16,740	23,760	32,400	42,660	66,420	
	Reduction for Seismic Shear — Rebar (ASTM A615 Grade 60)	$\alpha_{V,seis}^3$	—	0.85	0.88	0.84		0.77		0.59	
	Strength Reduction Factor — Steel Failure	$\phi$	—	0.60 <sup>2</sup>							
Concrete Breakout Strength in Shear											
Outside Diameter of Anchor			$d_o$	in.	0.375	0.5	0.625	0.75	0.875	1	1.25
Load-Bearing Length of Anchor in Shear			$\ell_e$	in.	Min. of $h_{ef}$ and 8 times anchor diameter						
Strength Reduction Factor — Breakout Failure			$\phi$	—	0.70 <sup>2</sup>						
Concrete Pryout Strength in Shear											
Coefficient for Pryout Strength			$k_{cp}$	—	1.0 for $h_{ef} < 2.50"$ ; 2.0 for $h_{ef} \geq 2.50"$						
Strength Reduction Factor — Pryout Failure			$\phi$	—	0.70 <sup>2</sup>						

- The information presented in this table is to be used in conjunction with the design criteria of ACI 318-19, ACI 318-14 and ACI 318-11.
- The tabulated value of  $\phi$  applies when the load combinations from the IBC or ACI 318 are used and the requirements of ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable, are met. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, refer to ACI 318-11 D.4.4 to determine the appropriate value of  $\phi$ .
- The values of  $V_{sa}$  are applicable for both cracked concrete and uncracked concrete. For anchors installed in regions assigned to Seismic Design Category C, D, E or F,  $V_{sa}$  must be multiplied by  $\alpha_{V,seis}$ .

# ET-3G™ Epoxy Anchoring Adhesive



## ET-3G Development Length for Rebar Dowels



Rebar Size	Drill Bit Diameter (in.)	Clear Cover in. (mm)	Development Length, in. (mm)				
			$f'_c = 2,500$ psi (17.2 MPa) Concrete	$f'_c = 3,000$ psi (20.7 MPa) Concrete	$f'_c = 4,000$ psi (27.6 MPa) Concrete	$f'_c = 6,000$ psi (41.4 MPa) Concrete	$f'_c = 8,000$ psi (55.2 MPa) Concrete
#3 (9.5)	1/2	1 1/2 (38)	12 (305)	12 (305)	12 (305)	12 (305)	12 (305)
#4 (12.7)	5/8	1 1/2 (38)	14.4 (366)	14 (356)	12 (305)	12 (305)	12 (305)
#5 (15.9)	3/4	1 1/2 (38)	18 (457)	17 (432)	14.2 (361)	12 (305)	12 (305)
#6 (19.1)	7/8	1 1/2 (38)	21.6 (549)	20 (508)	17.1 (434)	14 (356)	13 (330)
#7 (22.2)	1	3 (76)	31.5 (800)	29 (737)	25 (635)	21 (533)	18 (457)
#8 (25.4)	1 1/8	3 (76)	36 (914)	33 (838)	28.5 (724)	24 (610)	21 (533)
#9 (28.7)	1 3/8	3 (76)	40.5 (1,029)	38 (965)	32 (813)	27 (686)	23 (584)
#10 (32.3)	1 3/8	3 (76)	45 (1,143)	42 (1,067)	35.6 (904)	30 (762)	26 (660)
#11 (35.8)	1 3/4	3 (76)	51 (1,295)	47 (1,194)	41 (1,041)	33 (838)	29 (737)

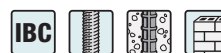
1. Tabulated development lengths are for static, wind and seismic load cases in Seismic Design Category A and B. Development lengths in SDC C through F must comply with ACI 318-19 and ACI 318-14 Chapter 18 or ACI 318-11 Chapter 12, as applicable. The value of  $f'_c$  used to calculate development lengths shall not exceed 2,500 psi in SDC C through F.
2. Rebar is assumed to be ASTM A615 Grade 60 or A706 ( $f_y = 60,000$  psi). For rebar with a higher yield strength, multiply tabulated values by  $f_y / 60,000$  psi.
3. Concrete is assumed to be normal-weight concrete. For lightweight concrete, multiply tabulated values by 1.33.
4. Tabulated values assume bottom cover of less than 12" cast below rebars ( $\Psi_1 = 1.0$ ).
5. Uncoated rebar must be used.
6. The value of  $K_{tr}$  is assumed to be 0. Refer to ACI 318-19 Section 25.4.2.4, ACI 318-14 Section 25.4.2.3 or ACI 318-11 Section 12.2.3.

## ET-3G Epoxy Anchor Installation Information — Fully Grouted CMU Construction — Face of Wall



Installation Information	Symbol	Units	Nominal Rod Diameter / Rebar Size			
			3/8" / #3	1/2" / #4	5/8" / #5	3/4" / #6
Drill Bit Diameter — Threaded Rod	$d_o$	in.	7/16	9/16	1 1/16	7/8
Drill Bit Diameter — Rebar	$d_o$	in.	1/2	5/8	3/4	7/8
Minimum Embedment Depth	$h_{ef,min}$	in.	3	3	3	3

## ET-3G Epoxy Anchor Installation Information — Fully Grouted CMU Construction — Top of Wall



Installation Information	Symbol	Units	Nominal Rod Diameter / Rebar Size		
			1/2" / #4	5/8" / #5	3/4"
Drill Bit Diameter — Threaded Rod	$d_o$	in.	9/16	1 1/16	1
Drill Bit Diameter — Rebar	$d_o$	in.	5/8	3/4	—
Minimum Embedment Depth	$h_{ef,min}$	in.	3	3	3

## ET-3G Epoxy Anchor Installation Information — Ungrouted CMU Construction



Installation Information	Symbol	Units	Nominal Rod Diameter		
			3/8"	1/2"	5/8"
Drill Bit Diameter	$d_o$	in.	9/16	3/4	7/8
Embedment Depth	$h_{ef,min}$	in.	3 1/2	3 1/2	3 1/2

Please see the ET-3G product page at [strongtie.com](http://strongtie.com) and ICC-ES ESR Report for load data.